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KELLY BROS. Nurseries, Inc.

DANSVILLE — NEW YORK

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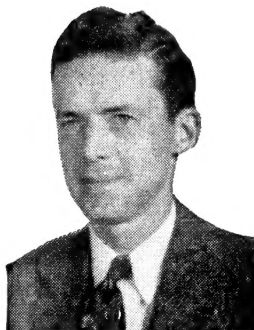
• NURSERY AND SEED CATALOG •



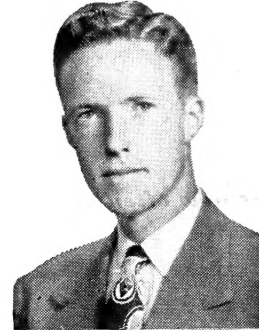
William F. Kelly
President



James B. Carmody
Vice-President



John W. Kelly
Sec'y-Treas.



Lt. William F. Kelly, Jr.
Vice-President



Lt. Edward T. Kelly
1919-1945

Order By Mail for Quick, Sure, Friendly Service

1. Order now for shipment at planting time.
2. Unless you specify a specific date, we will ship at the proper planting time in your section.
3. An envelope on which we pay postage is enclosed for your convenience.
4. For ordering, please use order blanks enclosed. Letters should be written separately to avoid confusion and mistakes, and to insure prompt reply.
5. Our terms are **Net Cash** with order. Unless otherwise specified, prices are F.O.B. Dansville.
6. If you wish to have us prepay shipping charges, please add 5% to the amount of your order.

DEAR FRIENDS:

Once again it is my privilege and pleasure to thank the thousands of satisfied customers who buy their nursery stock from us each year. We want you to know that we appreciate the confidence you show in us, and assure you that we spare no effort to supply you with the finest nursery stock your money can buy. We are especially happy to welcome each year a large group of new friends into our family of satisfied customers. Many of you send your first order to us because of the success some friend or neighbor has had with Kelly nursery stock. We are very proud of the record we have established over the years for supplying strong, healthy trees and plants which grow well and produce lots of fruit. Our interest in your purchase of Kelly nursery stock does not end when the order is shipped. The free Planting Guide, which is sent with each order, has been very carefully prepared and gives accurate and complete instructions for planting. By following its instructions, you are assured of maximum success with your Kelly stock. In addition, if you have any questions pertaining to selection of varieties, cultural information, or after-care not covered in the Planting Guide, please feel free to write us. We grow and ship you only top quality Nursery Stock and we are anxious for you to get the best possible results from it.

Yours very truly,

William F. Kelly
KELLY BROTHERS NURSERIES, Inc.

Ripening Dates

With our descriptions of varieties, we've indicated the approximate ripening date at which fruit is ripe and ready to eat in Western New York. This date will vary with the season and in different sections of the East. The fruit may ripen a few days to a week earlier or later.

How to Remit

Send Cash with Order—We will ship C.O.D. provided one-fourth the amount of order is sent in cash when order is placed. We cannot accept orders for less than \$1.00.

Quantity Rates

Take advantage of our lower rates for quantity purchases. For less than 10 trees remit at each rate; 10 to 50 trees of one sort such as Apples, varieties alike or assorted entitles you to the 10 rate. An order for 50 or more trees of one sort, varieties alike or assorted, entitles you to the low 100 rate.

Nearby Customers

For the convenience of customers within driving distance of Dansville, we are open on Sundays during April and May from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M. In the Fall, during October, we are open the same hours.

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Refer to pages 26 and 27 for answers to questions you might have about planting nursery stock

OUR REFERENCES

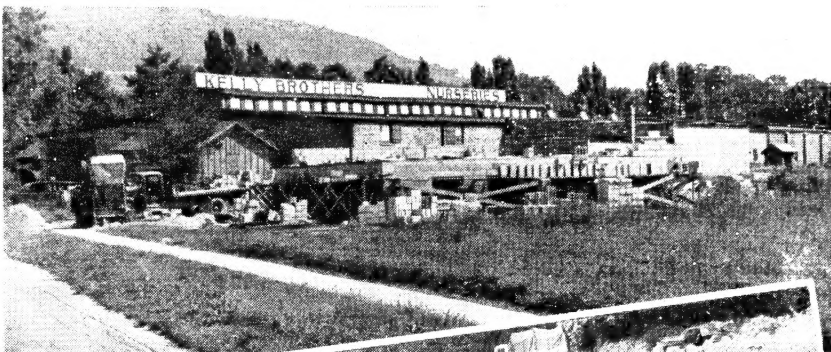
As to our responsibility and reliability, we refer you to the Merchants and Farmers Bank, Dansville, N. Y.; Groveland State Bank, Groveland, N. Y.; Security Trust Co., Dansville, N. Y.; to any person whose letter appears in this catalog, or to your State Experiment Station or College.

HOW TO PLANT

With every order we will send absolutely free a book which, by word and picture, will show just how to plant a tree or shrub.



We are Members of the
American Ass'n of Nurserymen
New York State Nurserymen's
Ass'n
National Mail Order Nursery-
men's Ass'n



Our Guarantee

(1) We guarantee delivery to customer in first-class condition of all nursery stock. If, through delay or mishandling in transit, all is not in first-class condition on arrival, notify us immediately and we will make prompt, satisfactory adjustment, with a replacement or prompt refund of your remittance.

(2) We guarantee our nursery stock to be true-to-name. We strive to avoid mistakes, but should any stock prove untrue to name as sold, we agree to replace such stock or refund purchase price.

(3) We guarantee to deliver well-grown trees and plants, which, if properly handled and planted, will grow. However, if, due to unfavorable weather, such as drought, excess rainfall, or other conditions over which we have no control, they fail to grow, we will replace at half price, the following season — you to notify us not later than July 15th.

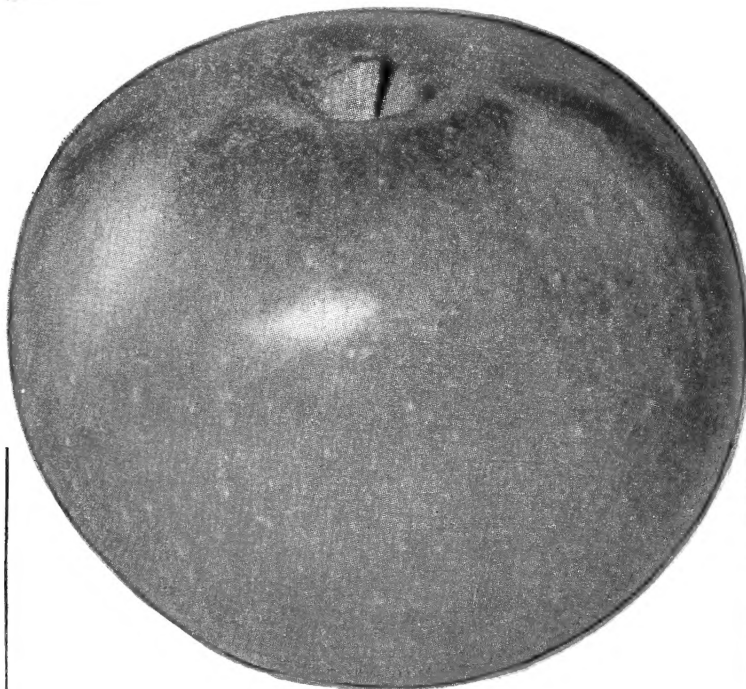
Views of Our Nurseries, Summer 1947

- 1—Combining wheat. Crop rotation is important to keep our soil in A-1 condition.
- 2—Picture of our modern Cold Storage. Over 30,000 square feet. In the foreground our new office under construction which will be occupied by January 1st.
- 3—Labor is a big part of the cost in growing nursery stock. In this one field budding Peaches, there is a gang of 50 men.
- 4—Spraying is an important part of our program in growing quality nursery stock.
- 5—Note the height and healthy foliage of this block of Peach trees.
- 6—William F. Kelly, Sr., inspecting a block of Apple trees.
- 7—A block of 1 year trees. Note the vigorous growth.

PRICES OF KELLY'S INSPECTED APPLE TREES

Choice of Varieties—Alike or Assorted	1-9 Each	10-49 Each	50 or more Each
2 year, 5-6 feet	\$1.85	\$1.55	\$1.15
2 year, 4-5 feet	1.45	1.20	.90
2 year, 3-4 feet	1.20	1.00	.75
1 year, large, 4-6 feet	1.45	1.20	.90

Kelly's



Cortland

A comparatively new Apple of the McIntosh type that combines the high quality and flavor of the McIntosh, the ability to stand handling of the Baldwin and tendency to hang to the tree of the Ben Davis. Should be planted extensively. An excellent variety to plant with McIntosh as a cross pollinator. The fruit of Cortland is as large or larger than that of McIntosh, round to somewhat conical in shape. In color it is a bright red, blushed with darker red, splashed and striped with carmine and more or less overlaid with a deep purplish bloom.

October-February

Whether you have room for only a few trees in your backyard, or plan to plant a large orchard . . . you'll get best results with **Kelly's Apples**. We say this with confidence, because **our trees are grown under the most exacting conditions for your protection!** Starting with a whole root seedling our trees are propagated by the budding method . . . the best and most expensive way. Each year we go direct to commercial bearing orchards to cut our bud wood from trees that show best color and bearing qualities. This is what gives **Kelly's Trees** the good foundation that assures you of permanent, healthy growth, disease-free trees and heavy crops year after year. We recommend following varieties as most profitable to the planter.

SUMMER VARIETIES

Months listed after description indicate the time at which the fruit is at its best for general use. Dates indicate time of ripening.

LODI See page 5 for description and illustration.

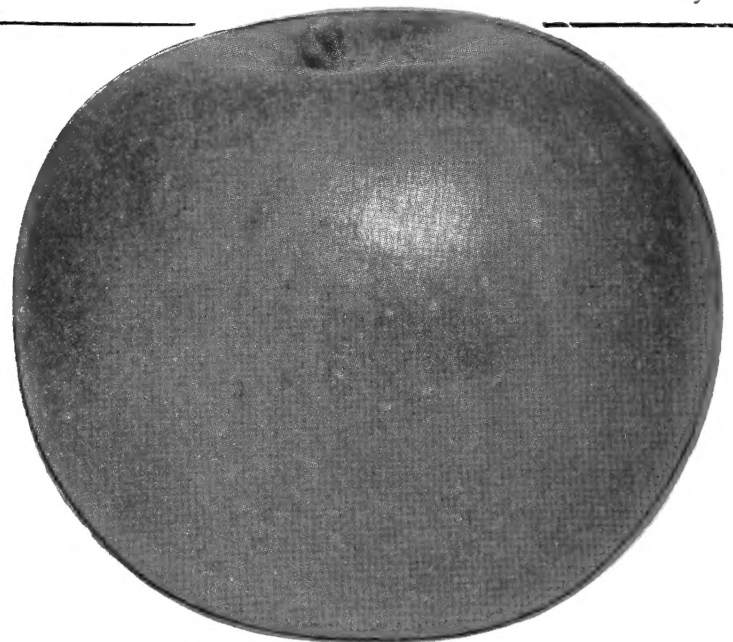
RED ASTRACHAN. One of the best of the Summer varieties, as it becomes fully ripe and ready for home use from late July to August. Fruit very handsome, large, round, nearly covered with deep crimson, overspread with thick bloom; juicy and good though rather acid. Tree medium size, yielding good crops August 2nd-6th

RED DUCHESS. A solid red strain of the Old Duchess of Oldenburg. One of the hardiest varieties grown. Fruit is large-striped red in color. A good, early bearing Apple. Vigorous grower. Regular and prolific bearer. Excellent for pies and sauces August 5th-10th

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Fruit of good size; skin clear white turning to pale yellow; flavor acid and very good, making it excellent for cooking. Begins to ripen sometime in July and continues for 3 or 4 weeks. Trees upright and a very early and abundant bearer. August 3rd-7th

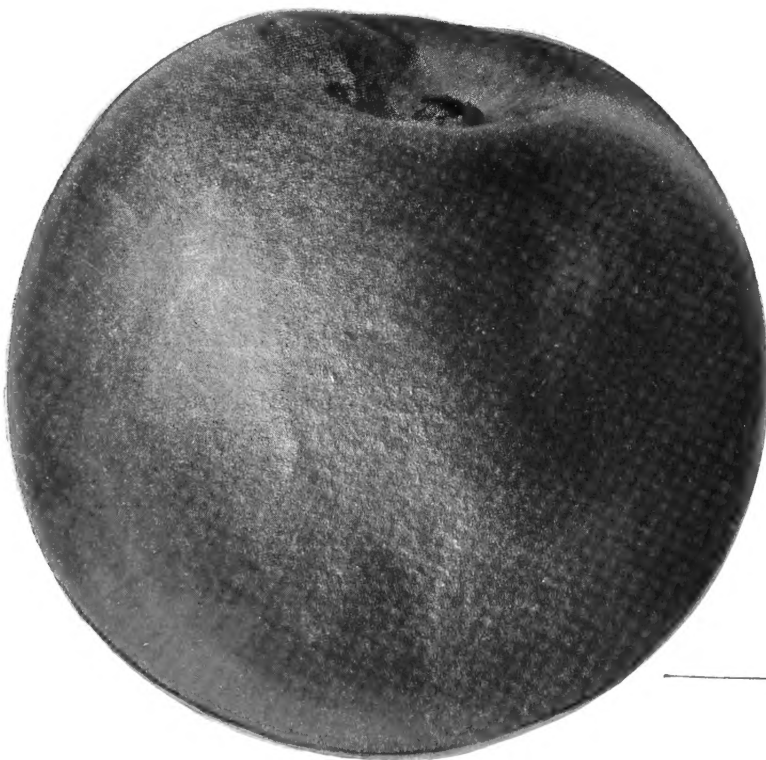
Red Rome

A new sport of Rome Beauty, and like Gallia Beauty is identical with its parent in all characteristics except fruit is a solid red color. December-May



Red Gravenstein

New red sport much more attractive than its parent. Differs from old Gravenstein being solid dark red in color. Is a better keeper and hangs better on the tree. Should be planted in place of Gravenstein. September 10th-15th



Apples

**True-to-Name, Inspected
Heavy-bearing, Healthy Trees**

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Descriptions indicate approximate date at which fruit ripens in Western New York

EARLY McINTOSH *See below for description*

FALL PIPPIN. Very large and when fully ripe has an attractive, yellow color. The flesh is tender, rich and very good in quality, being excellent for dessert and especially desirable for culinary purposes. Does not ripen uniformly, part of crop being fully ripe and ready to use while balance will be hard and green. Trees hardy and productive. *September 15th-25th*

MILTON. A handsome, new Apple of the McIntosh type, but ripens a month earlier, about the time of Wealthy. Bright, pinkish red, large, flesh tender, very white with a refreshing aroma. An early and annual bearer. Excellent for home and roadside markets.

RED GRAVENSTEIN *See page 4 for description and illustration*

TWENTY OUNCE. Fruit very large, yellow and red. Juicy and crisp, sub-acid. Tree is vigorous and productive. **1 yr. trees only.** *October-February*

WEALTHY. Beautiful, moderate-sized, brilliant red Apple, fine quality. One of the best of its season. Is relatively a good keeper. Owing to hardiness of tree, its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habits can be profitably planted as a filler. *September 15th-20th*

WINTER VARIETIES

Months listed after descriptions indicate the time at which the fruit is at its best for general use

BALDWIN. Long a favorite with commercial orchardists for which no substitute has yet been found. Yields large crops and is an excellent shipper. Highly regarded as an eating and cooking Apple, having a flavor all its own. Fruit is large, bright red, crisp, juicy, and rich. Tree vigorous and productive. *December-March*

CORTLAND *See page 4 for description and illustration*

DOUBLE RED DELICIOUS. Very fine colored solid red strain of Delicious, resembling its parent in all characteristics except color. *November-March*

DELICIOUS, RED *See page 7 for description and illustration.*

GOLDEN RUSSET. The best russet Apple for home use. Keeps well. Attractive, yellow russeted Apple. Desirable for home use during Spring months before small fruits ripen. Excellent for cider. Tree is hardy. An old favorite. *November-April*

GRIMES GOLDEN. An Apple of fine quality. Fruit medium to large, bright yellow flesh. Juicy and fine flavored. Tree vigorous grower, hardy and productive. *November-February*

POLLINATION: Varieties such as McIntosh, R. I. Greening, Red Gravenstein and Northern Spy set little fruit without the assistance of an efficient pollinator. Good varieties to use for pollination are Cortland, Wealthy, Delicious, and Macoun. It is always best to plant 2 or more varieties to take care of this problem.

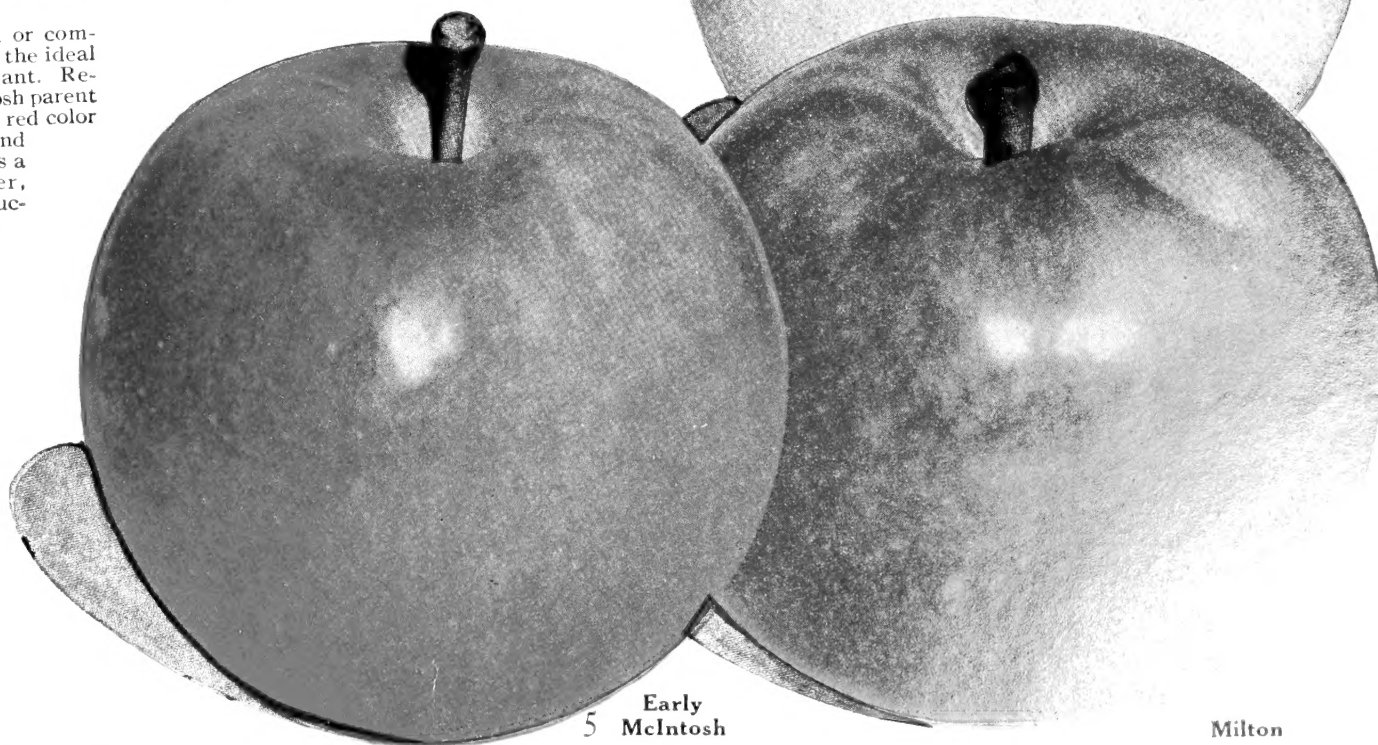
LODI

A new fruit that closely resembles one of its parents, Yellow Transparent, but the fruits are larger and ripen a little later. An annual bearer that is becoming a commercial variety. Tends to bear young. *August 10th-15th*

Lodi

EARLY McINTOSH

For home orchard or commercial use this is the ideal early variety to plant. Resembles its McIntosh parent with its handsome red color and uniform, round shape. The tree is a vigorous grower, hardy and productive. Tends to be a biennial bearer, although for annual crops early thinning is recommended. Under favorable conditions of growth it comes into bearing at an early age. Besides pleasing the taste, this early Apple pleases the eye. The flesh is white, tender and juicy with fine flavor. Ideal dessert Apple. *August 15th-25th.*



5 Early McIntosh

Milton

Prices on KELLY'S INSPECTED APPLE TREES

Choice of Varieties—Alike or Assorted

	1-9	10-49	50 or more
	Each	Each	Each
2 Year, 5-6 ft.	\$1.85	\$1.55	\$1.15
2 Year, 4-5 ft.	1.45	1.20	.90
2 Year, 3-4 ft.	1.20	1.00	.75
1 Year, Large, 4-6 ft.	1.45	1.20	.90

WINTER VARIETIES—Continued

JONATHAN. A very beautiful Apple, of a brilliant red color, highly flavored and of excellent quality for dessert or culinary use. Good family sort as well as highly profitable for market. Tree generally bears early, productive and long lived. *November–April*

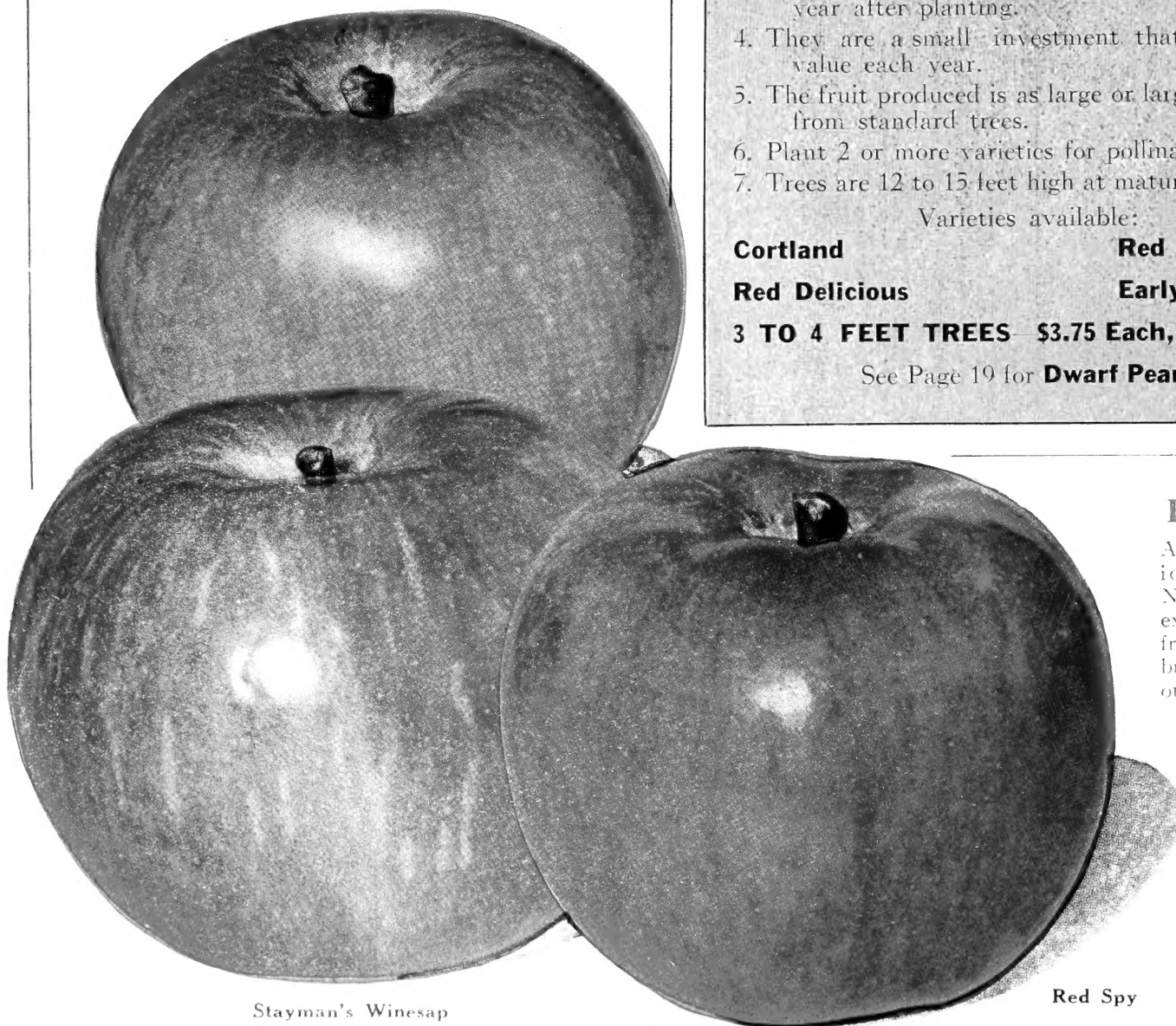
MACOUN See below for description and illustration

McINTOSH RED See page 7 for description and illustration

MACOUN

A late McIntosh type Apple ripening about 10 days later than McIntosh. Dark red with whitish, close-grained flesh. Fine quality. A heavy and regular bearer. Introduced and recommended by the New York State Experiment Station.

November



Stayman's Winesap

Red Spy

KELLY'S *Inspected*

WINTER VARIETIES—Continued

NORTHERN SPY. Easily ranks among the very best Winter Apples. A leading commercial variety, well known, having a well established reputation on the market. Fruit is large, very attractive, being of bright red color with a pronounced bloom. Flesh is juicy, crisp and excellent for dessert or culinary purposes. Brings high prices on the market. Keeps well in storage until April or later. *November–April*

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. A large and superior Winter Apple that is famous over a large extent of country. As a cooking Apple it is unsurpassed, and as a dessert fruit of its season, has few equals. It is a good keeper but keeps better if picked early. This Greening is a beautiful yellow color when ripe and an abundant yielder. Tree is long-lived, hardy and does well on fertile, gravelly or sandy loam with well drained clay subsoil. *December–April*

DWARF APPLE TREES

THE DELIGHT OF EVERY HOME ORCHARD

You will enjoy these little trees—plant several this year. Here are the facts about them.

1. All budded on Famous Malling Root-Stock 1.
2. Can be planted 18 to 20 feet apart.
3. Most varieties start producing fruit first or second year after planting.
4. They are a small investment that increase in value each year.
5. The fruit produced is as large or larger than that from standard trees.
6. Plant 2 or more varieties for pollination.
7. Trees are 12 to 15 feet high at maturity.

Varieties available:

Cortland

Red McIntosh

Red Delicious

Early McIntosh

3 TO 4 FEET TREES—\$3.75 Each, 3 for \$10.50

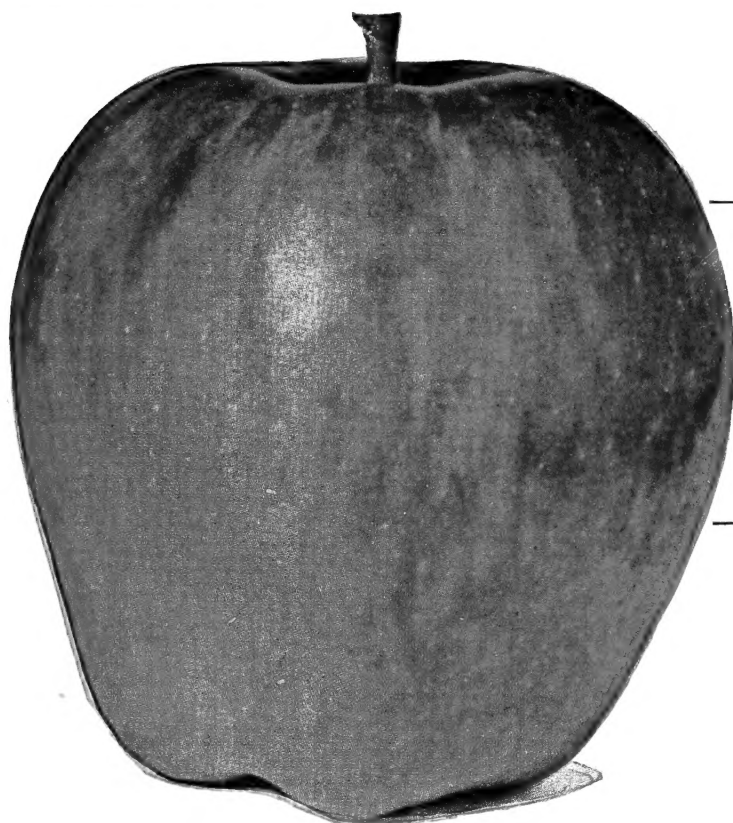
See Page 19 for **Dwarf Pears**

RED SPY

A new red sport identical with Northern Spy, except that the fruit is a solid bright red without either stripe or splashes. Much handsomer than its parent. An excellent commercial sort. Tree is hardy and productive.

November–May.

APPLE TREES



Statement of Inspection for Trueness-To-Name

Amherst, Mass.
July 23, 1947

To Whom It May Concern:

All of the one to three year old apple, pear, plum and sweet cherry varieties propagated and now growing in the nurseries of Kelly Brothers' Nurseries, Dansville, New York, have been examined by the Massachusetts Trueness-to-name Inspection Service. To the best of our knowledge, these trees are true to name as they now stand in the nursery row.

J. K. SHAW

Research Professor of Pomology

Red DELICIOUS **TENDER, CRISP, KING OF ALL RED APPLES**

A large, dark red Apple, with crisp, fine grained flesh of excellent quality and flavor. A splendid keeper and shipper. Tree one of the hardiest. A vigorous grower with good foliage. A regular annual bearer. Excellent for eating and the most popular fruit stand Apple. Packs well in boxes and bushels, always bringing high prices on the leading markets and in strong demand by the best trade.

December-March

WINTER VARIETIES—Continued

ROME BEAUTY. Yellow and red striped Apple of excellent quality. Prolific annual bearer. Early bearer and good keeper. Profitable commercial sort for New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia. December-May.

STAYMAN'S WINESAP

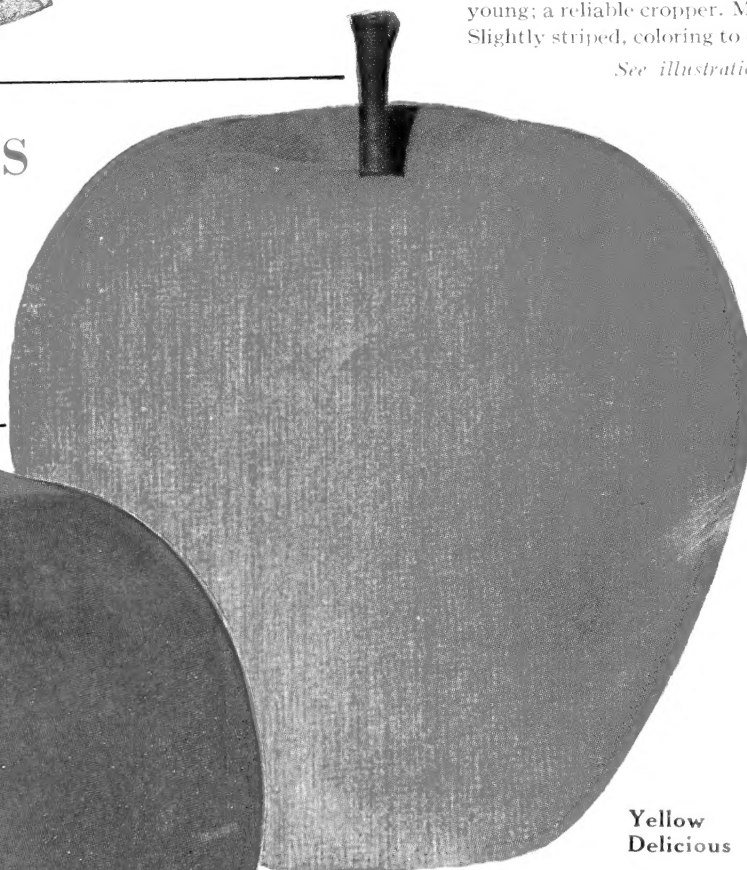
Tree moderately vigorous. Comes into bearing young; a reliable cropper. Medium to large size fruit. Slightly striped, coloring to dull red. December-March

See illustration page 6.

YELLOW DELICIOUS

A bright, golden yellow Apple of excellent quality. Firm, crisp, and very juicy. Splendid keeper. Bears young and heavily. Many growers say this is the finest yellow Apple.

October to April



SWEET DELICIOUS. The best sweet Apple to grow. Attractive, dark red; large, excellent quality, with the aroma of Delicious mingled with its honeyed sweetness. An annual bearer. Keeps well throughout the Winter. Recommended for a dessert and baking variety.

December-April

TOLMAN SWEET. Fruit is generally esteemed for certain culinary purposes and baking. Yellow, tinged with red. Very sweet; hardy and productive.

November-April

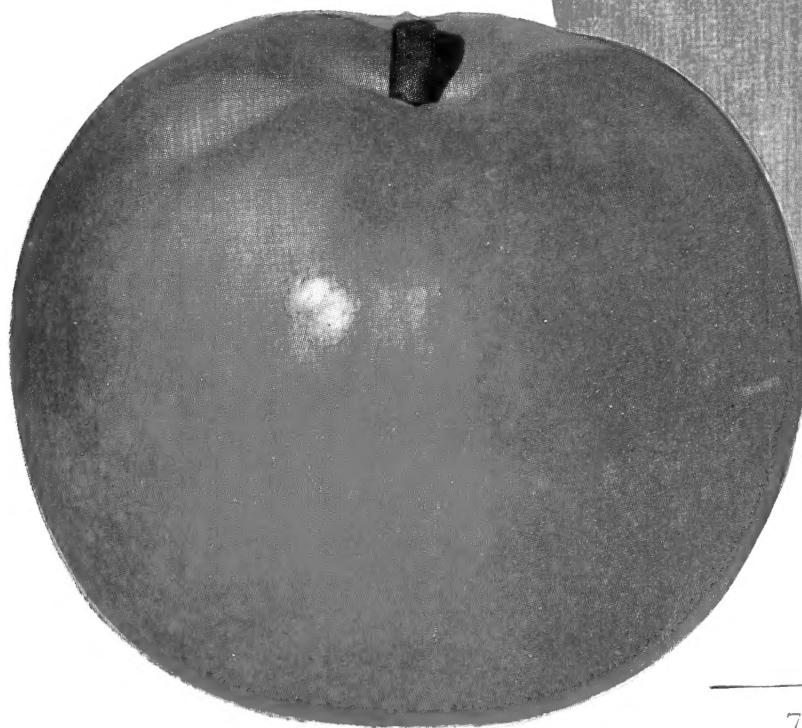
YELLOW DELICIOUS. See illustration and description on this page.

Yellow
Delicious

RED McINTOSH **(SOLID RED STRAIN)**

Without doubt the leading commercial variety of New York and the New England States. A very attractive red Apple of the highest quality. Hardy, bears young and annually. Flesh white, fine, very tender, juicy and refreshing, with attractive flavor. It is especially desirable for fancy trade.

October-January





**If Your Space
Is Limited**

Plant one or two of these novel trees. You will have a variety of Apples maturing over a long season. Desirable as an ornamental and shade tree, as well as for its fruit.

5-n-1 Apple Tree

**Scientifically Budded to Produce Five Kinds of
APPLE VARIETIES—All on One Tree During
the Season**

To meet the request of our customers, we are propagating fruit trees with five varieties budded on the top. We offer these "One-Tree Orchards" as a novelty — and for our customers with limited planting space.

**YELLOW DELICIOUS RED ROME BEAUTY
RED DELICIOUS STAYMAN'S WINESAP
YELLOW TRANSPARENT**

Five delicious varieties of Apples on one tree, providing fresh fruit all season.

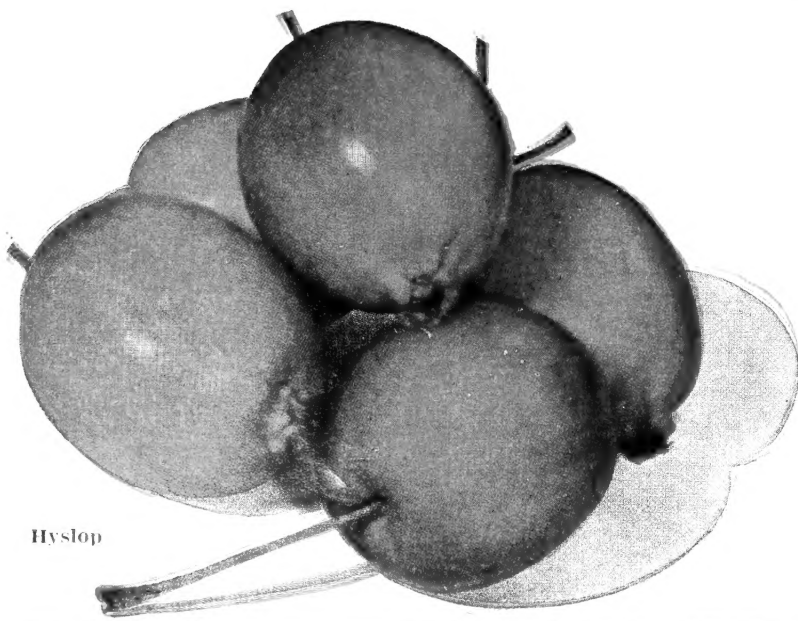
**2-YEAR
4 TO 6 FEET**

**WELL
BRANCHED
TREES**

ONLY

\$3.15

EACH



Hyslop

Grow CRAB APPLES

FOR FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL EFFECT

HYSLOP

Fruit large, very brilliantly colored, dark red or purplish overspread with thick, blue bloom, borne in attractive clusters. The tree is a good grower, very hardy, and a reliable cropper yielding good crops biennially or in some cases annually. It is desirable both for home use and for market. One of the best known and most widely propagated varieties. *September 15th-25th*

DOLGO CRAB

A handsome red Crab Apple. Vigorous and productive. Very juicy, jellies easily, and makes a rich, ruby red jelly of beautiful color and excellent flavor. Makes exceptionally good cider. *September 1st-10th*

Prices same as on Standard Apple Trees

APRICOTS

**SO DELICIOUS FOR
JAMS AND SAUCES**

Moorpark

You'll like this attractive variety. High quality and fine flavor. Fruit is large, deep yellow, with a red cheek. Grows to about the same size as a Peach tree. *Ripens Mid-August*

Montgamet

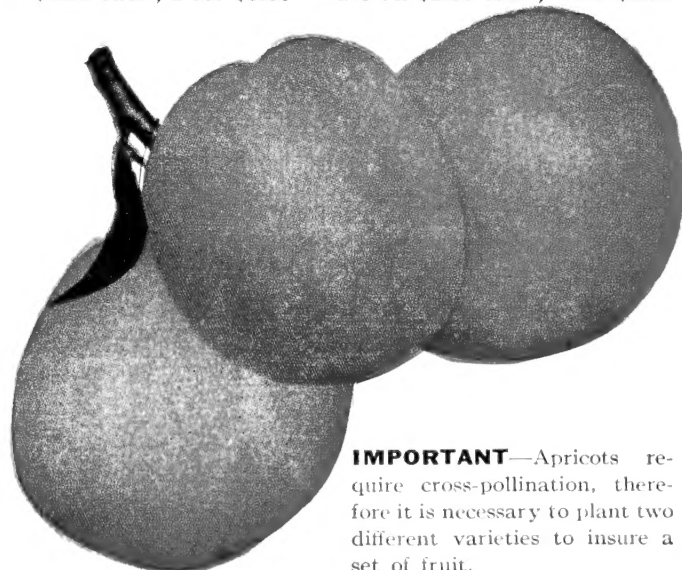
One of the best varieties for canning and preserving. Fruit averages small in size but excellent quality. Color deep yellow. Flesh firm, rather tart flavor and reddish color. Free-stone. Ripens early in season.

Early Golden

A new Freestone variety, which possesses a fine flavor. Skin is smooth—fuzzless, and pale orange in color. Medium to large in size—makes an excellent variety to plant with Moorpark.

SELECT BRANCHED TREES:

3-4 ft. \$2.00 each, 2 for \$3.85 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each, 2 for \$2.75



IMPORTANT—Apricots require cross-pollination, therefore it is necessary to plant two different varieties to insure a set of fruit.



Plant
Patent
No.
567

The Fowler Peach

SOLD ONLY BY

Kelly Bros. Nurseries

Prices

This new Peach was first developed by Mr. George R. Fowler of Marlboro, N. Y. several years ago. Awarded Patent No. 567 in 1943.

It is a large, yellow Peach of the Elberta type, very hardy. Tree of vigorous growth and exceptionally disease-resistant.

Fruit matures a week later than Elberta, ripening evenly. Firm, thick-skinned and excellent shipper. Fine flavor and practically fuzzless.

Thoroughly tested and sure to be a widely planted variety for both home orchard and commercial growing.

	1-9 Each	10 to 49 Each	50 or more Each
1 yr., 4-5 feet..	\$1.65	\$1.30	\$0.95
1 yr., 3-4 feet..	1.40	1.10	.80
1 yr., 2-3 feet..	1.25	1.00	.70

**For Flavor, Color,
Size and Quality
Plant This**

Kelly's



Elberta—The Money Maker

Leader of all Peaches and the greatest commercial variety on the market; 50% of the Peaches planted are Elberta. In all probability no Peach will succeed over so wide a range of territory as this kind; it will thrive where any Peach can be grown. A beautiful Peach of good quality, not only the best orchard variety but also valuable for planting in the garden. Elberta is hardier in bud than many varieties, therefore a more uniform cropper. It is large, yellow with red cheek, juicy, high flavor. Flesh yellow; freestone. Season medium early following quickly upon Early Crawford. *Sept. 15th-20th.*

BELLE OF GEORGIA. Large, attractive, white-fleshed Peach. Red cheek. Hardy and productive. Freestone. *September 3rd-7th*

CRAWFORD'S EARLY. Large, yellow Peach. Of the finest quality and flavor. Freestone. *September 6th-10th*

CRAWFORD'S LATE. One of the finest late varieties. Large-yellow; of excellent quality. Freestone. *September 25th-28th*

EARLY ELBERTA. An excellent, new variety, resembling Elberta very closely, except a little rounder in shape and about 10 days earlier in ripening. Freestone. *Sept. 6th-10th*

J. H. HALE. An extra large Peach, yellow, overlaid with crimson, flesh golden yellow, of delicious flavor. An excellent shipper. A fine commercial variety. Prolific when cross pollenized with some other variety. All of the varieties offered in this catalog are suitable for planting with Hale. Freestone. *September 17th-21st*

HALE-HAVEN

Marvelous new Peach, a result of crossing the famous J. H. Hale with South Haven. A large, beautiful colored, yellow fleshed Peach, ripens approximately 10 days to 2 weeks ahead of Elberta. Perfect freestone, strong grower, good shipper, and a prolific, heavy bearer. The tree is hardy and fruit is of the highest quality. Has extremely high color which is present several days before the fruit ripens, thus allowing early picking for distant shipments. Should be included in every planting. *September 1st-5th*

Peaches can be grown on any soil that will produce the average yield of farm crops and are especially adapted to the lighter soils. Careful cultivation and intelligent pruning will work wonders in the production of Peaches. If properly cared for, the trees are sure to bring in a handsome return on your investment. As in other fruits it is imperative, however, that your trees are of the best stock. It is very important that wood growth on Peach trees is well ripened and that they have a good and sufficient quantity of fibrous roots, so they will withstand the hot sun and drought that may occur after planting.

Dates after each description indicate approximate ripening season in Western New York. Season varies in different sections of the East, but this will give you an approximate idea when to expect the fruit to be ripe.

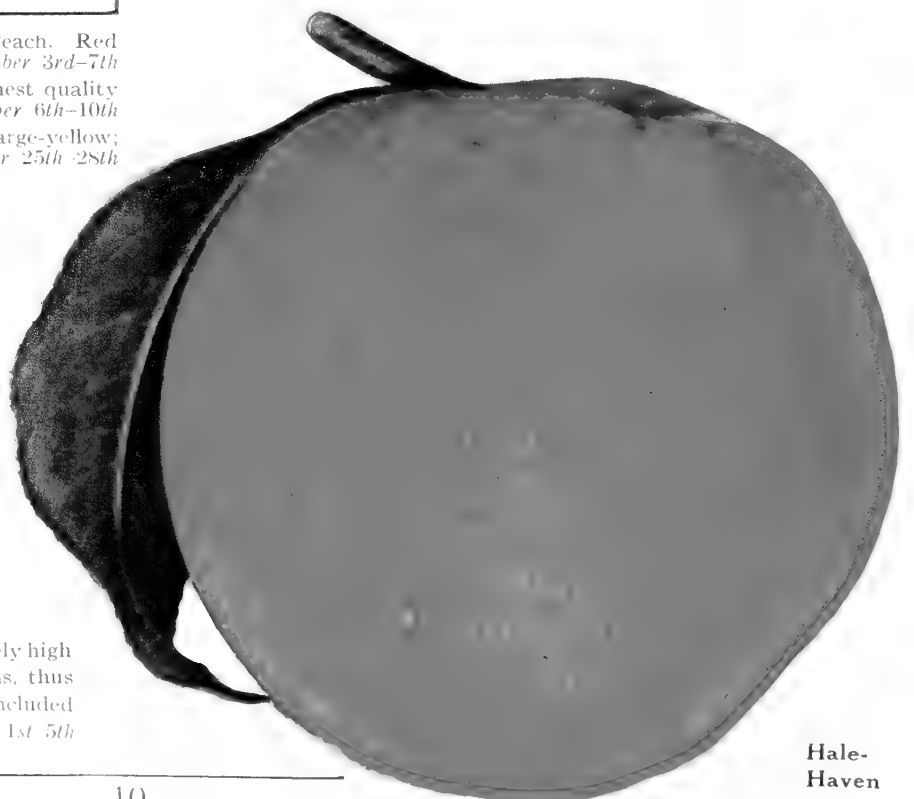
PRICES OF PEACH TREES EXCEPT FOWLER

Choice of Varieties—	1-9	10-49	50 or more
Alike or Assorted	Each	Each	Each
1 year, 5-6 feet.....	\$1.85	\$1.55	\$1.25
1 year, 4-5 feet.....	1.45	1.20	.90
1 year, 3-4 feet.....	1.20	1.00	.75
1 year, 2-3 feet.....	1.05	.90	.60

MARIGOLD. One of the newer, early varieties. Yellow. Excellent quality. Semi-cling. Excellent for roadside markets. *August 12th-17th*

MIKADO. Most popular, very early yellow. Hardy, productive. Ripens about six weeks ahead of Elberta. Blossoms self sterile, needs to be interplanted. *August 3rd-8th*

ORIOLE. A new, early Peach of high quality. Fruit medium to large in size. Yellow fleshed and a Freestone. Trees vigorous and productive. One of the hardiest varieties. *August 15th-20th*



Hale-Haven

Peaches

Redhaven

A new, desirable, early Peach that has been thoroughly tested and found highly satisfactory. Introduced by the South Haven Experiment Station, it has the fine flavor of the South Haven and Hale-Haven. When other early Peaches are still green, this Peach is a bright red and ready to ship before it is fully ripe. A Peach to plant for real profit. Hardy. Freestone. Self-pollenizing and a prolific yielder.

August 20th-25th

ROCHESTER. An early Peach of the highest quality and most delicious flavor. Large, yellow with attractive red blush. A very fine canner, prolific, and an early bearer. Freestone. Hardier in bud than most varieties. Ideal for cold sections. August 29th-September 3rd

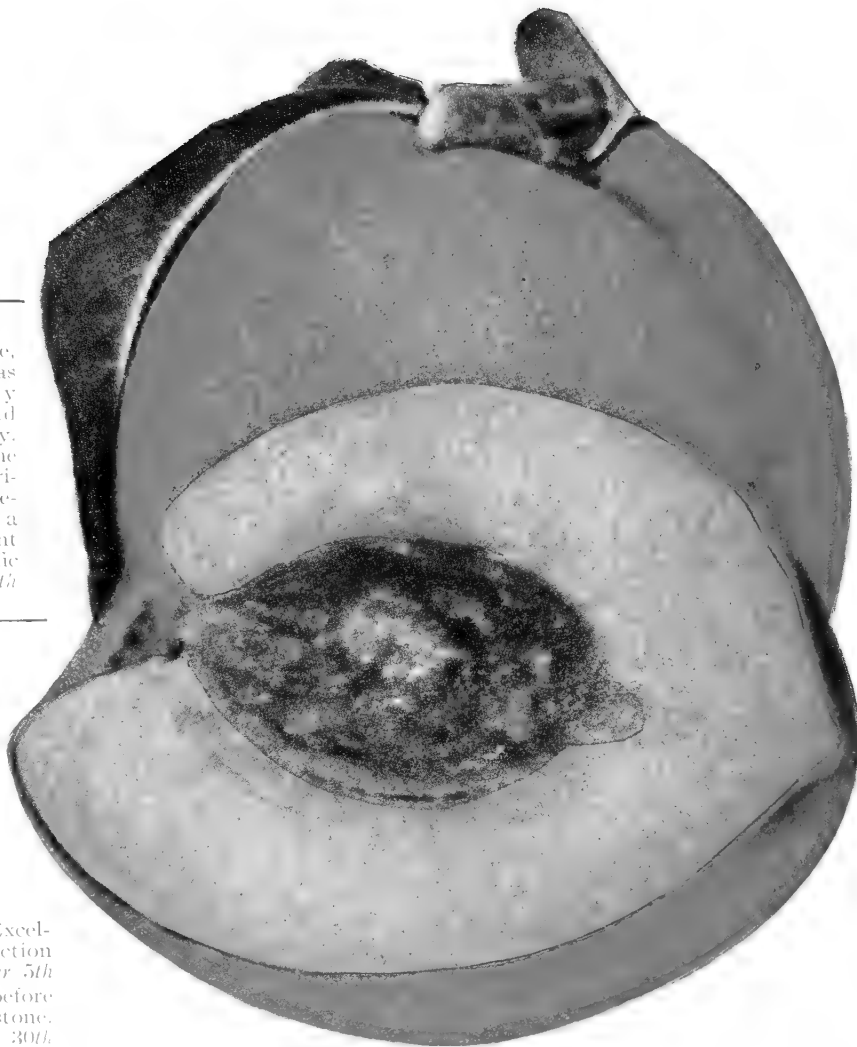
SHIPPER'S LATE RED. A rather late variety that is fast becoming prominent; ripens few days after Elberta. Large yellow flesh, attractive, highly colored freestone Peach of J. H. Hale Type. Ours is true strain. Buds cut from checked bearing orchards.

SOUTH HAVEN. Another excellent Peach, well worth planting. Golden yellow with red blush. Large, meaty and delicious flavor. Prolific. Freestone. August 25th-September 1st

VALIANT. Large, yellow Freestone. Juicy, very good quality. Excellent producer and fine canner. Quite hardy in bud. An introduction from Canada. August 28th-September 5th

VEDETTE. Ripens a few days before Valiant and three weeks before Elberta. Fruit is large, roundish oval, yellow fleshed, and a freestone. Superior quality and color. August 25th-30th

VETERAN. Large, round, yellow fleshed fruit. Freestone. Since it ripens a few days later than Valiant it makes a desirable sort to follow that variety; hardier in bud than most varieties. Ideal for cold sections. August 30th-September 4th.



Redhaven

The Sensational GOLDEN JUBILEE

We recommend this New Jersey Experiment Station introduction. Comparatively new, but widely planted. Is a real money maker. Quite hardy, resists excessive cold. Sure cropper, after severe Winters and heavy frosts. Golden Jubilee is without equal as an early large, yellow Freestone of highest quality. Flesh is yellow, tender, juicy, and sweet. Ideal for home use and roadside market sales. August 20th-25th

Golden Jubilee

NECTARINE

Sure Crop

Sure Crop was imported from New Zealand by the United States Department of Agriculture, and so far, is the most promising Nectarine at the New York Experiment Station. The tree is vigorous and productive. The fruits are large, roundish, white, and overlaid with very attractive red. The flesh is firm, tender, free from the stone, and very pleasing in flavor. Late, midseason.

If only one Nectarine can be grown, **Sure Crop** should be selected.

Large Branched, 3-4 feet... \$1.75 each

POLLINATION With the exception of **Mikado** and **J. H. Hale**, all the varieties we offer are self-fertile.

CULTURAL INFORMATION Please refer to pages 22 to 27 for helpful suggestions on planting Nursery Stock.





Kelly's

STURDY, UPLAND-GROWN

PRICES ON SWEET CHERRY TREES

Choice of Varieties—	1-9	10-49	50 or more
Alike or Assorted	Each	Each	Each
1 year, 4-5 feet	\$1.85	\$1.55	\$1.25
1 year, 3-4 feet	1.50	1.25	1.00

We strongly recommend the planting of 1-year-old Sweet Cherry trees. We know from 68 years' experience that 1-year-old Sweet Cherries transplant much more successfully than 2-year-old trees. Having a more complete root system in proportion to the top, they withstand shock of transplanting better, make an earlier start and a much more vigorous growth the first 2 or 3 years after planting.

← Emperor Francis

The Queen of All Sweet Cherries

Recognized as one of the newer leading Sweet Cherries for home and commercial orchards. This high quality Cherry resembles Napoleon in size and color except that it becomes a little darker. *Ripens around July 4th.* Sold at same prices as regular varieties.

← SCHMIDT'S BIGGAREAU

A midseason black Sweet Cherry. **Considered one of the best large varieties of its season.** Delicious to eat, fresh and canned; very attractive. Fruit grows in clusters. Keeps well; is an excellent shipper. In size it is usually unsurpassed by any black Cherry in the East. *Ripens around July 10th.*

BLACK TARTARIAN

Well known, popular Sweet Cherry; very large, bright purplish black, juicy; has a rich flavor. Excellent for canning; a good shipper. Trees are remarkably vigorous, erect growers, produce immense crops. *Ripening date June 30th-July 4th.*

← NAPOLEON (Royal Anne)

A choice, sweet Yellow Cherry of highest quality known as White Oxheart. Good for market and canning. Pale yellow with attractive bright red cheek; flesh firm, flavor rich, sweet. Fruit keeps well so fruit dealers like it for market; trees productive, come into bearing early. *Ripening date July 7th-10th.*

LAMBERT

Follows Black Giant close in season, largest and best of the late purplish red, firm fleshed varieties. Rich flavored, produces an enormous crop every year. Sells at good prices on the market after other varieties are gone. Excellent shipper. *Ripening date July 18th-25th.*

← Windsor

One of the best quality dark Cherries, often referred to as Black Oxheart. Has pinkish flesh and almost black skin. Large, juicy, firm. Delicious to eat, fresh and **wonderful for canning.** Used extensively for fancy preserving. Tree grows upright and is a rapid and vigorous grower. A good commercial variety. *Ripening date July 20th-26th.*

BLACK GIANT

Was introduced by Luther Burbank in 1914. Tree is large, vigorous, very productive. Cherries are attractive in size and color; the crop is late, coming in season just before Lambert which the black fruits resemble in size and color. Quality is splendid and cherries are less subject to cracking than Bing. Giant is one of Burbank's most notable productions.

Many people often ask which varieties we would suggest for planting. We highly recommend **Windsor, Emperor Francis, Napoleon, Schmidt's Biggareau.** Each one pollinates the other, any combination of 2 or more gives desired results.

Cherries

TREES OF BEST QUALITY

PRICES ON SOUR CHERRY TREES

Choice of Varieties	1-9	10-49	50 or more
Alike or Assorted	Each	Each	Each
2 year, 4-5 feet.....	\$2.25	\$1.85	\$1.30
2 year, 3-4 feet.....	1.95	1.65	1.10
1 year, large branched .	1.95	1.65	1.10

Early

Richmond →

Fruit small, but good and the earliest of the Sours. Unsurpassed for cooking purposes. This is the variety that yields such marvelous crops in the home gardens. **Most hardy of all varieties**, uninjured by the coldest Winters. Tree slender in growth, with a roundish, spreading habit. *Ripens June 25th-30th.*

Large

Montmorency →

The nation's most popular SOUR Cherry. Always in demand by the home canner, as well as the canning factories, where they are canned by hundreds of tons. The trees are good bearers and the fruit ships well and appeals to the human eye for color as it is a bright clear red. Is good sized and has a fine flavor. Can be eaten right off the tree and makes excellent pies and other desserts. A variety that is hard to beat from any angle. *Ripens about July 15th.*

HANSEN IMPROVED BUSH CHERRY

An ornamental shrub, producing delicious fruit. Very easy to grow, highly productive and hardy. The fruit is large, black and sweet, wonderful to eat right from the bush. Leaves are silvery green, turning red in Autumn. Attractive, white blossoms add to landscape effect. Dwarf growing, 4-5 feet tall. Can be kept trimmed. Best to plant 2 or more bushes for better fruit production.

3 Year, Bearing Size, 85c. each, 2 for \$1.50

See Page 52 for Color Illustration

English Morello →

Fruit is handsome in appearance, real tart. Is recognized as **the Standard Late Sour Cherry**, taking the place of Montmorency after its season is over. Cooking gives the fruit a rich, dark wine color, very attractive in appearance and a pleasant, aromatic flavor. Tree is small, upright spreading, with drooping branches. *Ripens July 20th-30th.*

(See Pages 26 and 27 for helpful Cultural Information)

POLLINATION

Sweet Cherries are self-unfruitful, so two or more varieties must be planted. Where **Napoleon, Bing**, and **Lambert** are to be planted together, another variety, such as **Windsor** or **Black Tartarian** must be added as the first three will not pollinate each other. The **Sour** varieties are self-fruitful. **Sour** varieties will not pollinate the **Sweets** and vice versa.



PLUMS

POLLINATION: With the exception of the Prunes Felleberg, German, Stanley, etc. which are self-fertile. Plums should be interplanted to insure a set of fruit. European varieties for pollinating that class and Oriental sorts for those varieties.

EUROPEAN VARIETIES

BRADSHAW. Large, fine early Plum, dark violet red, juicy and good. Very productive; valuable for market. Quality is excellent, color attractive. Good canner. *September 5th-10th.*

FELLEBERG PRUNE. Also known as **Italian.** Widely known and valuable Plum for dessert, but most esteemed for market and drying for preserving. Fruit is long, oval, purple with a thick bloom; flesh firm, sweet and pleasant, separating freely from stone. Moderate growth. A great favorite and there is always a good market for them at profitable prices. *September 24th-26th*

**Dates Indicate
Approximate
Ripening Time**



Monarch

LOMBARD. This variety is well known by all. Medium to large, roundish, dark red. Flesh yellow and juicy. Very attractive. Very good canned, preserved or spiced. Ripens early. Is used in canneries and planted in home orchards where a hardy variety is needed. Trees medium size; very hardy, prolific bearers. *September 18th-22nd*

MONARCH. Large fruit with a rich, purple color. Juicy, golden green flesh. A good variety for market. Bears early and abundantly. *September 18th-22nd*

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Fruit is medium size, dark purple, produced in thick clusters. Good to eat out of hand when fully ripe or after a light frost. One of the best of its kind for culinary purposes. Tree a good grower and very productive. *September 24th-28th*

GERMAN PRUNE. One of the oldest Prunes under cultivation and widely known for its culinary purposes, especially for canning. Fruit long, oval, purple with thick bloom; flesh firm, sweet and delicious. Excellent commercial sort. Freestone. *September 18th-22nd.*

Stanley Prune

REINE CLAUDE (Bavay's Green Gage)

This variety is unsurpassed for gratifying the taste, richness of flavor, abundance of juice and pleasant aroma. Has beautiful fruit; large, pale yellow, marked with red if the crop is thinned and sufficiently exposed to the sun. Trees attain only moderate size in the orchard, are productive and bear regularly. Deserves a place in the home orchard. *September 25th-30th*

NEW STANLEY PRUNE

A STAR PERFORMER

The best for commercial planting or home use. Bears fruit in three years and ripens 10 days earlier than other varieties. Exceptionally productive. Fruit large, deep bluish purple, firm and sweet; of excellent flavor. Introduced by the New York State Experiment Station, and is becoming a valuable commercial variety. Bears annually. Midseason. Same price as other Prune trees. *September 20th-25th*

PRICES of PLUM and PRUNE TREES

	1-9	10-49	50 or more
Choice of Varieties -Alike or Assorted	Each	Each	Each
2 year, 5-6 feet.....	\$2.20	\$1.80	\$1.30
2 year, 4-5 feet.....	1.90	1.60	1.10
2 year, 3-4 feet.....	1.70	1.40	.95
1 year, large.....	1.90	1.60	1.10

ORIENTAL VARIETIES

BURBANK

Ripens a week or more later than Abundance. Fruit very large, bright reddish purple. Meaty and quite firm. Should be picked before entirely ripe. Best color to fruit attained when thinned on the trees. Trees are low growing, flat-topped with somewhat drooping branches. Productive and vigorous. Good shipper. Needs close pruning. August 25th-30th



Burbank

SHIRO

A very early Plum. Beautiful, golden yellow (see illustration). Tree is low growing, hardy—very prolific. Excellent for cooking, canning, or dessert use.



Shiro

ABUNDANCE. Trees are adaptable to wide range of soils and climates, and bear not only heavily, but yearly. Fruit large, very early, amber turning to a rich, bright cherry. Flesh light yellow. Very juicy and tender. Freestone. Good for canning. Should be picked when not quite ripe, as it keeps better and taste develops better. August 15th-20th

SANTA ROSA. A very promising Oriental variety. Fruit is handsome, dark, reddish purple. Large with very juicy, red flesh of good quality. Tree is large, vigorous and moderately productive. August 20th-26th

Easy-to-Grow PEARS

ANJOU

This is one of the best late Fall and early Winter varieties for the market, its season lasting until way into January, even in common storage. Large fruit, green in color, but turning to yellow when ripe, dotted with russet. The yellowish-white flesh is firm, but tender, very juicy, sweet, spicy, with a rich, vinous flavor. Trees hardy and vigorous growers, come into bearing early. Of all Winter Pears, none is more valuable for commercial or home orchards. October to January.

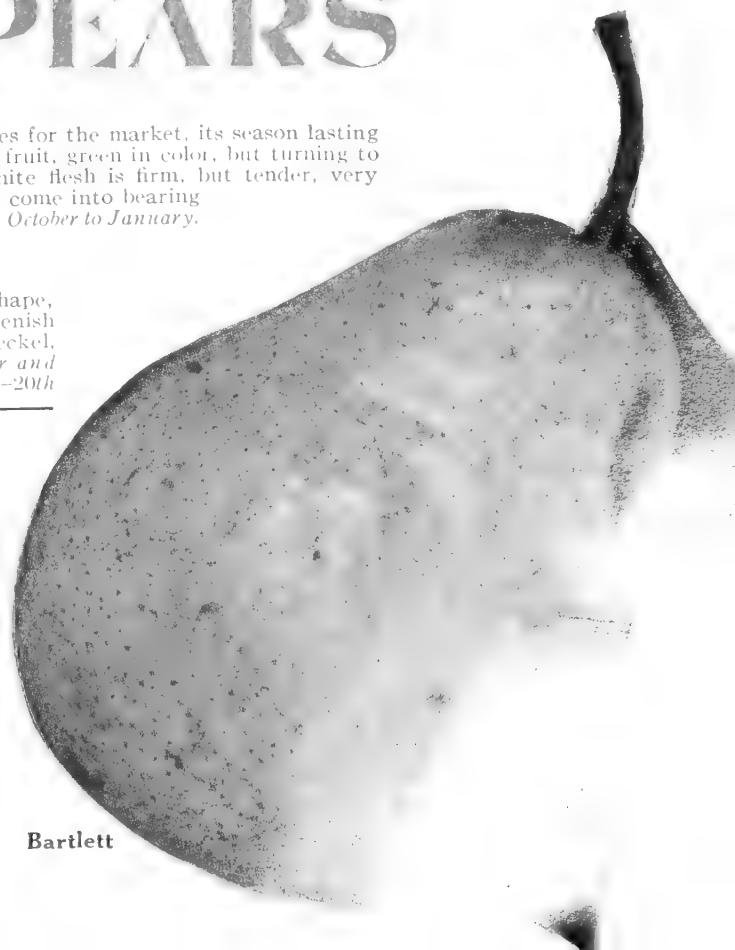
September 25th

CAYUGA

A seedling of Seckel, which it resembles in shape, but is as large as a Bartlett, and colored greenish yellow, with a dull blush. It has a flavor of Seckel, although milder and not quite so spicy. Prolongs the season of Seckel. September and October. September 15th-20th

BARTLETT

There's hardly a person that doesn't know the Bartlett Pear and its qualities, as it is grown in, and is adaptable to all different climates, soils and situations. Fruit is large, golden yellow in color, with a red-dish blush on the sunny side. Flesh is tender and juicy, with a delicious, musky aroma. Trees are vigorous, attain large size, bear young, live long, and barring frosts or freezes, they bear full crops year after year. Justly the leading commercial Pear—a leader among canning Pears. September-October. September 1st-10th



Bartlett

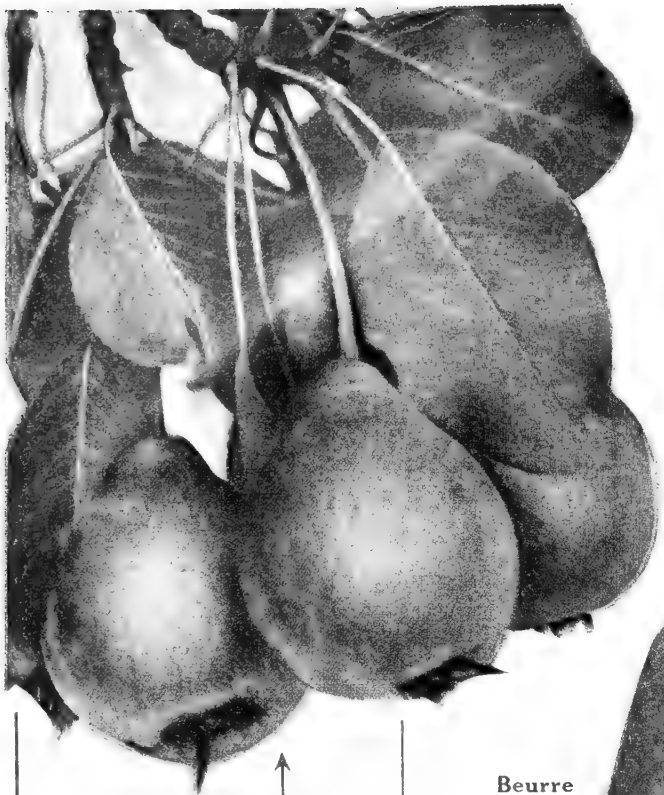
PRICES OF PEAR TREES		1-9	10-49	50 or more
Choice of Varieties—Alike or Assorted		Each	Each	Each
2 year, 5-6 feet		\$2.20	\$1.80	\$1.30
2 year, 4-5 feet		1.90	1.60	1.10
2 year, 3-4 feet		1.70	1.40	.95
1 year, 3 feet and up		1.90	1.60	1.10
DWARF PEAR TREES—See Page 19				

Kelly's Pears

PRICES OF PEAR TREES Choice of Varieties—Alike or Assorted

	1-9 Each	10-49 Each	50 or more Each
2 year, 5-6 feet.....	\$2.20	\$1.80	\$1.30
2 year, 4-5 feet.....	1.90	1.60	1.10
2 year, 3-4 feet.....	1.70	1.40	.95
1 year, 3 feet and up.....	1.90	1.60	1.10

DWARF PEAR TREES—See Page 19

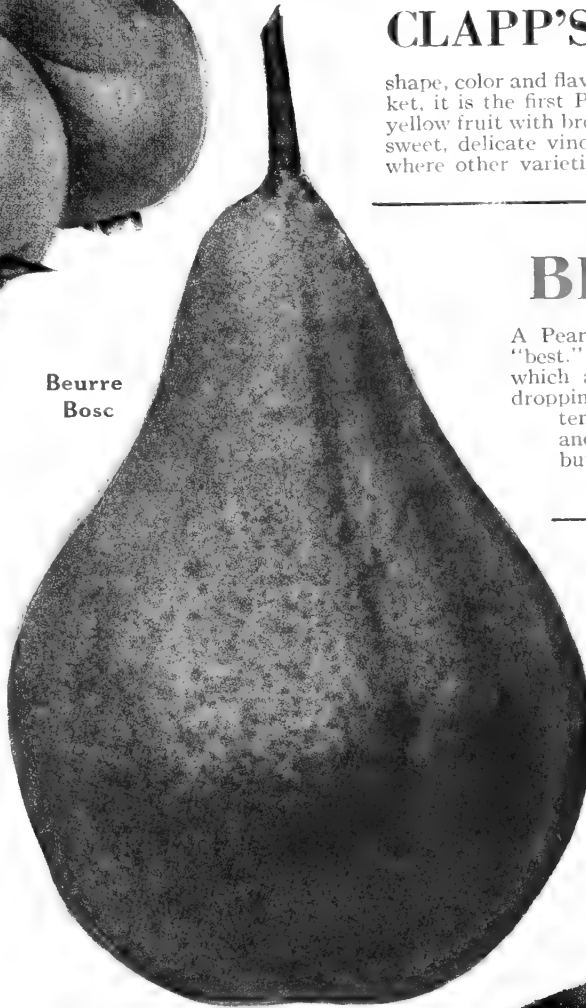


SECKEL

The Pear to plant for eating fresh and pickling. Medium size, skin rich yellowish brown with deep, brownish red cheek when fully ripe. Flesh very fine grained, juicy, sweet, and good. Trees resistant to blight, very productive and hardy. Should be planted in fertile soils, not heavy clay.

*September and October
(September 20th-25th)*

Beurre
Bosc



CLAPP'S FAVORITE

Precedes Bartlett, which it resembles in shape, color and flavor. In sections where Pears are grown for the market, it is the first Pear to be put on the market. Large, pale lemon-yellow fruit with brown dots. Fine texture, juicy, buttery, with a rich, sweet, delicate vinous flavor. Tree hardy and productive. Thrives where other varieties fail. *(August 15th-20th)*

BEURRE BOSC

A Pear which is rated by all as "very good" or "best." Has a long, tapering neck and a long stem which allows it to sway in heavy winds without dropping. Brownish yellow in color. Flesh is tender, buttery, very juicy, with a rich flavor and pleasing aroma. The tree is a slow grower, but most productive. *October to January.
(September 25th-30th)*

POLLINATION

Two varieties are needed. The only combination that is cross-incompatible is Seckel and Bartlett. A third variety is needed with the above two.

DUCHESS D'ANGOULEME

The fruits excite admiration and wonder by their enormous size. Always known by this character. A dull, greenish yellow spotted russet. If grown under favorable conditions the flesh is buttery and melting with a rich flavor. Trees are vigorous, hardy and healthy, bear abundantly under the right conditions. Is a particularly desirable sort for the Pear fancier. *November to December. (September 25th-30th)*

GORHAM A seedling of Bartlett and closely resembles its parent in all characters and ripens from three weeks to a month later. It rivals Bartlett in all good qualities, being as large and handsome and as good or better to eat or to can. Flavor is sweet and vinous with a very marked and pleasing aroma. Fine canner—introduced by the New York State Experiment Station. *(September 10th-25th)*

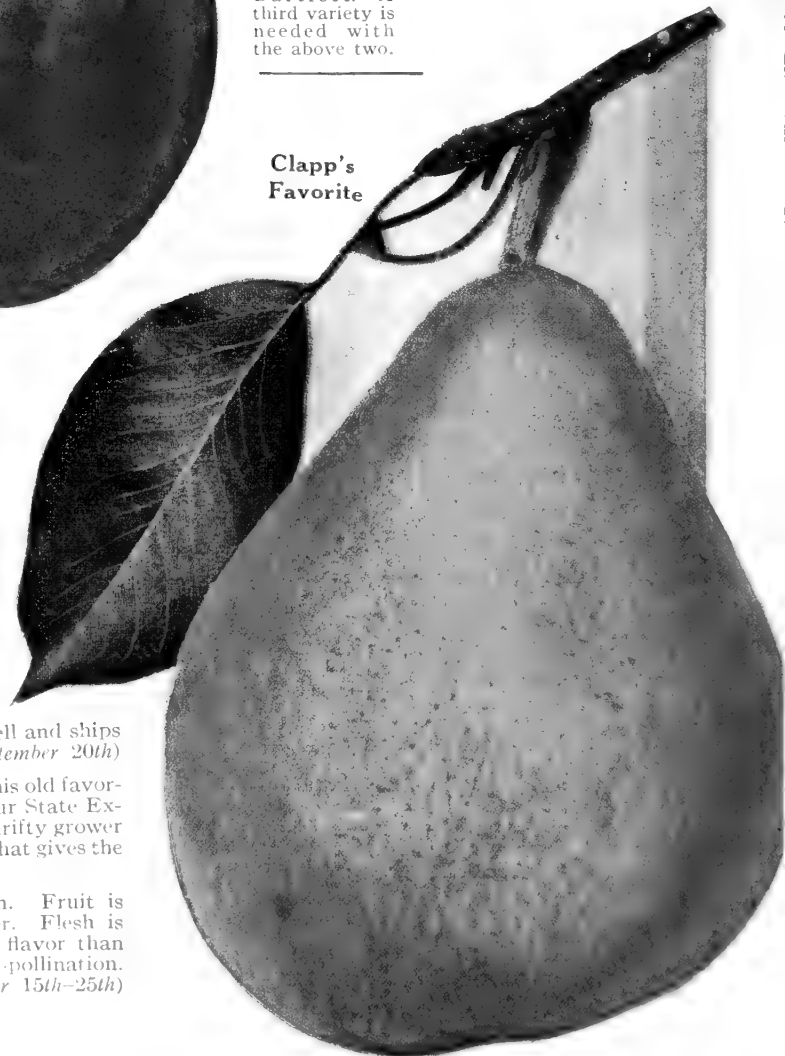
KIEFFER Large fruit, rich yellow in color, with red cheek. Very juicy. Good for canning, which brings out its flavor. Trees vigorous, fruitful, and are least susceptible to blight. *November to February (October 1st-10th)*

SHELDON The fruits please both the eye and palate. It is distinctive in its russeted skin with a ruddy cheek. Flesh is melting and juicy and deserves to be called luscious. Flavor is sweet, vinous and highly perfumed. Keeps well and ships well. Trees are large, vigorous and hardy. *October. (September 20th)*

TYSON **The Home Orchardists First Choice.** The quality of this old favorite is far superior to that of commonly grown Pears. Your State Experiment Station recommends this variety. The tree is a thrifty grower and very hardy—fruit is of medium size, juicy with a spicy, scented sweetness that gives the fruit the charm of individuality. *Ripens late in August.*

WAITE **New, Blight-Resistant Pear.** U.S.D.A. introduction. Fruit is of shape and size of Bartlett, and ripens with Kieffer. Flesh is smooth without grit cells, juicy, with more of an acid flavor than Bartlett. Excellent for canning, cooking and table use. Needs cross-pollination. *September and October. (September 15th-25th)*

Clapp's
Favorite



GET THIS BIG FARM MAGAZINE NOW!

12 MONTHS 50c or 60 MONTHS \$2

YOU will wonder how these two complete up-to-the-minute illustrated magazines, *Farm Journal* and *The Farmer's Wife*, now combined in one magazine, can cost so little. It's for all—men, women, boys and girls,—clean and wholesome, no liquor advertisements. You will look forward to each month's visit.

Farm Journal and Farmer's Wife, Dept. C, Phila., Pa.

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Please Print

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Acres: Own.....; Rent.....; Business or occupation.....

Send coupon direct to Farm Journal and Farmer's Wife, Dept. C.
Phila. 5, Pa., with remittance (our risk) Canada and other countries outside U. S. 75c per year.



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Send 50c for 1 year (12 Big Issues, average way over 100 pages) or BIGGEST BARGAIN Send only \$2 for 5 years (60 Big Issues). You get an extra year's subscription.

60

MONTHS

\$2

WORLD'S LARGEST AND MOST INFLUENTIAL FARM MAGAZINE

FARM JOURNAL AND FARMER'S WIFE is published monthly; big issues; new timely features; fine pictures, beautiful colored covers. Concise, easy to read, 71 years old. Largest mail subscription list in the world, — over 2,650,000 subscribers from Maine to California.

Something for the Whole Family

For folks who live in the Country and love the Country. This fastest printed magazine with month-ahead information gets the important news to you first when valuable and useful.

FARM JOURNAL section: Latest ideas in farm practice, new machinery and buildings, "How to Do Things," livestock, dairying, poultry, crops, orchard, garden and everything about the farm. Will keep you up-to-date on changing conditions affecting your farming operations. Latest Washington news of importance to farmers.

THE MAGAZINE WITH THE MONTHLY "LATE AND IMPORTANT" FORECAST LETTER — SUGGESTS WHEN TO BUY, WHEN TO SELL, WHAT TO PLANT AND HOW TO MANAGE TO MAKE MORE MONEY.

Mail this Coupon today with remittance (at our risk), direct to Farm Journal and Farmer's Wife, Dept. C., Philadelphia 5, Pa.

FARMER'S WIFE section, with its real, colorful covers, is a complete magazine for women readers. Homemaking, decorating, house plans, fashions, needlework, patterns. Health and beauty, child care. Foods, canning, recipes tested in our kitchen. Farm Women's letters. Clean, interesting fiction.

DEPARTMENTS FOR GIRLS AND BOYS: Latest 4-H Club and FFA news, answers to young folks' problems, grooming, etiquette, parties, games, movies, sports, aviation, hobbies, money-making ideas, jokes, cartoons.

Recommended by

KELLY BROTHERS NURSERIES, INC.



Prize Contest!

WIN UP TO \$150.00 IN CASH!
6 Cash Prizes... 50 Prizes of Nursery Stock

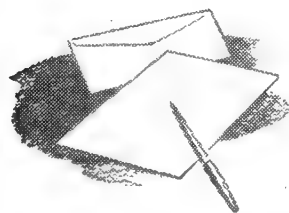
Here is an opportunity for some of our good friends to win substantial prizes with very little effort.

We think we know why so many people plant Kelly's Nursery Stock year after year, but we would like you to tell us in your own words. There may be reasons we have never thought of.

Also we like to know what progress the trees, shrubs and plants we ship you make after you plant them. So we thought of this contest.

It is really 2 CONTESTS in 1

Contest No. 1

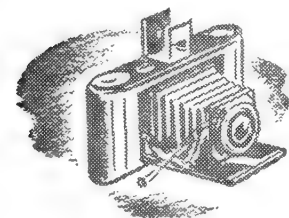


To enter this contest, all you need do is write a letter telling us in 50 words or less "Why I Plant Kelly's Nursery Stock." You don't need to send in any "box tops" or "soap wrappers." Just tell us in a few words why you like our nursery stock. And look at these prizes!

1st PRIZE...\$150.00 in cash
2nd PRIZE...\$100.00 in cash
3rd PRIZE...\$ 50.00 in cash

Plus - 25 additional prizes of \$5.00 worth of Kelly's Nursery Stock. Winners may select the stock they want.

Contest No. 2



This is a photograph contest. Send in a snapshot of the best Kelly fruit tree, berry bush, shrub or plant you have. On the back of the picture note the variety, date planted and any information regarding its care that you think will be of interest. Be sure that your name appears on the picture, too. No photographs will be returned.

1st PRIZE...\$100.00 in cash
2nd PRIZE...\$ 75.00 in cash
3rd PRIZE...\$ 25.00 in cash

Plus - 25 additional prizes of \$5.00 worth of Kelly's Nursery stock of your selection.

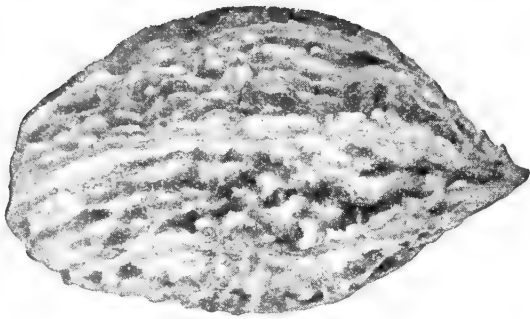
• Prizes will be awarded on the basis of originality and merit in the Letter Contest, and on the basis of the growth made by your tree, bush or shrub in the Photograph Contest. Decisions of the judges will be final. In the event of a tie, duplicate prizes will be awarded.

All entries must be post-marked not later than Sept. 15th, 1948. But don't wait until the last minute. Send your entry in early. Judges will be executives of our advertising agency, Baldwin, Bowers & Strachan, Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

Let's go!
Win a Prize!
Equal chance for all!

Plant KELLY'S NUT TREES

for Enjoyment and Profit



BUTTERNUT

Fast Growing and Delicious

A fast growing tree that produces within 2 or 3 years after planting. Nuts are large, with sweet, oily, nutritious kernels. Wonderful for nut cookies and cakes.

2-3 ft. \$1.50 each

3-4 ft. \$2.50 each

SPECIAL SEEDLING TREES

12 to 15 in.—10 trees for only \$2.50

(Sold only in multiples of ten)



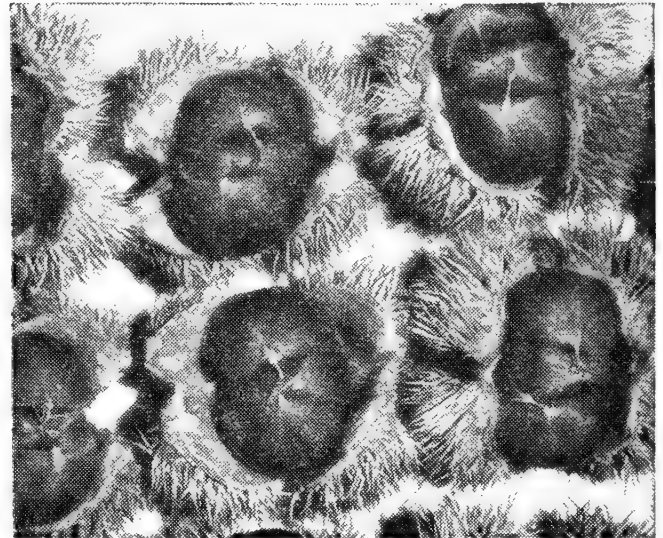
ENGLISH WALNUT

A fine, lofty growing tree, producing large crops of thin shelled, delicious nuts. Makes a desirable shade tree. Not hardy in colder sections except where planted in a sheltered location.

3 to 4 ft. trees

\$2.50 each

Supply limited



NEW CHINESE CHESTNUT

Hardy, Blight Resistant

These new blight resistant trees will bear nuts two years after planting. They are a fast growing tree and an ideal plant to take the place of the old-fashioned Chinese Chestnut that we all remember from our childhood days.

The fruit is fully as delicious as the native American Chestnut and slightly larger in size. Best crops are insured by planting two or more trees for pollination.

18 to 24 inches

Each \$1.75

2 for 3.25

2 to 3 feet

Each \$2.50

2 for 4.50

3 to 4 feet

Each \$3.00

2 for 5.50

BLACK WALNUT

Hardy

Rich

Flavorful

Kernels



This tree does well in fertile, well drained soil. Very hardy. Grows most anywhere in the country. Produces annually large crops of nuts containing rich, oily kernels of fine flavor. Useful in making desserts, nut breads and confections. Tree grows 40 to 60 feet high; is a fast grower, and is long lived.

3 to 4 ft. trees

\$2.00 each

Large, 4-5 ft. trees

\$2.50 each

SPECIAL SEEDLING TREES

2 to 3 ft.—10 for only

\$2.50

(Sold only in multiples of ten)

Kelly's SMALL FRUITS

New American MULBERRY

Perfect for Pies and Sauce

This strong, vigorous growing tree produces large, sweet black fruits. Often 2 inches long. Fruit is glossy and begins ripening in July, continuing through August.

Tree is hardy and a handsome grower. Provides plenty of shade. Grows 20 to 30 feet tall.

Can be used as a decoy to get birds away from Cherries and other small fruits, because birds prefer Mulberry to any other fruit.

SELECT, 4-5 FT. TREES
\$1.75 each

Cultivated ADAMS ELDERBERRY

For Wines and Jellies

Popular fruit for pies and home-made wines. Beautiful as an ornamental plant. The large berries and extra large fruit clusters of this new improved variety are far superior to the common varieties. Grows 5 to 6 feet tall.

3-4 ft. Plants @ 90¢—3 for \$2.50

For commercial planting, write for prices.



DWARF PEARS

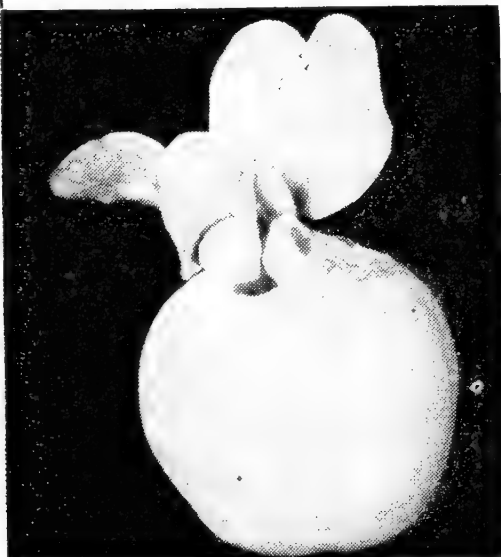
Are Easily Trained as ESPALIERS

It is easy to train dwarf pear and apple trees espalier style, similar to the illustration above. If you are ordering dwarf trees from us, we will send you full instructions on how to easily care for the trees. Only dwarf trees are a success by training this way, because of their small habit of growth.

DWARF PEARS—For Quick Crops

The illustration at the right shows a 2 Year dwarf pear tree the first year after planting. These trees require little space, bear early, and the foliage is attractive for landscape planting. Plant two varieties for cross-pollination. The two varieties we have available are Bartlett and Clapp's Favorite. See Page 16 for descriptions.

2 Year, 3-4 ft. Trees @ \$3.75 each
3 for \$10.50



WAYNE COUNTY

ORANGE QUINCE

For Delicious Jelly

Its pre-eminence as a fruit for jellies and preserves makes the Quince a profitable tree for the fruit grower, the farmer, or any one having a small garden. The Quince tree does not take much room on account of its dwarfish character. It can be grown in bush or tree form. Wayne County Orange is a superior new variety introduced largely through our efforts. Fruit is large golden yellow and of excellent quality. Makes delicious jells. Ripens early in September. Grows 10-15 feet tall—produces abundantly.

PRICES—Nicely Branched Trees: 2 yr., 2-3 ft. size, \$1.95 each;
3-4 ft. size, \$2.50 each

Kelly's SMALL FRUITS

Important

When ordering Currants or Gooseberry plants, it is necessary to have the following information:

- 1 County and Township where planting is to be made.
- 2 Approximate distance from nearest stand of White Pine (Five Needled Pine). If you do not receive the Currants or Gooseberries with your order, you will know we are holding them for the permit, and if the permit is not granted, refund will be mailed.

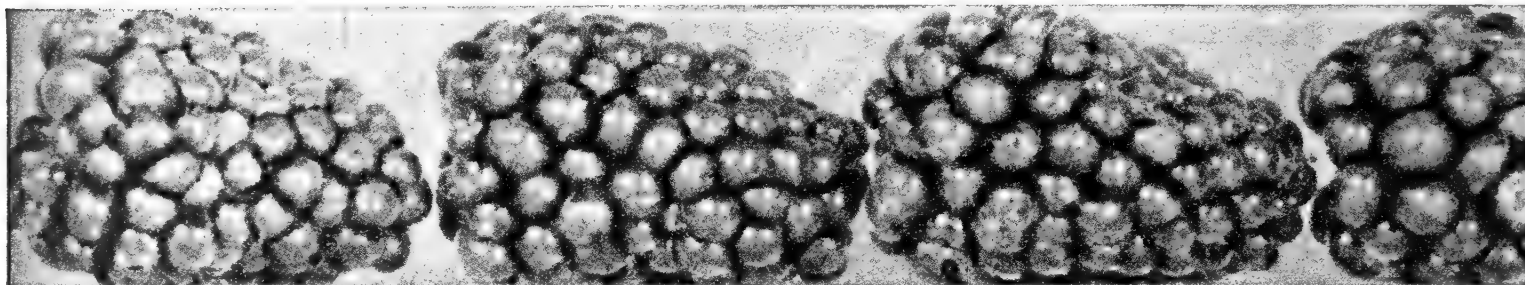
GOOSEBERRIES

Strong Grower · Delicious Fruit

DOWNING. A medium size, whitish green Gooseberry of good quality. Strong, upright grower and quite prolific; midseason. July 10 to 15.

POORMAN. Fruit is largest of any of the American Gooseberries. Attractive red color. Prefers a heavy type of soil. Bush very vigorous. Highest quality of any Gooseberry.

Prices of Select Bushes:
Each 90c., 2 for \$1.75



THORNLESS BOYSENBERRY — *Delicious Flavor, Giant Size*

Canes smooth as velvet. Ripens 10 days to 2 weeks earlier than the common Boysenberry. The Thornless strain has retained all the good characters of its parent, including its rugged, thrifty growth. It's a pleasure to pick these large berries without a chance of scratching your hands.

Select Plants:

3 for \$1.15	10 for \$2.55
6 for \$2.05	25 for \$4.65

CURRANTS

RED LAKE. The new giant red Currant. The berries are a pleasure to pick, being large, dark red in color and on long, well filled branches. Very hardy. Ripens over a long season. Long stems facilitate harvesting. Supply limited.

Select, No. 1 Plants:

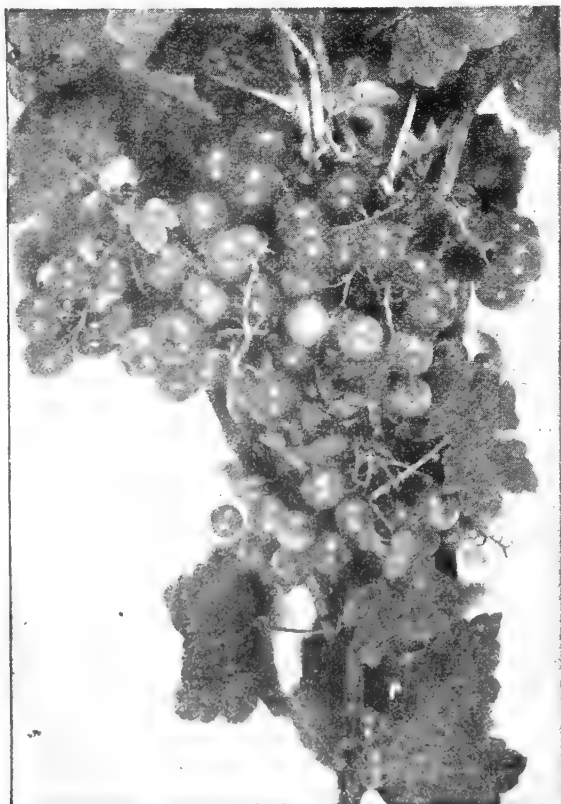
75c each, 3 for \$1.95, 10 for \$5.95, 25 for \$13.75

(We will be glad to quote on larger quantities)

WILDER. Unsurpassed commercial sort; bunches and berries very large, bright, attractive red. Hang on bushes well and of excellent quality; productive.

Strong, 2-Year Bushes:

65c each, 3 for \$1.65, 10 for \$4.95, 25 for \$12.75

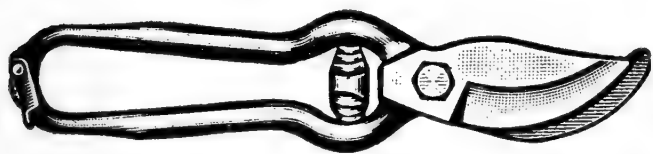


Lucretia DEWBERRY

Of the Blackberry type, but produced on a trailing vine instead of an upright bush. The fruit is earlier, larger, attractive black, firm, and of very good quality. Plants are disease-resistant. Excellent for canning. 1 year No. 1.

6 for \$1.20, 10 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.75

2 CRACKERJACK PRUNING SHEARS



S & L PRUNING SHEARS No. 2A

RUGGED • DURABLE

For Home - Garden - Nursery

- Drop Forged Steel
- All Cutting Surfaces Machine Ground
- Blue Tempered Volute Spring
- Positive Lock Nut on Pivot Bolt
- Handles Shaped to Fit Hand
- Handles—Painted with Very High Grade Red Enamel

Only \$1.65 Postpaid

ALLIGATOR PRUNING SHEARS

For Home Gardens, Orange Groves, Vineyards, Farms, Nurseries, Orchards
Ideal for trimming Raspberries and Blackberry Plants. See pruning instructions, page 19

Only \$1⁶⁵
Postpaid



- Long and narrow EASY feel hand grip for those hard to get at places.
- Safe operating—hands cannot be pinched while operating shears—springs are hidden.
- Easy operating safety lock keeps shears closed when not in use.

- Steel blade holders—using lock nut which keeps the blades in line and prevents them from spreading.
- Hardened and tempered cutting blade leaves clean, perfect cut.
- Light weight—only 14 ounces—The LADIES will prefer the Alligator Shears for ease of operation. 12¾ inches in length.

Badge No. _____	Gift Certificate	Value \$ _____
Cert. No. _____		Date _____
American Association of Nurserymen, Inc.		
This Certificate redeemable in plants of the value of _____ DOLLARS at any retail member nursery of the AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN, INC. Issued to _____		
Payments to redeeming Nursery guaranteed by The Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd. Donor _____	ISSUING NURSERY _____ ADDRESS _____ REDEEMING NURSERY _____	ISSUING NURSERY RECORD _____

*For Birthdays, Weddings, Births, Anniversaries,
Mother's Day, Father's Day, Christmas*

Give Plants—A Lasting Gift of Beauty. Only Nursery Stock increases in value and beauty each year. Always appreciated—always remembered.

Just enclose the amount you wish to spend and the name of the recipient. (No Certificates issued for less than \$5.00). We will send the certificate to you, along with a copy for your files.

If you prefer, we will mail the certificate direct to the recipient, with an appropriate announcement.

These Certificates are redeemable by over 1100 Nurserymen, Coast to Coast—All Members of the American Association of Nurserymen, your assurance of satisfaction.

Aluminum Sulphate

To Make the Soil Acid
For Blueberries (see pages 23 and 46) and Blue Hydrangea (see page 51).

5 lbs.....	\$.75
Postpaid	
10 lbs.....	1.10
Postpaid	
25 lbs.....	1.75
Shipping Charges Collect	
50 lbs.....	2.75
Shipping Charges Collect	
100 lbs.....	4.75
Shipping Charges Collect	

Bulletins

Your State Experiment Station has available many helpful bulletins on farming and fruit growing. These are free to you. Send direct to your Station for list of bulletins available. See page 26 for the address.

Farmers Bulletins 1001 Growing Fruit for Home Use and 1870 Pruning Hardy Fruit Plants are available free from the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D.C.

For Better Fruits and Larger Crops



Prof. George L. Slate

HELPFUL HINTS ON SMALL FRUIT GROWING

Prof. George L. Slate

New York State Experiment Station, Geneva, N. Y.

RASPBERRIES AND BLACKBERRIES

See Pages 42-43

Raspberries and blackberries are easily-grown fruits if their cultural requirements are met. An open airy situation is best and the plants should be away from the root

competition and shade of tall trees, but may be grown among the smaller fruit trees in the home garden. Most good farm and garden soils are suitable if not very heavy or very light, and are well drained so that water does not stand on or near the surface more than a few hours during the growing season. Keep black and purple raspberries off of ground that has grown tomatoes, peppers, eggplants or potatoes the past 2 or 3 years. Get rid of old runout raspberries nearby to prevent disease spreading into the new planting.

Preparing the Soil

Fit the land thoroughly as for vegetables, plowing under a green crop or stable manure if the soil has been under constant cultivation. Red raspberries and blackberries may be planted in late fall or early spring, but fall planted plants should be mounded up to prevent them from heaving out during the winter. Tip plants of black and purple raspberries should be planted in the spring. Space raspberries in home garden 7 feet between rows and 2 feet between red raspberries in the row, and 3 feet between black and purple varieties in the row. Set the plants the same depth they grew previously and be sure the soil is packed tightly so that the plant will resist a strong tug without loosening.

Cultivation

Weeds must be kept down by cultivation or mulching. Cultivation should be shallow and frequently enough to keep down weeds. Mulching is especially valuable in dry seasons. Straw, spoiled hay, weeds, lawn clippings, peat and sawdust are all suitable. When sawdust is used an extra feeding with a nitrogenous fertilizer is advisable. Cultivation should be discontinued after the crop is off or about August 1 and the weeds allowed to grow or buckwheat may be sown between the rows to check cane growth and harden the plants off for winter.

Fertilization

For fertilizers after the first year any of the following materials may be applied in early spring:

- Ra-Pid-Gro as Per Directions on Package.
- Nitrate of soda, $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. per 100 sq. ft.
- Ammonium nitrate, $\frac{3}{8}$ lb. per 100 sq. ft.
- Stable manure, 3 bus. per 100 sq. ft.
- Poultry manure, 1 bu. per 100 sq. ft.

On soils low in fertility, especially sands or gravels, or eroded soils, supplement the nitrates with a 5-10-5 fertilizer at the rate of 1 lb. to 100 sq. ft. If new growth is too rank and winter kills, reduce or discontinue the manure until lessened growth indicates its need.

Red raspberries and blackberries produce many suckers which must be kept within bounds. When cultivating or hoeing, restrict the row to one foot in width by removing all suckers coming up between the rows.

Raspberries and blackberries must be pruned each year. The canes are biennial; they grow one season, bear fruit the second season and then die. After the crop is harvested the canes which bore it are cut out, leaving behind the current season canes to fruit the following year. In the spring the red raspberry canes are cut back to a height of 4 to 5 feet, depending on the variety, and the weaker canes removed leaving the canes spaced about 6 inches apart in a row a foot wide. Black and purple raspberries are treated in a different manner. In June when the new shoots of black raspberries are 18 to 24 inches high they are pinched off to induce branching. Purple raspberries are pinched 6 inches higher. Blackberries are pinched at 3 feet. Do this as soon as the required height is reached in early June. The following spring cut the branches back to 8 to 10 inches for the black raspberries, 10 to 15 inches for the purple raspberries, and 15 to 18 inches for the blackberries.

Fall bearing red raspberries, such as Indian Summer, are pruned the same as other red raspberries.

STRAWBERRIES

See Pages 40-41

Strawberries are one of the best home garden fruits, being valuable for dessert, freezing and jam, and unusually high in Vitamin C, outranking even the citrus fruits in that respect.

Location of Bed

The site should be sunny, away from the shade and roots of large trees, although interplanting among young fruit trees is satisfactory. The soil should be fertile, well-drained and free from quack grass and other perennial weeds. Vegetable garden soils are good. Grass sods may have white grubs and should be avoided until they have been cultivated two years. Manure or ploughing under a legume sod is good preparation.

Planting Time

Early spring, not August, is the time to set strawberries. Space the plants 18 to 24 inches apart in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. The crown or solid center of the plant should be set even with the surface of the ground and the soil firmed so tightly against the roots by pressure of the foot that the plant will resist a strong tug without loosening. After the runners form, space them around the mother plants so that they are about 6 inches from each other and the row is 18 inches wide. Remove as weeds runners coming after the row is filled out. The first runners are the most productive.

Fertilizing

Manure at the rate of 3 to 6 bushels to 100 square feet at the time the ground is fitted will provide adequate fertility. Lacking manure, a 5-10-5 fertilizer may be worked in before planting, or applied as a side dressing at the first hoeing. A pound to 100 square feet is about right. See Page 37 for Ra-Pid-Gro, a fertilizer we recommend.

A nitrogenous fertilizer such as nitrate of soda, $\frac{1}{2}$ pound to 100 square feet, or ammonium nitrate at half that rate may be broadcast over the plants in late August when the foliage is dry, and immediately brushed off with a broom or piece of brush.

Keep weeds out of the bed at all times, and the soil mellow to facilitate the rooting of runners.

Winter Protection

In the fall, usually about mid-November and before temperatures get below 18-20°F. above zero, the plants should be mulched with straw to a depth of about 3 inches. In the spring, early April, just as the new leaves are starting from the crown, remove part of the straw to the space between the rows, leaving a thin covering over the plants for the leaves and blossoms to grow through and the fruit to rest on later.

Weed the bed about blossoming time if necessary. Do not fertilize the bed in the spring of the bearing year unless the soil is very poor, or the bed has not been mulched.

GRAPES

See Pages 44-45

Grapes should be grown in an open airy situation to lessen injury from fungus diseases. Slopes are preferable as frosts are later than in low spots. Late varieties ripen better on the south side of a building or solid fence. The soil must be well-drained.

Planting

Either one or two year plants are suitable and may be set either in the fall or spring, but fall-set plants should be mounded up to the first winter. Space vines 8 feet apart. Vines may be trained on arbors, porches or a trellis of two wires, one 2½ feet above the ground, the upper 2 feet above the lower. Posts about 25 feet apart with end posts braced.

Training

With Kniffin system of training the vine has a trunk to top wire and an arm in each direction on both wires. Newly set vines are cut back to one or two buds. New shoot is staked up to form a trunk and when it reaches top wire is pinched off and laterals led out, one along each top wire. The next year two laterals are led along the lower wires, the other being rubbed off. Thereafter, at the annual pruning in the spring leave a strong lateral along each wire and remove other canes. Laterals should have 6-10 buds each. Leave more buds on vigorous vines, fewer on weak vines. If vigorous vines bloom well but set light crops, leave more buds next year. If vines over load and fruit fails to ripen well leave fewer buds next year. Grapes should not be summer pruned.

Fertilize with ammonium nitrate or nitrate of soda at rate of ¼ to ½ pound per vine or stable manure. Strong growing vines do not need fertilizing. Keep down weeds until August with cultivation or mulch.

RHUBARB

See Page 46

Rhubarb is highly prized for sauce and pies in the spring before other fruits and vegetables are ready. Rich soils are essential and a heavy application of manure should be made in advance of planting. An annual application of manure, or commercial fertilizer, is desirable. Use the manure at the rate of 3 to 6 bushels to 100 square feet, or 5-10-5 fertilizer plus 1 pound of nitrate of soda, or ½ pound of ammonium nitrate for the same area. Plant the roots in early spring 3 to 4 inches deep and 3 feet apart in the row, and at one side of the garden as they last for many years. Clean cultivate or mulch, as vigorous growth means high yields and tender stalks. Pull only a few stalks the second year, but thereafter a full crop may be harvested for about 2 months each spring.

Early rhubarb may be had by covering a hill with a sash over a box just before growth starts. Rhubarb may be forced in a box of soil in the cellar during the winter if the roots are brought in after experiencing a hard freeze.

CURRENTS AND GOOSEBERRIES

See Page 20

Currents and gooseberries are both valuable home garden fruits that should be grown much more than at present. Both yield heavy crops annually and have many uses in the kitchen. They will grow in the sun or in the shade of the north side of a building or fence and may be successfully interplanted between young fruit trees or grape vines.

Well-drained fertile soils, preferably rather heavy in texture, are best, but the lighter types will do if heavily fertilized and mulched in time of drought. They may be planted in late fall or early spring, and spaced 5 feet apart in the row. At planting time cut the canes back to 6 or 8 inches. Cultivate shallowly, or mulch to keep down weeds.

Straw manure may be applied to a depth of 2 or 3 inches to provide fertility and act as a mulch. If manure is not available, apply about 4 ounces of nitrate of soda or 2 ounces of ammonium nitrate per plant in early spring, but not applying any the year the plants are set. On light soils a complete fertilizer may be needed in addition to the above, in which case use ½ pound of a 5-10-5 formula to each plant.

Currents and gooseberries in good vigor produce so many canes that the bushes soon become too crowded. Pruning consists of removing all canes over 3 years old and thinning out the weaker remaining canes so that the pruned bush consists of 9 or 10 canes evenly divided between 1, 2 and 3 year old wood.

Currents for jelly should be picked before fully ripe as there is more pectin at that time. Gooseberries make excellent jam and jelly and may be used green for pies and sauce when two thirds grown.

ASPARAGUS

See Page 46

Asparagus is an easily grown perennial that is ready to use in early spring. The beds last 15-20 years and should be set at one side of the garden. Set one year old roots 18 inches apart in a trench 4-6 inches deep and 4 feet apart if more than one row. Cover the roots at first with only 2 inches of soil, filling in gradually when cultivating. Begin cutting the third season and cut for one month. In following years the bed may be cut for two months. Fertilize with a complete fertilizer and control weeds. If beetles feed on foliage dust with rotenone.

BLUEBERRIES

See Page 46

Blueberries are a valuable home garden and commercial fruit and deserve a place in every home garden with soils that are acid, or can be made acid.

Acid Soil Required

Acid soils are essential for blueberries. If in doubt, have the soil tested by the Farm Bureau, and if the pH is under 5.5, blueberries may be planted. If over 5.0, spade in aluminum sulphate as follows to each 100 sq. ft.

If present pH of your soil is	To change to pH of 4.5 use on sandy soils	on loam soils
5.0	2.4 lbs.	7.2 lbs.
5.5	4.8 "	8.3 "
6.0	7.2 "	21.0 "
6.5	9.0 "	27.6 "
7.0	11.4 "	34.8 "

Location

Blueberries grow much better and on drier sites when mulched than when cultivated. Sawdust of any kind and age is the ideal mulching material, but peat and other materials, except legumes, will do. Twice as much nitrogen is necessary during the first few years of a sawdust mulch.

Fertilization

Use no fertilizer the first year, but the second spring apply 2 ozs. of a 5-10-5 formula and if sawdust is used apply an additional 2 ozs. of sulphate of ammonia. Increase these amounts by 2 ozs. each year until the bushes are receiving 8 ozs. annually.

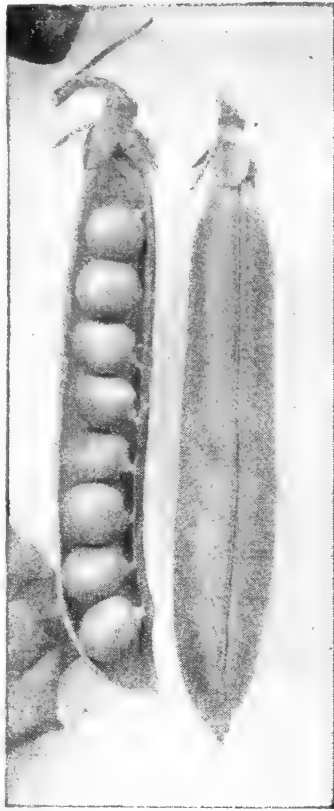
Pruning

Pruning is necessary after the third year to prevent overbearing and to maintain berry size. Remove low-spreading branches near the ground, at least one old cane each year, and remove the weaker new canes, leaving 2 or 3 of the stronger to gradually renew the bushes.

A few bushes near buildings may need a cheesecloth cover to prevent birds from taking the berries.

Kelly's GARDEN SEEDS

10c. PER SINGLE PACKET—7 for 50c.—15 for \$1.00.—SHIPPED POSTPAID



Peas, Thomas Laxton

BEANS

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c., lb. 50c.

Bountiful. Early, popular green podded Bean. Straw-colored seed. Flat, absolutely stringless pods, finest quality. 48 days.

Burpee's Stringless. Early, with dark green pods, 5 in. long. Sturdy, nearly round, stringless, fiberless. Seed coffee brown. 50 days.

Golden Wax. Rustproof; early; productive. Pods 4-4 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, very stout, straight or slightly curved and oval in form; flesh brittle, stringless, good quality; bright yellow. Seed white, much mottled brown. 52 days.

Black Wax Pencil Pod. Best dwarf black seeded variety. Early, very productive. Pods large, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 in. long, round, nearly straight, strictly stringless, fiberless, fleshy, brittle. Clean yellow. 56 days.

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead. Most popular green-podded, climbing or cornhill Bean; early and productive. Pods 8 to 9 in. long, nearly round, very slender, decidedly curved, slightly stringy. Tender. 65 days.

LIMA BEANS

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c., lb. 55c.

Fordhook Bush. Most excellent early and distinct variety and exceedingly popular with market gardeners. Pods about 5 in. long, containing 4 to 5 large, oval-shaped, very thick white beans. 75 days.

BROCCOLI

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 35c.

Calabrese. Best strain of the Italian green-sprouting Broccoli, which produce large, compact heads of bluish-green flower buds. Side shoots continue to grow after main head has been removed. 70 days.

BEETS

Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30

Detroit Dark Red. Fine, globe-shaped Beet of excellent quality. Very popular for canning. Deep oxblood red. Sweet and tender. Small tap root. 68 days.

Early Wonder. Roots semi-globular with smooth, dark purplish red skin. Very small tap root. Medium size. Green tops. 58 days.

Crosby's Egyptian. First for early market. Roots a flattened globe shape; skin dark red, flesh a trifle lighter in color and lightly zoned; tops large and tall. 60 days.

SWISS CHARD

Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30

Lucullus. Pale green leaves crumpled and curled like Savoy Cabbage. The stiff-ribbed Chards are white and broad. 50 days.

CABBAGE

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c., oz. 40c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.30

Copenhagen Market. Dependably early and uniform. Stem short, heads large, round and solid, with a few outer leaves of upright growth. 70 days.

Danish Ballhead (Short Stem). Heavy yielding strain, producing large heads, solid and of good color. Excellent for storage and kraut. 110 days.

CARROTS

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c.

Danver Half Long. The best known second early half long sort; roots 6 to 8 in. long, tapering to a blunt point. Flesh deep orange, tender and good quality. 75 days.

Chantenay Red Cored (Coreless). Roots 5 to 6 in. long, 2 to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. thick at the crown. Deep orange-red. A fine medium early, half long, stump-rooted Carrot. Core reddish orange. 70 days.

SWEET CORN

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c., lb. 45c.

Golden Sunshine. Very early corn of the Golden Bantam type, maturing several days earlier than that variety. More dwarf. 75 days.

Improved Golden Bantam. Excellent midseason yellow Corn with 8-in. ears and 10 to 14 rows. Very sweet and remains tender longer than regular Golden Bantam. 82 days.

CUCUMBER

Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30

A and C, White Spine. Uniform, nearly cylindrical, very dark green, well rounded at ends. Highly desirable for shipping and market. 9 in. 68 days.

Chicago Pickling or Westerfield. Medium green square ended; early and largest of pickling type. 59 days.

Long Green Improved. A black spine type. 12 to 13 in. long. Flesh white and crisp; dependable all-purpose variety for home garden use. 68 days.

ENDIVE

Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c.

Green Curled. Late variety. Tufty and full in center. Midrib white, thick, tender and fleshy. 90 days.

KOHLRABI

Pkt. 10c.

Early White Vienna. Large bulb produced on stem, is cooked like Turnip. Sweet flavor. Sow early in Spring, thin plants to 6 in. apart.

LETTUCE

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40

Big Boston. Excellent stock of the old favorite butterhead Lettuce.

Grand Rapids. One of the most popular loose-leaved sorts. Leaves are light green and frilled. Plants erect and compact. Excellent for early planting and forcing. 43 days.

Imperial No. 44. Suitable for eastern climate and soil. Excellent heads of solid, fine quality. Iceberg type. 80 days.

New York or Wonderful. Widely used Lettuce. Solid, compact heads, very heavy. Outer leaves are deep green, heart blanches to a beautiful white. Tasty, crisp, delicious. Plants are deep rooting. Not recommended for forcing.

Simpson, Early Curled Silesia. White seed. Fine home garden sort, with light green, frilled leaves. Early, hardy and compact; tender and sweet. 45 days.

MUSKMELON

Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40

Bender's Surprise. Salmon-fleshed Melon. Very popular in New York State. Fruit medium to large, oval-shaped, distinctly ribbed. 90 days.

Honey Rock. A favorite because of its deeply colored salmon flesh and its sweetness and flavor. Nearly round. Melons weigh 3 lbs., have light yellow skin, and a heavy, coarse, gray netting.

ONION

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c., oz. 70c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00

Yellow Globe Danvers. Standard main crop variety, fine for storage. Bulbs large, round, yellow, firm, white fleshed. 115 days.

Sweet Spanish. Very large, bright golden yellow, globe shaped Onions. Extremely uniform, medium-topped bulbs. Very mild. 108 days.

PARSLEY

Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c.

Champion Moss Curled. Leaves uniform dark green color, finely cut and closely curled. 70 days.

PARSNIP

Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c.

Improved Hollow Crown or Guernsey. Wonderful cropper. Long, white roots, tender sugary. Roots 12 to 15 in. long, 3 in. thick at shoulder. Tapered and smooth. 95 days.

PEAS

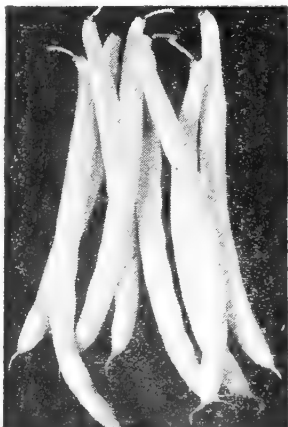
Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c., lb. 50c.

Alaska. Earliest Pea known. Small, round, smooth Peas. Pods grow about 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Straight and blunt at the end, light green. 55 days.

Improved Telephone (Dark Podded Strain). Standard main crop Pea. Pods 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. are dark green and contain many well wrinkled Peas. 73 days.

Little Marvel. A productive dwarf sort, the vines growing 15 to 20 in. high. Dark green, plump, well filled pods. 62 days.

Thomas Laxton. Favorite early sort. Pods are dark colored, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. long and contain many wrinkled and very sweet Peas. 62 days.



Beans, Golden Wax



Parsnip, Hollow Crown

Kelly's GARDEN SEEDS—Continued

PEPPER

Pkt. 10c.

California Wonder. Smooth, uniform, deep green; 4-lobed fruit. Flesh thick, sweet and mild. 69 days.

PUMPKIN

Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., ¼ lb. 50c., ½ lb. 90c.

Small Sugar or New England Pie. Small orange-skinned, slightly ribbed. Finest quality flesh and most popular for pies. 108 days.

RADISH

Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., ¼ lb. 50c., ½ lb. 90c.

Crimson Giant. Large, early maturing. Turnip-shaped Radish, almost double the size of any of the other Turnip-shaped varieties. Grows quickly, has attractive crimson skin; flesh is pure white, fine flavor, firm, crisp.

French Breakfast. Oblong roots, scarlet color with a white tip. ½ in. thick by 1½ in. long. 25 days.

Early Scarlet White Tip. Round and smooth. Color dull scarlet-red with one-third white area at bottom. Flesh white, crisp, and tender. 26 days.

White Icicle. Pure white, delicious, crisp flesh, always tender, juicy, and delicately snappy. Roots grow about 5 in. long, the shape of an icicle. Straight and free from side roots. 27 days.

SALSIFY (Vegetable Oyster)

Pkt. 10c., ½ oz. 30c., oz. 50c.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. Long, thick roots. Flesh white. Roots are hardy. May be left in ground all Winter for early Spring use. 110 days.

SPINACH

Bloomsdale Long Standing Savoy. The standard long-staring, dark green crumpled leaf variety. Plant large, erect and sturdy. 42 days. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., ¼ lb. 45c., ½ lb. 75c.

New Zealand. Large, spreading plants with small, pointed leaves. Thrives in hot weather. Seeds large and hard-horned. 70 days. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., ¼ lb. 75c., ½ lb. \$1.40.

SQUASH

Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., ¼ lb. 70c., ½ lb. \$1.25

Blue Hubbard. Blue-gray color. Large, heavy. Flesh bright yellow, dry, fine grained and sweet. 105 days.

Chicago Warty Hubbard (Green). Largest and best rough-skinned Hubbards. Large, heavily warted fruits of fine form, rich dark green color. Flesh golden yellow, dry and sweet. 105 days.

Delicious (Green). Medium size, top-shaped Winter sort, with dark green skin. Flesh very thick and bright yellow. 102 days.

Giant Summer Crookneck. Larger, later, more warted strain of Crookneck. Light yellow, flesh thick. 58 days.

Table Queen. Very early; extremely prolific. Dark green fruits pointed acorn shape. Flesh light yellow, bakes well with good flavor. 58 days.

TOMATO

Pkt. 10c., ½ oz. 35c., oz. 65c.

Bonny Best. Splendid large, second early Tomato. Slightly flattened globe shape. Smooth, solid, bright scarlet. 73 days.

Earliana. Excellent early, bright scarlet Tomato. Flat, smooth. 66 days.

Marglobe. Produces medium size, smooth, deep, globe-shaped, meaty, bright red fruits in clusters of 5 to 7. Heavy producer. Resistant to Fusarium. 77 days.

TURNIP

Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., ¼ lb. 45c., ½ lb. 75c., lb. \$1.30

Purple Top Strap Leaf. Early sort with purple shouldered white flat roots. Flesh white, fine grained and tender. 46 days.

Purple Top White Globe. A large, globe-shaped variety. Very smooth, upper part purple red, white below. 57 days.

RUTABAGA

Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., ¼ lb. 45c., ½ lb. 75c., lb. \$1.30

American Purple Top. Dependable variety. Roots large, globular, neck small. Flesh light yellow, firm, of good texture. 90 days.

Kelly's Quality Lawn Seed

KELLY'S "SPECIAL MIXTURE" LAWN SEED. This is our finest mixture of grass seed for lawns and it is blended from the very best quality seeds to give you a beautiful green lawn that will last. ½ lb. 50c., 1 lb. 95c., 2 lbs. \$1.85, 5 lbs. \$4.50, 10 lbs. \$8.80, 50 lbs. \$42.50, 100 lbs. \$82.00.

KELLY'S "GREEN CARPET" LAWN SEED. A quality mixture of lawn grass seed suitable for the average lawn. Only the most desirable varieties are used in this mixture. ½ lb. 45c., 1 lb. 80c., 2 lbs. \$1.55, 5 lbs. \$3.75, 10 lbs. \$7.30, 50 lbs. \$35.00, 100 lbs. \$67.00.

KELLY'S "SHADY SPOT" LAWN SEED. This mixture contains those varieties of grass seeds that grow and do the best in shady places. If you have trees in or around your lawn, use one of the above mixtures for the main part of your lawn and this Shady Spot mixture under trees and shady sides of buildings. ½ lb. 60c., 1 lb. \$1.10, 2 lbs. \$2.00, 5 lbs. \$4.80, 10 lbs. \$9.40, 50 lbs. \$46.00, 100 lbs. \$90.00.

Amount of Seed to Use—For new lawns sow at the rate of about 1 lb. to 300 sq. ft. When reseeding old lawns, sow 1 lb. to 600 sq. ft.

KELLY'S FLOWER SEEDS

10c. PER SINGLE PACKET—7 FOR 50c.—15 FOR \$1.00—POSTPAID

AGERATUM. Dwarf, bushy border plants. Blue fluffy flowers all season.

ALYSSUM, Little Gem. Low growing. White flowers, sweet scented. Excellent for borders.

ASTERS, El Monte. Largest Aster known. Fully double, wilt-resistant. Crimson.

Giant Comet. Mixed colors.

Giant Branching. Mixed colors.

Queen of the Market. Mixed.

BACHELOR'S BUTTONS. Double flowers on long, graceful stems. Colors blue, red, rose and white.

BABYSBREATH. Attractive, small plants covered with tiny white blossoms.

CALENDULA. Free flowering Annual. Blooms until late Fall.

Campfire. Dark orange, scarlet sheen.

Best Mixed. Assortment of colors.

CANDYTUFT. Umbrella-shaped clusters, in mixed colors of pink, rose, lilac and white. 1 ft. high.

COSMOS, Pinkie (New). Clear rose-pink, large. Orange Flare. Distinctive, brilliant orange-colored blooms. Plants bushy. Good for cutting. A "Gold Medal" winner.

Early Flowering Mixed. Large flowers. Blooms early.

COLUMBINE (Aquilegia). Perennial. Colorful flowers blooming in May and June.

DELPHINIUM, Gold Medal Hybrids. Perennial. Choice colors in blues from light to dark shades. Tall spikes.

DIANTHUS chinensis (Old-fashioned Pinks). Easy to grow. For cutting or borders.

FOXGLOVE (Digitalis). Biennial. Blossoms grow on long spikes; bright colors, some with distinctive spots.

LARKSPUR, Giant Imperial Mixed. Tall spikes with flowers close to stalk like Delphinium.

MARIGOLD, Double African. Early; large flowers.

Gigantea, Sunset Giants. Largest Marigold.

Flowers loosely formed. Sweet fragrance.

Harmony Hybrid Mixed. Compact plants,

12 to 14 in. high. Wide range of lovely colors. Flowers have crested centers.

Crown of Gold. Golden orange flowers. Crested centers. Stays in bloom several weeks.

MORNING GLORY, Heavenly Blue. Huge sky-blue flowers with white throat.

Giant Mixed. Large flowers of many colors.

NASTURTIUMS, Tall Mixed. Climbing. Mixture of colors.

Dwarf Mixed. Low-growing, compact plants.

Glorious Gleams, Mixed. Trailing type, reds,

yellows and mixtures. Double flowers are sweet-scented.

PANSY, Trimardeau Mixed. Compact, hardy plants. Good sized flowers on strong stems.

For borders.

PETUNIA, Howard Star. Profusion of unique blooms with five-pointed star in center.

Blue Bee. Beautiful violet blue.

Rosy Morn. Low growing, covered with a mass of blooms over a long season. Carmine pink with white throat.

PORTULACA. Low growing Annual. Small flowers. Light green, moss-like foliage.

POPPIES. Fine annual flowers.

Shirley Mixed. Semi-double, many shades.

California. Brilliant yellow flowers. Fernlike foliage.

SNAPDRAGON. Large flowers on long stems. Many colors.

SWEET PEAS, Spencer Mixed. Favorite for size and beauty. Long stems. Strong vines.

SWEET WILLIAM, Mixed. Annual. Plant early for blooms first year. Will self sow. Many colors and combinations. Small, pink-like flowers bloom in large clusters.

VERBENA, Mixed. Beautiful colors in large clusters, some marked with white eye. Plants have trailing habit.

ZINNIA, Dahlia-flowered Mixed. Makes a brilliant display from July 1 to frost. Flowers last many days when cut. Sturdy, well branched plants.

Fantasy, Wildfire. Shaggy flowers of bright scarlet. Strong growing, free flowering. 2½ to 3 ft.

Crown of Gold. Pastel tints. Many pastel shades. Soft yellow and pink, old gold, apricot pink, peach, salmon, buff.

Answers to 40 Questions

MOST COMMONLY ASKED BY THE AVERAGE PERSON BUYING NURSERY STOCK

Compiled by our staff in cooperation with Dr. H. B. Tukey, formerly of the Geneva, N. Y. Experiment Station, and other Fruit Experts at the Station. Please read before ordering or asking for information. If your question is not answered here, write on a sheet of paper separate from the order blank. Additional planting and cultural information is contained in the Planting Guide we send you free.

1. Q. When is the best time to plant nursery stock?

A. Either Fall or Spring, though early Spring is preferred by many. Fall delivery season starts about October 15th and extends through to severe freezing of the ground. Spring delivery season starts March 15th and extends to June 1st. In our modern cold storage, we can keep plants dormant until the latter date.

Q. How long before my fruit trees will bear some fruit?

A. This depends on the variety and root-stock, but on the average we have found the following to be quite true:

2 yr. Apples	After planting
Cortland, Ea. McIntosh	2-3 yrs.
Red McIntosh	3-4 yrs.
Northern Spy	5-7 yrs.
2 yr. Pears	3 yrs.
2 yr. Plums	2-3 yrs.
2 yr. Sour Cherry	2-3 yrs.
2 yr. Sweet Cherry	3-4 yrs.
2 yr. Quince	1-2 yrs.
1 yr. Peach	2-3 yrs.

3. Q. If I plant Asparagus in the Spring (Example) 1948 when can I harvest the first crop?

A. You could cut some Asparagus in 1949, but the first big crop would be in 1950.

4. Q. Can I grow Quinces and Apricots?

A. Generally speaking, Apricots, though not a commercial crop in the East, will grow where Peaches do well. If you can grow Sweet Cherries, Quinces will grow there.

5. Q. Will you tell me how to spray my trees and what to use?

A. Please refer to pages 30 & 31.

6. Q. Should I fertilize my trees or put manure in the holes at planting time?

A. Fertilizers are of no value until the roots are established and growing, thus being able to absorb the nutrients. Manure is best used as a mulch on top of the ground well back from the main stem. It may severely injure the tree, if placed directly in the tree hole. Wet peat moss or similar material mixed with the soil at planting time (1 part of peat moss to 4 parts of soil) makes an ideal combination for loosening up the soil.

7. Q. What are Mazzard roots?

A. Mazzard is used to differentiate this type of root stock from Mahaleb. Briefly Mazzard is the wild Sweet Cherry and produces a long lived tree which grows larger than the Mahaleb and comes into bearing a little later, and is not so hardy. Mahaleb is the perfume Cherry of Europe and produces a tree smaller, earlier fruiting and hardier. Mahaleb is the most commonly

used rootstock. We charge a premium for trees on Mazzard roots because they are more difficult to grow.

8. Q. What varieties are best for me to plant?

A. All the varieties we list are tried and tested. Therefore, your choice is dependent on the type fruit you want and the ripening season desired. Your State College or Experiment Station will also be glad to supply recommendations for your particular section and soil condition.

9. Q. How do I take care of my Boysenberry plants?

A. Set the plants as we suggest in the planting guide sent with all orders. Let the canes trail on the ground the first year. Then they should be tied to a trellis the Spring of the second year.

10. Q. Can I plant Apple trees next to other fruit trees, such as Pears and Peaches?

A. The orchard can be mixed just as you want it, although many practical gardeners prefer to segregate the different kinds for convenience in spraying and general culture.

11. Q. How close must my trees be for proper cross-pollination?

A. Individual trees not over 500-1000 feet apart will be satisfactorily cross pollinated, if the weather at blossoming time is warm enough for bees to be active. In solid blocks of closely planted trees, however, pollinizers should be provided every third or fourth row for best results.

12. Q. Are Dwarf Apple Trees practical for commercial planting?

A. From experimental data now becoming available, we have every reason to believe that dwarf trees will be a success in commercial orchards. However, until dwarf rootstocks are available in large numbers, large plantings will not be possible.

13. Q. How can I tell if my soil is sufficiently acid for Blueberries?

A. Soil having an acidity testing between pH of 4.4 and 5.0 is considered best. If you cannot have your soil tested locally, send a sample to your State Experiment Station (see list below) and they will test it for you. Also page 22.

14. Q. Where is my State Experiment Station?

Connecticut	New Haven
Delaware	Newark
Illinois	Urbana
Indiana	Lafayette
Kentucky	Lexington
Maine	Orono
Maryland	College Park
Massachusetts	Amherst
Michigan	East Lansing
Missouri	Columbia

New Hampshire	Durham
New Jersey	New Brunswick
New York	Geneva
North Carolina	Raleigh
Ohio	Wooster
Pennsylvania	State College
Rhode Island	Kingston
Vermont	Burlington
Virginia	Blacksburg
West Virginia	Morgantown
Wisconsin	Madison

15. Q. Will the Roses and shrubs I plant this Spring bloom this Summer?

A. The Roses will bloom profusely all Summer. Be sure to trim them at planting time as we direct in the planting guide. Many shrubs will also bloom the first year but some which form flowers only on two-year wood may not blossom until next year.

16. Q. What can I do to prevent rabbit and mouse injury?

A. Keep the area about 12 inches around each tree cultivated; put cinders at the base of the tree, and clean up any nearby trash or brush where rabbits and mice may harbor. Hunt the rabbits and destroy them, and poison mice according to recommendations available to you from your Experiment Station.

17. Q. What shade tree will grow the fastest, provide suitable shade and look good?

A. Our recommendation is the Chinese Elm, illustrated and described on page 54. Like many of the soft wood trees, it is, however, subject to splitting from heavy loads of ice and sleet, if the trees are not kept properly trimmed.

18. Q. Are English Walnuts and Filberts hardy where I live?

A. When we have Winters like those of 1933-34 and 1942-43, the trees might be injured, if they are not in a particularly sheltered area. Generally they will succeed where you find Peach trees growing.

19. Q. What size trees do you recommend?

A. We recommend the largest size and grade. After all, the first price paid for the tree is the cheapest part of the investment. However, all the trees and plants we offer are up to grade and A-1 quality.

20. Q. Why don't you sell trees older and larger than those listed in your catalogue?

A. Older and larger trees do not transplant so well and are difficult for the planter to handle. Also the cost per tree is higher than the average buyer cares to pay.

21. Q. If I use commercial nitrogenous fertilizer such as Nitrate of Soda or Sulphate of Ammonia, how much should I use?

- A.** Generally $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. per each year of age in the orchard. *Example:* A tree planted for four years would require 1 lb. Make application out under the drip of the branches, preferably in early Spring just as growth starts.
- 22. Q.** Will fruit trees grow where the soil is poorly drained?
- A.** No fruit tree will grow well where the soil is too wet. Cherry trees in particular will not tolerate the least amount of excess water. On the other hand, Plum and Prune are much more tolerant and will thrive where many other fruit trees would fail. We list them as follows in order of tolerance to wet soil: Prune, Plum, Pear, Apple, Quince, Peach, Apricot, Cherry.
- 23. Q.** Should I trim my trees when planting them?
- A.** It is most important that the pruning be done as we suggest in the planting guide sent with each order. Trees and plants set out in the Fall, however, should not be trimmed until early Spring.
- 24. Q.** Which kind of fruit trees are hardiest?
- A.** Apple, Sour Cherry, and Pear are most hardy. Peach, Apricot, and Sweet Cherry are least hardy.
- 25. Q.** Do you guarantee your trees and plants to grow?
- A.** We guarantee to deliver nursery stock in A-1 condition. Because there are so many conditions over which we or the purchaser have no control, such as adverse seasons, and which may affect the success or failure of the plants, we do not sell on a guaranteed growth basis. However, when losses are reported, we help on the loss. See our guarantee, page 3.
- 26. Q.** How deep should I plant my fruit trees and Raspberry bushes?
- A.** All stock should be planted slightly deeper than it stood in the nursery row. We explain the procedure by description and illustration in the planting guide mailed with your order acknowledgment.
- 27. Q.** My trees blossomed but no fruit was produced. What is the trouble?
- A.** The blossoms could have been killed by early frost or the fruit

bearing part of the blossom could have been destroyed by Winter cold. Most failures of this kind, however, are due to lack of proper pollination. (See comments on pollination in our catalogue.)

- 28. Q.** How many Strawberries, Raspberries, Grapes and Blueberries, and Asparagus should I plant for the average requirement for a family of five?

A. This will depend upon the family appetite for fruit.
Strawberries, 25-200 plants;
Red Raspberries, 10-50 plants;
Grapes, 3-10 plants; Blueberries, 3-10 plants; Asparagus, 50-100 plants.

- 29. Q.** I have several trees 15 years old. How can I keep them from getting too big?

A. After the trees have begun to fruit, you can hold them down by pruning the top heavily. Make a few large cuts, always pruning to an outside lateral branch so as to reduce sucker growth.

- 30. Q.** Will the Strawberry and Raspberry plants I set this Spring produce fruit this year?

A. Ordinarily they will blossom and fruit. However, to increase the bearing surface for a big crop, the next year it is best to remove the blossoms the first season, except from Everbearing varieties.

- 31. Q.** How can I protect my Cherry crop from the birds?

A. Cover the tree with a cheese cloth netting. Write to Kendall Mills, Walpole, Mass. for further details.

- 32. Q.** Why don't you sell 2 year Peach trees?

A. Peach trees get large enough and are sufficiently well branched in one year, the way we grow them.

- 33. Q.** When will dwarf trees bear?

A. They should have a few fruits the second or third year. Production of blossoms or even fruit the first year is not unusual.

- 34. Q.** How can I keep borers out of my trees?

A. Peach tree borer can be controlled by chemical treatment. Write to the New York State Experiment Station, Geneva, N. Y. for their Free Circular No. 172 that gives complete direc-

tions. Apple tree borer is difficult to control but it is much less prevalent where young trees are regularly sprayed. See Question 5. If the tree is already infested the best you can do is to dig the borers out with a knife or wire.

- 35. Q.** Do you sell Black Currant bushes?

A. No, because Government quarantines prohibit their propagation since they are the host plant for rust diseases.

- 36. Q.** How far apart must I plant black and red raspberries and blackberries from each other to prevent mixing or crossing?

A. All kinds of raspberries and blackberries may be planted in adjoining rows without mixing or crossing in the sense in which the question is asked.

Black raspberries sometimes get a mosaic disease from certain red varieties and it is advisable to keep them apart. Indian Summer, Marcy and Milton, are safe as they rarely have mosaic. Columbian purple has mosaic which will spread to and destroy black raspberries. (We offer Sodus Purple, see page 43, which is mosaic free.)

- 37. Q.** Will a dwarf pear tree pollinate a standard pear tree?

A. Yes, so long as the varieties are different pollination is accomplished whether the trees are standard or dwarf.

- 38. Q.** How many apples will a dwarf tree produce?

A. This is, of course, dependent on many conditions, such as the soil and the care which the trees receive. Under average conditions, however, the dwarf apple tree, four to six years old would produce from two to four bushels of fruit.

- 39. Q.** How long does it take a 5-N-1 apple to produce fruit?

A. Under normal conditions, one could expect fruit in from three to four years time.

- 40. Q.** What preparation is necessary for planting trees?

A. For best success, it is necessary to work the ground up in a mellow condition just as you would fit it for planting garden vegetables. Refer to our Planting Guide for complete information.

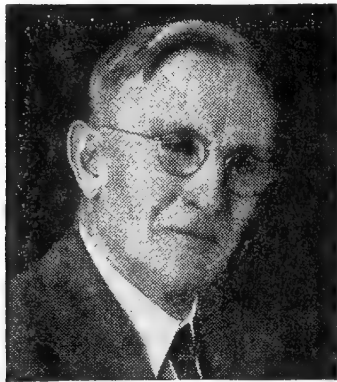
HOW TO FIGURE NUMBER OF PLANTS NEEDED PER ACRE

Multiply the distance the plants are to be set apart by the width of the row. This result divided into 43,460, the number of square feet per acre, is the number of trees or plants required for an acre.

PLANTING DISTANCES

Variety	Age of Bearing	Distance Apart	Number per Acre	Variety	Age of Bearing	Distance Apart	Number per Acre
Apples, Standard	2 to 7 years	35 x 35 ft.	35	Currants	2 years	4 x 4 ft.	2,722
Apples, Dwarf	2 years	15 x 15 ft.	193	Grapes	2 years	6 x 8 ft.	907
Apricots	3 years	20 x 20 ft.	108	Peaches	2 to 3 years	20 x 20 ft.	108
Asparagus, Field	2 years	2 x 5 ft.	4,356	Pears, Standard	3 to 4 years	20 x 20 ft.	108
Asparagus, Garden	2 years	15 in. x 3 ft.	10,249	Pears, Dwarf	2 years	15 x 15 ft.	193
Blackberries	1 year	4 x 6 ft.	1,815	Plums	2 to 3 years	20 x 20 ft.	108
Blueberries	1 to 2 years	3 x 6 ft.	2,420	Quinces	1 to 2 years	15 x 15 ft.	193
Boysenberry	1 year	3 x 4 ft.	3,630	Raspberries	1 to 2 years	3 x 6 ft.	2,420
Cherries, Sour	2 to 3 years	20 x 20 ft.	108	Strawberries, Field	1 year	1 x $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	9,900
Cherries, Sweet	3 to 4 years	25 x 25 ft.	69	Strawberries, Garden	1 year	1 x 2 ft.	21,780

You can enjoy the same success with KELLY TREES



Joe Deyo

Kelly Brothers Nurseries,
Dansville, New York.

Gentlemen:
We have purchased thousands of trees since we have been in the fruit business. My father started back in 1892 with peaches and a few apples. I set 10,000 peach and apple trees in four years starting in 1926. Today, I have 100 acres of apple trees. I have always planted Kelly's trees and found them very satisfactory. When planting more, it will still be Kelly's.

Yours truly,
FRANK S. RHODES,
J. B. Rhodes & Son,
Warwick, New York.

Sept. 25, 1947
Kelly Bros. Nurseries
Gentlemen:

I set my first orchard of Kelly trees in 1926 and was so well pleased that I have been planting them ever since. I am sending my order of 1,000 trees for next spring in early, because I couldn't get all my trees from Kelly's last year. I got some from another nursery and although they were good trees, I don't think they were quite up to the high quality of Kelly's trees. Of the thousands of Kelly's trees I have planted I have never found one that wasn't true to name. Kelly's prompt and courteous service can't be beat.

CHARLES ELIAS,
Highland Orchards,
Westerly, R. I.

October 6, 1947
Kelly Brothers Nurseries
Dansville, N. Y.
Gentlemen:

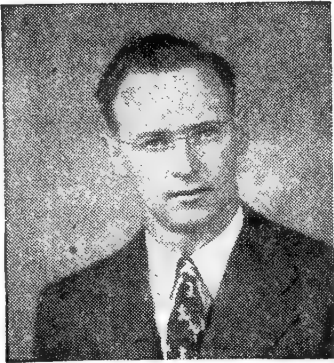
The Deyo family have been growing apples on this farm since 1763. In the early days the apples were made into apple brandy which my great-grandfather sold for fifty cents a gallon.

Fifty years ago the apples were packed in barrels and shipped to New York and England.

Today buyers come to our cold storage and buy direct doing their own trucking.

For the last twenty years we have bought all our trees from Kelly Brothers, we like the trees and we like the Kellys.

Very truly yours,
JOE DEYO.



Richard B. Curtis

Oct. 15, 1947
Kelly Bros. Nurseries, Inc.,
Dansville, N. Y.
Gentlemen:

We have used for many years Kelly Bros. trees with complete faith that we are buying best grown, true to name stock available and have had our faith justified consistently.

RICHARD B. CURTIS,
Manager,
Curtis Orchards, Inc.,
Marlboro, Mass.

Kelly Bros. Nurseries, Inc.,
Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:

Throughout my fruit growing career, I have purchased nursery stock from many concerns, but I found that Kelly's trees were the best I could buy.

So when I originated this new peach variety I naturally turned to Kelly's to propagate the trees for me, and I am well pleased with the result.

GEORGE R. FOWLER,
"Originator of the
Fowler Peach"
Marlboro, N. Y.



Frank S. Rhodes



Charles Elias



Lyle P. Fingar

October 24, 1947
We have been planting Kelly trees for the last twenty-five years. They are good, thrifty stock and true-to-name.

Previously, our father planted your trees and advised his neighbors to buy them.

We have a two-year old Morency block which is worth seeing.

Sincerely yours,
W. L. & L. P. FINGAR,
Germantown, New York.



John M. Bishop

Spencerport, N. Y.,
Oct. 23, 1947

Dear Sirs:

Have been buying your trees for several years and find they are hardy stock, true to name.

Am more than satisfied not only with the trees but also with the service.

Very truly yours,
AMOS W. IRISH.



Amos W. Irish

October 24th, 1947

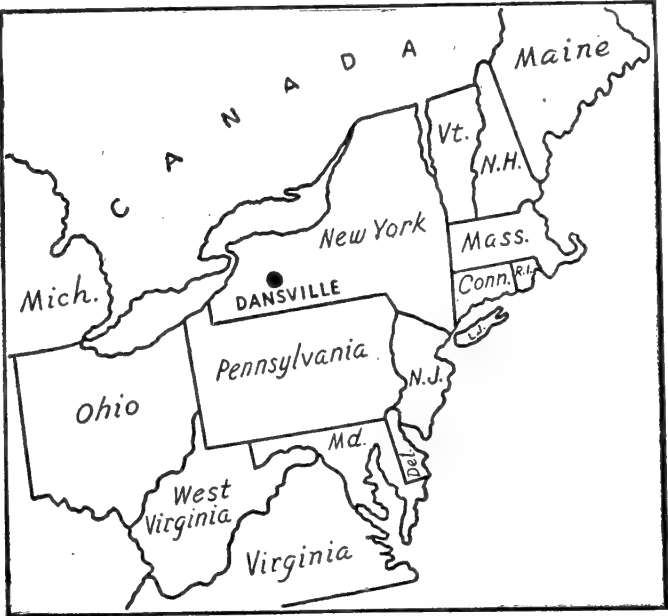
Dear Mr. Kelly:

We would like to let you know how very well pleased we are with your apple, peach and pear trees.

The trees arrived this past Spring in excellent condition and have made exceptional growth throughout the season.

We are thoroughly satisfied with your trees and your service and will be looking forward to doing business again in 1948.

Yours very truly,
JOHN M. BISHOP,
Bishop Farms, Cheshire, Conn.



WHEN BUYING APPLES,
ASK FOR THEM BY NAME

FOR EVERY USE—
"THE FAVORITE SEVEN"



	EATING	PIE and SAUCE	SALAD	BAKED
McINTOSH RED	Best—juicy, aromatic, tender, tart	Fine flavor, cooks quickly, soft, smooth	Fine flavor, flesh tender, white, juicy	Bakes quickly, soft, juicy, rich
BALDWIN	Good—firm, fine flavor	Best—tart, firm, rich light color	Firm, crisp, tart, juicy, light flesh	Holds shape, tart, rich, dark color
NORTHERN SPY	Best—crisp, vinous, rich, acid—tender	Best of all—cooks quickly, pink, juicy	Crisp, tart, rich, juicy, turns dark	Bakes quickly, tender, rich pink, juicy
WEALTHY	Good when well ripened, mildly acid	Fine full Apple flavor, cooks quickly	Firm, crisp, sub-acid, flesh white	Bakes quickly, mildly acid, good color
RED GRAVENSTEIN	Best—early, crisp, aromatic, very juicy	None better, juicy yet firm	Rich, crisp, juicy	Excellent, tender, rich, delicious
CORTLAND	Best—mild, tender, white, digests quickly	Rich, cooks quickly, fluffy, pink, juicy	Best of all, crisp, rich, stays white	Bakes quickly, little sugar, pink, delicious
RED DELICIOUS	Best—sweet, rich, mellow, digests quickly	Very mild	Very mild, rich, tasty, dark, mellow	Good—needs little sugar, dark, firm

AMERICAN FRUIT GROWER

Answers Your Problems in Fruit Growing

Heavy yields of fine fruit are the result of careful plant breeding, but the fruit grower cannot realize the heavy bearing habits of fruit trees and brambles or plants unless he practices proper cultivation and care. To help fruit growers get maximum production from fruit plants is the purpose of the American Fruit Grower.

The leading horticulturists in America will tell you how to plant, fertilize, cultivate, prune, how to control insects and diseases, when and how to harvest your fruit.

The subscription price of American Fruit Grower is only \$1.00 for 3 years. It is published monthly. You get 36 issues for \$1, or less than 3c a copy. If you are not satisfied after a 3-month trial, your money will be refunded. Fill out the enclosed order blank and mail check, money order or bill direct to American Fruit Grower, 1370 Ontario St., Cleveland 13, O.

Only \$1.00 for 3 years

MEET YOUR FRIENDS...THE KELLY BROS. NURSERIES REPRESENTATIVES



Joseph Matthews, Jr.
Milton, N. Y.



Jesse Roberts
Hilton, N. Y.

THESE men are experienced fruit growers and would welcome the opportunity to consult with you with reference to the selection of land for orchard sites, and the selection of varieties proper for your section. If you are planning to set out an orchard, please communicate with us and we would be glad to arrange a meeting with our representative in your section. There is no extra charge for this added service.



Daniel W. Carter
Wilson, N. Y.



Raymond Kusse
Williamson, N. Y.



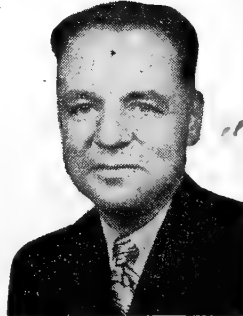
Harrison Dawes
Marlboro, N. Y.

LOUIS W. VARNI

South Glastonbury, Conn.

My father before me and myself have been raising about 100 acres of fruit in this section for the past (40) forty years. Have always used Kelly trees for my major plantings, and tried small lots from other nurseries but always returned to Kelly trees as they have been more reliable and true-to-name.

Will always handle Kelly trees as long as they can supply me.



Louis W. Varni
So. Glastonbury, Conn.



Harry Van Eps
Kent, N. Y.

DORMANT SPRAYING

Apples, Pears, Quinces

Spray in the Spring just before the buds show $\frac{1}{4}$ " green tips (delayed dormant) using 1 cupful Scalecide to each gallon of water. This spray is for red mite, aphid, red bug, and other over-wintering insects. Spray when temperature is warmer than 40°.

Peaches, Plums, Apricots

Spray in the Fall, after most of the foliage is off, or in the Spring before the buds swell, using 1 cupful of Scalecide and 4 teaspoonfuls Sulfocide to each gallon of water. This spray is for scale, brown rot cankers, and leaf curl.

Grapes, Currants, Gooseberries, Blackberries

Spray just before the new growth starts with 1 cupful Scalecide to each gallon of water. This spray is for the insect and canker control and aids to fruitfulness.

Rose Bushes, Shrubs, Trees, Vines

Spray in the Spring, using 1 cupful Scalecide to each gallon of water. This spray is for scale, red mite, and general invigoration.

Conifers, Spruces, Pines, Broad-leaved Evergreens

Spray just before the new growth starts, using $\frac{3}{4}$ cupful Scalecide to 1 gallon of water. This spray is for spruce gall, scale, etc.

FOLIAGE OR SUMMER SPRAYING

Add the following amounts to water in the spray tank in the order named. Mix fresh each time you spray.

Water.....	1 gal.	15 gals.	50 gals.
Spray Catalizer.....	1 teaspoon	8 tablespoons	1 lb.
Arsenate of lead.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoons	12 tablespoons	1 lb.
Sulfocide.....	3 teaspoons	7 ounces	1 qt.
D-X Spray.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoons	$3\frac{1}{2}$ ounces	$\frac{3}{4}$ pt.
or Pratt's 25% DDT.....	2 teaspoons	5 ounces	1 pt.

Always mix the Spray Catalizer and Arsenate of lead together with water to form a thin paste and add to spray tank while agitating, then add Sulfocide and lastly, D-X Spray or Pratt's 25% DDT. Keep agitated while spraying. This combination should be yellowish in color. If spray turns dark brown or black, something is wrong. Do not use it.

Apples, Pears, Quinces

1. Spray when the buds first show pink color.
2. After the most of the petals have fallen.
3. 10 days after petal fall.
4. 10 days after No. 3.
5. Apple maggot spray—apply about July 10.



PRATT'S 622 INSECT REPELLENT

A modern insect repellent. Pratt's 622 Insect Repellent is applied to the face, neck, arms, legs, etc. to repel pestiferous and disease-laden insects. It is only necessary to rub a few drops between the hands and apply to exposed skin or tight fitting clothing. Effective against mosquitoes, flies, fleas, gnats, and chiggers. Used by campers, lumbermen, sportsmen, playing children, and anyone subject to insect attacks.

2 ounce bottles.....50c

Peaches

1. When buds show pink color.
2. When husks begin to split from the fruit.
3. Repeat in two weeks.
4. Use Sulfocide and soap for brown rot when peaches start to ripen.
5. For peach borers use Para-Scalecide in early Fall.

Plums and Cherries

1. Immediately after petals fall.
2. When fruit is the size of small peas.
3. 3 weeks after No. 2 (apply to plums only).

Amounts of Dilute Spray Required

These figures will be fairly accurate for both dormant and summer spraying.

2 to 5 year old trees.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ gal.
6 to 8 year old trees.....	$\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 gal.
9 to 13 year old trees.....	1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ gal.
14 to 18 year old trees.....	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ gal.
19 to 24 year old trees.....	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ gal.
25 to 30 year old trees.....	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 gal.
1 gallon Scalecide makes 16 gallons spray.	
1 gallon Sulfocide makes 200 gallons spray.	
1 gallon D-X Spray makes 400 gallons spray.	

GARDEN SPRAYING

Roses, Gladiolus, and Other Flowers

For aphid, leaf hopper, thrips, red spider, and other insects spray every week or ten days during insect infestation, using 2 teaspoonfuls D-X Spray to each gallon of water. For mildew rust, and black spot occasionally add 2 teaspoonfuls Sulfocide to the above spray.

For Japanese beetles use 4 teaspoonfuls Pratt's 25% DDT to each gallon of water. Apply when insect appears and repeat when necessary.

For gladioli thrips on bulbs use 4 teaspoonfuls Pratt's 25% DDT to each gallon of water. Treat bulbs before storing and before planting.

Beans, Tomatoes and Other Vegetables

For aphid, red spider, spittle bugs, leaf roller, Mexican bean beetle, thrips, cabbage worms, leaf hopper, etc. spray when insects appear and repeat when necessary, using 2 teaspoonfuls D-X Spray to each gallon of water. For asparagus beetle, cucumber beetle, leaf tyer, tomato worm, and similar insects use 3 to 4 teaspoonfuls D-X Spray. For anthracnose, blight, mildew, and fungous diseases occasionally add 2 teaspoonfuls Sulfocide. For late blight on tomatoes use 4 teaspoonfuls Sulfocide to each gallon of water. Spray as soon as transplants are established and repeat weekly.

PRATT'S FLOWER AND VEGETABLE DUST

A superior dust containing 0.75% Rotenone for use in the control of Mexican bean beetles, worms on cabbage, broccoli, and cauliflower, pea aphid, leaf hoppers, and many other insects on flowers and vegetables.

1 lb. sifter canisters.....	\$5.50
5 lb. bags.....	\$1.50



PRATT'S GARDEN DUSTER (GARDEN AND ROSE DUST)

Contains pyrethrum, piperonyl cyclohexanone, rotenone, sulfur, and copper. An all-purpose garden dust for insects and diseases of flowers and vegetables.

1 lb. refillable dust gun.....	\$1.25
2 lb. refill canister.....	\$1.35



FOR THOROUGH PEST CONTROL



Scalecide

The Complete Dormant Spray
"Makes a Tree Outgrow its Troubles"

Scalecide is noted for its effectiveness against scale, aphids, red mite and other pests wintering on the trees. Spray every fruit tree, shade tree, shrub and vine that drops its foliage in Winter with 1 part of Scalecide to 15 parts of water. Spray any time after the foliage is off in the Fall or before the buds show $\frac{1}{4}$ inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of green tips in the Spring, provided the temperature is warmer than 40 degrees. For evergreens use 1 part of Scalecide to 25 parts of water in the Spring just before the new growth starts.

Prices:

1 gal. can..... \$2.00 1 qt. can..... 85c.

Delivered by Parcel Post

Prices of larger quantities for freight delivery on request



Pratt's 25% DDT

Dilutes with Water

Pratt's 25% DDT is the new DDT spray in its most versatile and effective form. For the control of flies, mosquitoes, gnats and fleas in barns, dairies, kennels, outside porches and screens use 1 part to 4 parts of water and spray walls, ceilings and places where the insects may alight. This is a non-inflammable spray. Not intended for the treatment of finished interiors in homes as it is apt to stain. For spraying fruits, vegetables and flowers, use 3 teaspoonfuls Pratt's 25% DDT to each gallon of water. Especially effective against codling moth, leaf roller, leaf hopper, and Japanese beetle.

Prices:

1 gal. can..... \$4.50 $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. bottle..... \$.75
1 qt. can..... 1.50 $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. bottle..... .35

Delivered by Parcel Post



D-X Spray

Kills More Kinds of Insects

A combination of rotenone, pyrethrum and DDT with a wide range of use for spraying fruits, vegetables and flowers. Use 2 teaspoonfuls D-X Spray per gallon of water. It may be used alone or in combination with Spray Catalizer, arsenate of lead and Sulfocide for fruit tree spraying. When combined with arsenate of lead adds greatly to the control of such difficult insects as codling moth, leaf roller, curculio and Japanese beetles.

Prices:

1 gal. can..... \$12.75 $\frac{1}{2}$ pint bottle..... \$1.50
1 qt. can..... 4.75 $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. bottle..... .40

Delivered by Parcel Post

Para-Scalecide

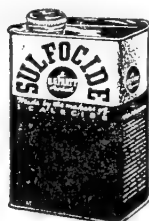
For Peach Borer

Para-Scalecide is a combination of paradichlorobenzene and Scalecide, which makes a liquid application for peach borers that is safe and effective on both young and old trees. It is in great demand wherever Peaches are grown. Dilute 1 part Para-Scalecide in 7 parts of water and pour against base of tree 4 in. to 6 in. above the ground. Apply in early Fall or late Spring. Promptly throw a few shovelfuls of earth against the tree to hold the fumes. Use $\frac{1}{2}$ pint dilute Para-Scalecide for 1- and 2-year-old trees, 1 pint for 3- and 4-year-old trees, $1\frac{1}{2}$ pints for older trees.

Prices:

1 gal. can \$2.50 1 qt. can \$1.00, Delivered Parcel Post

Prices of larger quantities for freight delivery on request



Sulfocide

A Better Summer Spray

Sulfocide is a highly concentrated sulfur fungicide for the control of fungous diseases of fruits, vegetables and flowers, such as apple scab, brown rot of stone fruits, mildew of Roses. When used with arsenate of lead always combine as mentioned above under Spray Catalizer. Also used as a picking time spray to reduce losses from decay enroute to market. For Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Grapes, Strawberries, spray just before picking with 3 teaspoonfuls Sulfocide and 1 teaspoonful of liquid soap per gallon of water.

Prices:

1 gal. can... \$2.75 1 qt. can \$1.25 1 pt. can... 75c.

Delivered by Parcel Post

Prices of larger quantities by freight on request

Spray Catalizer

Spreader and Sticker

A spreader, sticker and peacemaker of sulfur composition. Acts as a softener in lime sulfur and arsenate of lead mixtures. Combinations of Sulfocide and arsenate of lead cannot be made without first mixing the Spray Catalizer and arsenate of lead in the spray tank before adding the Sulfocide. Use 1 rounded teaspoonful Spray Catalizer, $1\frac{1}{2}$ rounded teaspoonfuls arsenate of lead, 3 teaspoonfuls Sulfocide to one gallon of water.

Price:

2-lb. bag..... postpaid, 75c. each



Surfispray

Kills Flies, Mosquitoes, Moths, Fleas

A DDT spray that kills many insects in the home without leaving a stain. Contains 5% DDT fortified with pyrethrum and piperonyl cyclohexanone for quick killing effect while the application is made to surfaces for the residual effect. It is ready to use without dilution and is one of the most effective forms of DDT for home use.

Prices:

1 gal. can... \$2.85 1 qt. can \$1.00 1 pt. bottle... 65c.

Delivered by Parcel Post

Arsenate of Lead

Arsenate of lead is the standard stomach poison for the control of chewing insects on fruit trees, shade trees, vegetables and other plants. An effective combination spray for chewing insects, sucking insects, and fungous diseases, consists of Spray Catalizer, Arsenate of Lead, Sulfocide and D-X Spray. One rounded teaspoonful of arsenate of lead per gallon of water is equivalent to 1 pound of arsenate of lead per 100 gallons of water.

Prices: 4-lb. package... \$1.40 1-lb. package 60c.

Delivered by Parcel Post

Prices of larger quantities for freight delivery on request



TWO "REALLY GOOD" SPRAYERS



ALL-BRASS, PORTABLE CHAMPION SPRAYER

ALL-PURPOSE, KNAPSACK TYPE

No. 1—4¼ Gal. Capacity

\$25³⁵ POSTPAID

The Champion all-brass sprayer is of top quality through and through. Based on years of experiments with leading colleges and growers, it has won friends the world over. Many thousands in use.



Excellent for use in greenhouses because it is compact, leaves hands free for other work

CHAMPION FEATURES

- All-brass construction—non-corroding
- Cylinder made of heavy spun, seamless brass tubing
- Brass agitator, attached to reciprocating cylinder, prevents precipitation and waste
- Liquid is double filtered . . . when poured in and again before reaching nozzle
- Nozzle fully adjustable for any need
- Straps quickly adjusted for carrying on back

SPRAYS ANYTHING

The Champion has gained such wide popularity because it is trouble-free, clog-proof, easy to use and has the power to spray anything, up, down, sidewise, as a mist or 30-foot stream . . . DDT, Insecticides, Fungicides, Oils, Weed Killers, Water Paints, Chemicals. Such versatility makes it ideal equipment for truck gardeners, nurserymen, greenhouses, small fruit growers, dairymen, and estates.

SIMPLE and SAFE TO USE

Operating lever pumps up pressure as needed while on the operator's back and keeps 4¼ gals. or less of any liquid well mixed. Two straps hold form-fitting tank, which is easy and comfortable to carry. No dangerous compressed air tank . . . 200 lbs. pressure produced in sturdy cylinder only.

BUILT TO LAST

The Champion is built for heavy duty and long life. Tank and working parts are all brass. One-year guaranty against defective parts or workmanship.

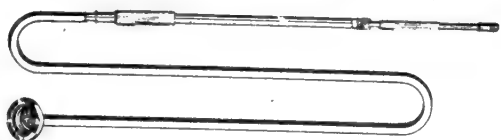


45-degree angle of nozzle makes it easy to direct powerful spray against underside of leaves



Spray or 30-foot stream for trees . . . can be instantly shut off . . . no drenching of operator

CHAMPION SLIDE SPRAYER



*Ideal for the Home
or Small Garden*

\$6⁹⁵ POSTPAID

This low-cost, utility hand sprayer provides the power needed for effective spraying in home vegetable and flower gardens. Piston develops pressure on both in and out strokes of sliding pump for steady, constant spraying. Valves are

non-corroding brass balls which are non-clogging, self-cleaning. Nozzle can be easily adjusted for fine mist or 30-foot stream. Standard equipment includes 4-foot hose with weighted brass strainer for use in any pail or bucket.



Sprays any insecticide, weed killer or water paint as mist or stream

A FAST EASY-TO-USE HEDGE TRIMMER

The Cyclone

Trims Hedges • Shrubs • Bushes

Trimming is 4 to 5 times faster
than old "chip and chop" method



*Hand Operated—Portable and Easy to Use. No
Electric Cords to get Entangled.*

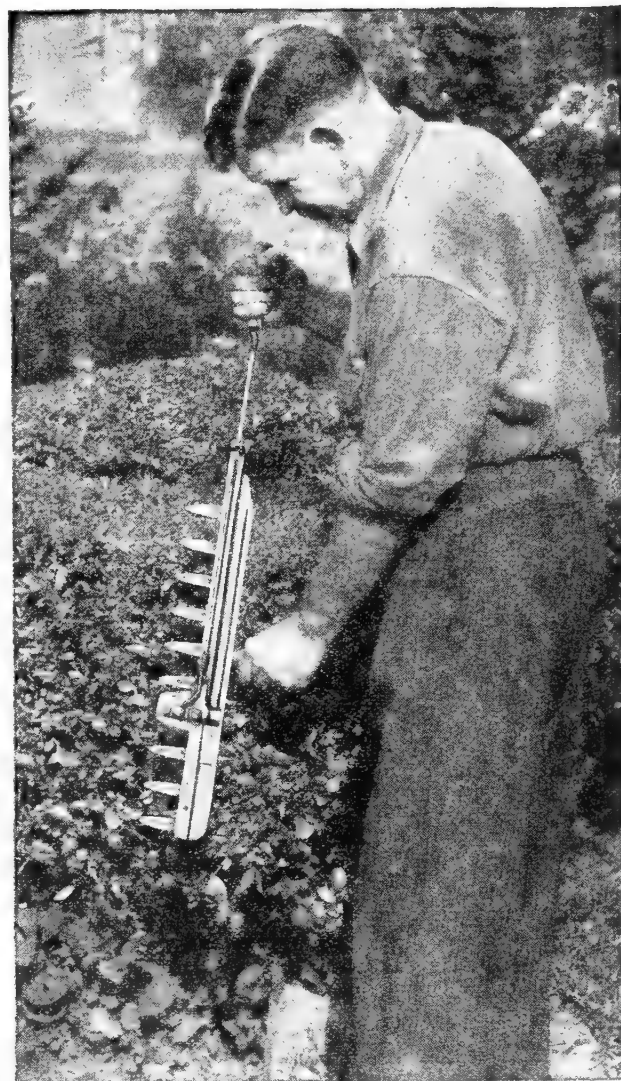
OUTSTANDING FEATURES

- Comb acts as Level and Guide
- Light in weight—only 3½ pounds
- Hardened Steel Comb
- Tool Steel Knife. Cuts in both directions
- Unconditionally Guaranteed

Our Postpaid Price

\$5⁹⁵

Money Refunded if you are
not 100% pleased with
this wonderful Time Saver



The Famous "No. 3 Paragon" Wheelbarrow Sprayer

The PARAGON NO. 3 is a distinct improvement in sprayers of this type—first, in the large, cylindrical strainer, which makes it practically non-clog. The agitator keeps solution thoroughly stirred. Pressure is kept up to a high point steadily because of large air chamber and great leverage.

A well-made handy outfit

Equipped with 12-gallon galvanized tank and truck, three 2½-foot extension rods, 10-foot hose, three nozzles and shut-off.



\$29⁹⁵ Complete

Air Gauge,
\$2.60 extra

SHIPPING
CHARGES
PREPAID

Helpful Books

FOR THE HOME GARDENER

NEW GARDEN ENCYCLOPEDIA

1392 Pages — 10,000 Articles — Over 1500 How-to-do-it Pictures

Edited for American Soils and Climates by E. L. D. Seymour, Assisted by 40 Experts

A veritable shelf of gardening books in one great reference volume. The American gardeners' "Bible." Complete, step-by-step instructions on planning, propagation, and care of every type of vegetable, fruit, berry, tree, flower, evergreen, vine, shrub, cactus; everything that grows! Over one million words of exciting garden help, 10,000 articles packed with more practical gardening information than any other volume published!

\$4.00 Postpaid

10,000 GARDEN QUESTIONS

Really 10 Complete Books in One Volume

Here is a garden book indispensable not only to the beginner but to the oldtimer as well. Its more than 1400 pages are a gold mine of information on just those every day practical garden problems that thousands of amateurs have sought the answers to in books and magazines—and sought in vain.

\$3.95 Postpaid

FRUITS FOR THE HOME GARDEN

You Need this Book—We Recommend It to You

By U. P. Hedrick

Here are practical, detailed, specific instructions from one of the world's greatest authorities on fruits who tells you:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. How to choose the land for your fruit garden | 5. How to prepare the land |
| 2. How many kinds and varieties to plant | 6. How to graft, prune, spray, fertilize |
| 3. The correct distances between rows | 7. How to control orchard pests |
| 4. How to arrange the garden | |

Profusely Illustrated, \$3.00 Postpaid

GRAPES AND WINES

How to Grow Grapes, Make Wine, Use Wine

This book, by the author of "Fruits for the Home Garden", is written for those Americans, growing in number each year, who are learning to make wines and want more information on the subject.

\$3.50 Postpaid

THE COMPLETE BOOK OF GARDEN MAGIC

Roy E. Biles

A book of over 300 pages with hundreds of illustrations, many in full color, which gives you the advantage of the experiences of many mistakes often made by the amateur. This is one of the most complete books we have ever read, giving full information on laying out fruit and ornamental plantings, How to Plant, and Care for different types of plants, including Evergreens, Bulbs, Shrubs, Roses and Fruit Trees.

\$3.50 Postpaid

The "ALL PURPOSE" HOE



JUST WHAT YOU NEED
FOR YOUR GARDEN

\$1.49 POSTPAID

It's a marvelous, quick-operating, lightweight, practical tool that once you've tried you'll never give up. The goose-necked shank permits close cultivation of small plants. It is amazingly efficient for mulching, cultivating and weeding. Weighs only 1½ lbs. but the "All Purpose" Hoe is stronger than most other hoes. Women find that they can use the "All Purpose" Hoe without fatigue. The "All Purpose" Hoe will weed and mulch between plants and in corners that no other hoe can reach. It will dig Dandelions, Plantain and weeds from your lawn without disfiguring it. Blade is the finest, oil-tempered spring steel and has 7 inches of cutting surface. Hardwood handle is 44 inches long, finished in natural color. Shank and blade are bronze welded.

Only a limited number of "All Purpose" Hoes are available. If you want one for your gardening next Summer, send in your order promptly.

Shrubs for Special Purposes

You will find Shrubs priced and described on pages 50-51-52-53.

Vines on page 47. Hedges and Ground Covers on page 36.

Shrubs Especially Adapted for Hedges

For Formal Hedges (Clipped to Shape)

Barberry, Thunbergi
Barberry, Red-leaved
Japan Quince
Privet, Amur River

For Informal Hedges (Unclipped—Natural Growth)

Althea (Rose of Sharon)
Barberry, Thunbergi
Barberry, Red-leaved
Deutzia Gracilis
Honeysuckles, Bush
Japan Quince
Lilacs
Spiraea Van Houttei

Shrubs for Dry Places

Barberry, Thunbergi
Coralberry (Indian Currant)
Forsythia
Honeysuckle (Tartarian)
Privet (Amur River)
Snowberry

Shrubs for Wet Places

Cornus (Dogwoods)
Snowball
Spiraea, Thunbergi

For Shady Banks

Coralberry (Indian Currant)
Honeysuckle (Tartarian)
Snowberry

Shrubs for Winter Effect

Shrubs with Attractive Fruits

Barberry, Thunbergi
Coralberry (Indian Currant)
Honeysuckle, Tartarian
Snowball
Snowberry
Winged Burning Bush (Euonymus)

Shrubs with Attractive Twigs or Bark

Elaeagnus
Kerria Japonica (Globe Flower)
Winged Burning Bush (Euonymus)
Alatus Compactus

For Brilliant Autumn Color

Barberry, Red Leaf
Barberry, Thunbergi
Viburnums
Winged Burning Bush (Euonymus Alatus)

For Adverse City Conditions

Barberry, Thunbergi
Coralberry (Indian Currant)
Honeysuckle, Tartarian
Hydrangea, P. G.
Lilacs, in variety
Privet, Amur River
Snowberry
Spiraea, in variety
Philadelphus Virginalis
Philadelphus Coronarius
Weigela, Eva Rathke
Weigela, Rosea

With Fruits Which Attract Birds

Barberry
Coralberry (Indian Currant)
Dogwood
Honeysuckle (Tartarian)
Snowberry
Viburnums

Small Shrubs

Knee-high to waist-high

Evergreen Bittersweet (Euonymus radicans)
Deutzia gracilis
Hydrangea, A. G.
Spiraea, A. W.
Indian Currant

Medium Shrubs

Below eye-level

Spiraea Thunbergi
Flowering Almond (Prunus glandulosa)
Viburnum Carlesii
Kerria Japonica
Philadelphus Virginalis
Weigela, Eva Rathke
Buddleias—Charming, Dubonnet, Ile de France
Euonymus alatus compactus (Winged Burning Bush)
Snowberry
Barberry Thunbergi
Barberry Red-leaved
Amur River Privet
Hydrangea, P. G.

Large Shrubs

Above eye-level

Forsythia
Japanese Quince (Cydonia japonica)
Rose Tree of China (Prunus Triloba)
Tartarian Honeysuckle
Spiraea, Van Houttei
Snowball (Viburnum Opulus Sterile)
Calycanthus floridus
Rosea Weigela
Beauty Bush (Kolkwitzia)
Philadelphus coronarius
Golden Privet

Very Large Shrubs

Becoming almost tree-like

French Pussy Willow 8-12 ft.
Weigela, variegated
Lilacs (Syringa Vulgaris)
Smoke Tree—Rhus Cotinus
Hydrangea, P. G. (tree form)
Althea (Rose of Sharon)

Vines

For trellises or wire supports

Clematis (all varieties listed)
Hall's Honeysuckle
Gold-Flame Honeysuckle

Taller-growing, for wire or cable support

Bittersweet
Purple Wisteria

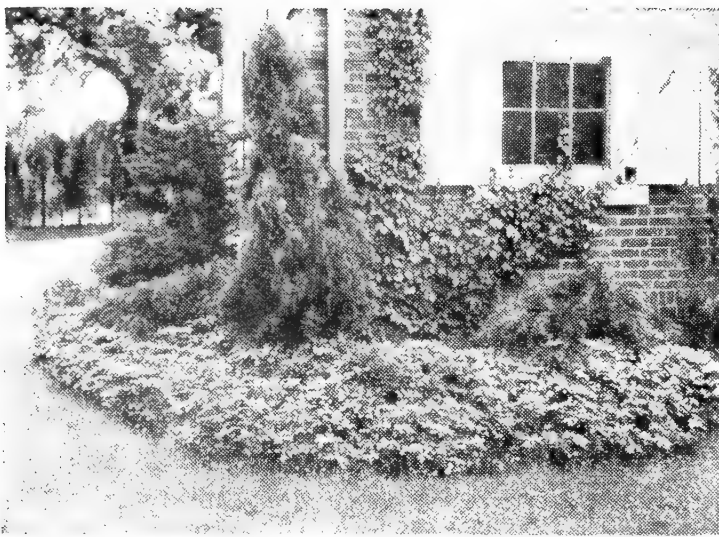
Clinging Vines

For masonry, tree-trunks, etc.

Trumpet creeper (Bignonia radicans)
Evergreen Bittersweet (Euonymus radicans)
Boston Ivy (Ampelopsis veitchi)

Groundcovers

Pachysandra (Japanese Spurge)
Hall's Honeysuckle
Gold-Flame Honeysuckle



2 Ground Covers

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS

(Japanese Spurge)

The most popular of evergreen ground covers. Pachysandra spreads rapidly, giving a finished look to an underplanting. Since it thrives in the shade it is especially useful under dense shade trees where grass will not survive. Also good for a steep bank when mowing is difficult. Very useful as combined ground cover and root protector when planted under Azaleas, Rhododendron, and Laurel. Pachysandra puts the finishing touch to a foundation planting.

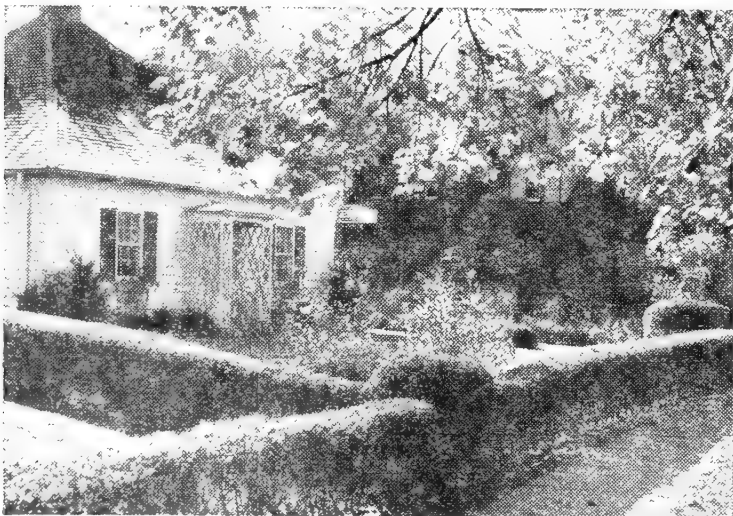
Plant four or more to a square foot.

1 year plants 50 for \$3.50, 100 for \$5.00, 1000 for \$45.00.

HALL'S HONEYSUCKLE VINE

Trumpet shaped flowers of white and gold are very fragrant and remain during the entire Summer until killed by the early Winter freezes. The foliage remains green during the Winter where it has protection of snow or mulch. An excellent ground cover for steep banks. Will also climb on trellis or tree trunk. The fruit is yellow. Very showy against green leaves in the Winter. Often grows to a length of 10 to 15 feet.

60¢ each, 3 for \$1.65, 10 for \$4.50.



Hedges

AMoor RIVER PRIVET

Best for Northeastern Conditions. Will grow 10 Ft. in height but may be pruned to any height and sheared to desired form. Branches are upright, foliage oval or oblong; can be made very dense by pruning. Resembles California Privet in growth. Very hardy and almost an evergreen, holding its green leaves almost all Winter. Strong bushes.

18-24 in. \$1.80 per 10; \$14.00 per 100.

REDLEAF BARBERRY

Very popular for specimen grouping and for edging taller plantings of shrubs or evergreens. Glossy purplish red leaves. Makes a brilliant, colorful hedge.

Special Hedging Size, 12 in. plants 45¢ each, \$4.00 per 10, \$30.00 per 100.

BARBERRY THUNBERGI

The best all-purpose hedge. A shrub of marked excellence because of its bright green foliage, which changes to brilliant colors in the Fall and its bright scarlet berries which are very conspicuous throughout the Winter. Their habit is dwarf and regular spreading. Grows well in the shade and extensively used in landscape work. It is very hardy and has never been known to winterkill. It bears and shears well and makes a dense hedge.

15-18 in., 40¢ each
\$3.50 per 10
\$30.00 per 100

18-24 in., 50¢ each
\$4.50 per 10
\$40.00 per 100

Grow Lots of Berries in Small Space with a **STRAWBERRY BARREL**

All Gardeners have a real interest in the novelty strawberry barrel. Produces a crop of quality fruit in a small space. Adds to the Beauty and Enjoyment of your home garden and yard.

Full instructions sent with each order. The barrel we offer has a 24 gal. capacity, 2 ft. tall, 16" in diameter. Stained green with 25 1 1/4" holes.

Barrel, with full instructions for Planting, sent Express Collect \$4.55

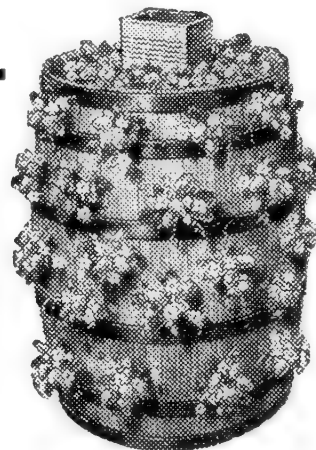
(Shipping Wgt. about 15 lbs.)

25 Premier Strawberry Plants 1.30
(Sent Postpaid)

A \$5.85 Value

For Only \$5.25

Everything you need but the soil and tile for inside drainage.



If you cannot purchase 2 Clay tile 12" in length and 3" in diameter from your local hardware, we can ship 2 Express Collect for 25c each (Shipping Wgt. 15 lbs.)

The "Miracle Plant Food"

Ra-Pid-Gro

A complete, quickly available, easily prepared plant food by merely

*Adding one pound of **Ra-Pid-Gro** to 22 gals. of water*

WHAT IS RA-PID-GRO?

Ra-Pid-Gro is a complete concentrated plant food formula. Easily made into an immediately effective liquid fertilizer by simply adding water. It will speed up growth of plants now in place and will assure more successful transplanting of new plants.

HOW IS IT USED?

Ra-Pid-Gro is so easily prepared for use. Just add water at the rate of 1 lb. of **Ra-Pid-Gro** to 22 gallons of water. Allow to dissolve and it's ready for use. Apply around each plant according to directions on the bag. For use on small numbers of plants mix at the rate of a teaspoonful to the quart of water. Also very valuable for use when transplanting. Dip plants in solution for 3 or 4 minutes, then set in place and water with remainder of liquid. Practically eliminates losses.

WHAT WILL IT DO?

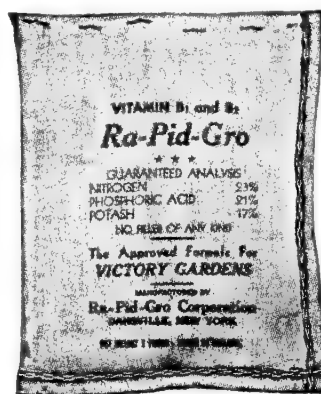
Ra-Pid-Gro will work almost unbelievable miracles in promoting rapid and healthy growth on all types of plants. Use it on lawns, around shade trees, evergreens, shrubs, Roses, perennials, vegetables and house plants. Many times plants which have been given up for dead will respond to applications of **Ra-Pid-Gro**. All the vital plant food elements are present in this remarkable discovery and, since it is applied in liquid form, are readily available to the roots of the plant.

HOW DOES ITS COST COMPARE WITH OTHER FERTILIZERS?

Ra-Pid-Gro is less expensive than other fertilizers. In the larger quantities it makes your fertilizer cost about 1/2c. per pound as against a cost of about 3c. per pound for average fertilizers. Remember, 1 pound of **Ra-Pid-Gro** makes 176 pounds of rich and complete plant food.

Keeps indefinitely if stored in a dry place.

All Prices Are Delivered



1 pound Ra-Pid-Gro \$1.25
(makes 22 gallons)

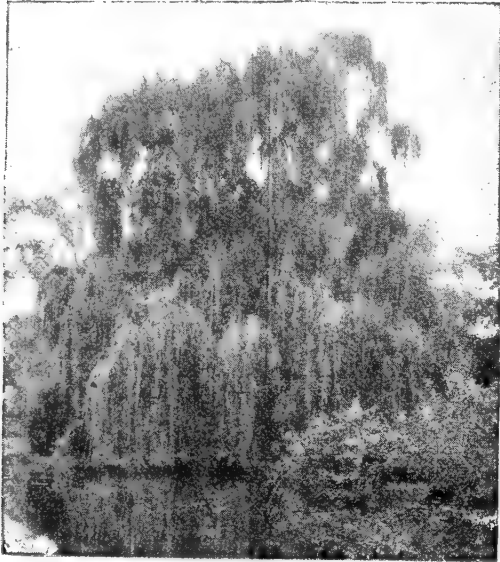
2 pounds Ra-Pid-Gro \$2.35
(makes 44 gallons)

5 pounds Ra-Pid-Gro \$4.50
(makes 110 gallons)

KELLY'S

Fine Ornamental and Shade

TREES



Weeping Willow

(WISCONSIN)

Besides the beauty of its airy Summer foliage, the Willow has a distinctive value in the brightness of its bark, when the leaves have fallen. There are few trees that can be used to such advantage for cheery Winter effects. The Wisconsin Weeping Willow grows fast and is adapted to a variety of soils and uses. Frequent cutting back gives a thicker growth of bright young twigs. The tree is very hardy, and is beautifully effective near pools, along drives and on lawns. Grows 25 to 30 Ft. tall.

6-8 Ft. \$2.25

Purple Fringe

(SMOKE TREE)

A shrub much admired for its curious fringe or hair-like flowers that cover the whole surface of the plant in Midsummer. It creates an effect of mystic clouds entirely covering the plant. Handsome foliage adds its share of beauty to the plant. Likes plenty of sunshine and light, well drained soil. Grows to a height of 10 to 12 Ft. and its spreading habit requires considerable space. Especially desirable as a specimen plant.

18-24 in. plants \$1.25 each



Norway Maple

Many of our streets are lined with the Norway Maple, well liked for its pleasing and familiar symmetrical, dome-shaped head and ability to grow under city conditions. Its dense leaves are rich green in color and held on the tree fully 2 weeks longer in the Fall than those of other Maples finally dropping without much change in color. One of the best trees for street planting or for a lawn specimen where good form and shade are needed. (60 Ft.)

6-8 Ft. \$3.00 8-10 Ft. \$4.00 10-12 Ft. \$5.50



Pin Oak

Queen of All Shade trees. For an aristocrat, attractive shade tree, the Pin Oak cannot be surpassed. In the past this tree has sold at higher prices and, therefore, has not been in general use. It has also been suspected that the tree was a slow grower. This is, however, far from the true fact. The Pin Oak is one of the fastest growing of the Oak family. For street and lawn planting, it has no equal. The foliage is rich green, deeply cut, and colors to a glossy copper late in the Fall. It is not generally bothered by insects or disease, and adapts itself to all locations. At maturity it stands 30 to 40 feet. It grows in a symmetrical pyramidal form.

6-8 Ft. trees, \$6.00 each

5-6 Ft. trees, \$4.00 each

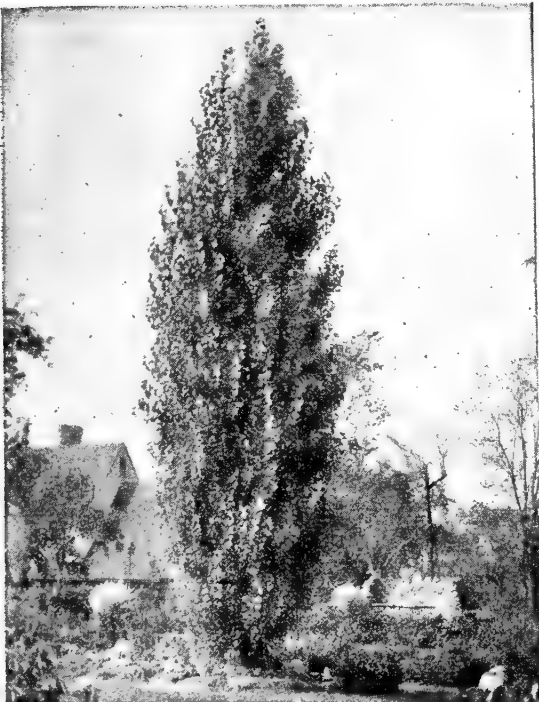
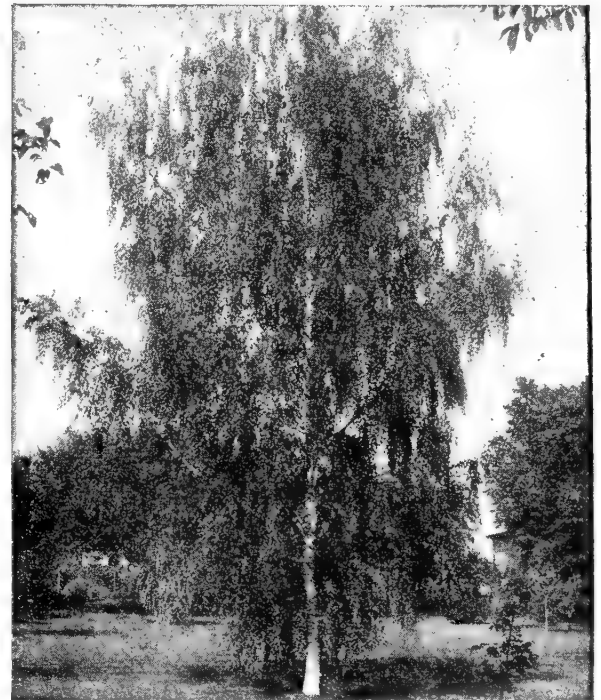
Cut-Leaf Weeping Birch

(SILVER BIRCH)

This stately white trunked weeping tree has delicate threadlike branches that weep in long strings to the ground. One of America's most beautiful shade trees, it grows 20 to 30 Ft. tall. Its bark is gleaming white both Summer and Winter. One of the few Shade trees under which grass will make good growth. A single specimen or group adds distinction to a lawn. The white bark develops a year or two after the tree is planted. It is adapted for the New England conditions.

4-5 Ft. trees

\$3.00 each



Lombardy Poplar

A tall, spire-like tree, effectively used for screen and vertical accents. It is a fast growing tree and does well on a wide range of soils and climatic conditions. It is naturally columnar in growth and needs no pruning. The branches from the ground up, form a stately accent in back-ground planting along drives, alleys and line fences. The trees we offer are well branched and this tree makes as fast growth as any tree which we propagate.

4-5 Ft. windbreak size, 65c each, 10 for \$5.50, 100 for \$40.00

5-6 Ft. specimen size, \$1.00 each, 10 for \$7.50, 100 for \$50.00

6-8 Ft. trees, \$1.25 each, 10 for \$9.95, 100 for \$65.00

8-10 Ft. trees, \$1.75 each, 10 for \$15.00, 100 for \$75.00

See Pages 55 and 56 for additional list of Shade Trees in Color

Kelly's

STRAWBERRIES

**All Strawberries Sent Postpaid or Express Prepaid
ARRIVAL IN GOOD CONDITION GUARANTEED OR WE REPLACE**

DORSETT

An extra early, self-pollinizing offspring of Premier. Does well on poor soil. Berries large, evenly matured, light bright red. Excellent for market or home use.

25 plants \$ 1.30	250 plants \$ 6.50
50 plants \$ 2.10	500 plants \$10.25
100 plants \$ 3.25	1000 plants \$16.50

PREMIER

One of the most popular varieties. Bears over a long season producing a tremendous crop every year; berries are bright scarlet red of excellent flavor and quality. One of the first varieties to ripen.

25 plants \$ 1.30	250 plants \$ 6.50
50 plants \$ 2.10	500 plants \$10.25
100 plants \$ 3.25	1000 plants \$16.50

FAIRFAX

Early; a favorite for quality, flavor and productivity. Large, firm berries throughout the fruiting season. Plant Fairfax for its superb flavor, large size and universal demand. One of the best varieties for home use.

25 plants \$ 1.30	250 plants \$ 6.50
50 plants \$ 2.10	500 plants \$10.25
100 plants \$ 3.25	1000 plants \$16.50

ROBINSON

The elite of all June bearing varieties of Strawberries. Heavy yielder of large, brilliant red, more uniform in size than any other June bearing variety. Shape of berry more round than conical; 3 to 4 days later than Premier. The Robinson brought \$5.00 per crate on the Benton Harbor market, the world's largest growers' market.

25 plants \$ 1.30	250 plants \$ 6.50
50 plants \$ 2.10	500 plants \$10.25
100 plants \$ 3.25	1000 plants \$16.50

CATSKILL

Plants large, very vigorous, yield very heavy crops. Berries very large, slightly irregular in shape, moderately firm, dark red but glossy and attractive, mild sub-acid and good quality.

25 plants \$ 1.30	250 plants \$ 6.50
50 plants \$ 2.10	500 plants \$10.25
100 plants \$ 3.25	1000 plants \$16.50

MAJESTIC

A New Introduction. Here is a brand new Strawberry, and a good one. Patented October 24, 1939. The one outstanding feature of the Majestic is that it outbears every other variety. Blooms late. Ripens midseason. Berries extremely large, conical shape. Bright red in color and fine, firm texture. Has superior shipping qualities. Has a sweet, wild strawberry flavor. Plant disease free. This is a patented variety and plants from this variety cannot be sold without a permit from the patent holder.

25 plants \$ 1.30	250 plants \$ 6.50
50 plants \$ 2.10	500 plants \$10.25
100 plants \$ 3.25	1000 plants \$16.50

SPARKLE LATE

This variety originated at the New Jersey station. It is claimed the best late variety that has been tested at the Geneva, N. Y., Experiment Station. This highest quality strawberry ripens a week later than Premier. It is fairly large, bright red, smooth and firm. Recommended for freezing. The plants are large, vigorous and produce runners freely making a good fruit row. Shows marked resistance to red stele. Sparkle produces an excellent crop. Recommended for the New England States.

25 plants \$ 1.30	250 plants \$ 6.50
50 plants \$ 2.10	500 plants \$10.25
100 plants \$ 3.25	1000 plants \$16.50

Everbearing Varieties

GEM

The most popular and profitable everbearing variety. The bright red berries are large, good quality, ripen evenly without having green tips. Will bear some fruit this Summer and a good crop in the Fall. Plants are hardy and vigorous growers. Self-pollinizing so can be planted alone.

25 plants \$ 1.90	250 plants \$ 9.70
50 plants \$ 3.10	500 plants \$15.25
100 plants \$ 4.85	1000 plants \$24.50

OLD GLORY

Everbearing. Set out in the Spring they will bear all Summer and up to severe frost. They will bear again in the Spring and again the next Fall. Berries are firm, deep red all the way through and "honey-sweet" in flavor. Does well in any location and is a variety suitable for the small garden as well as the large grower. Heaviest yielder of All Everbearers we have tested.

25 plants \$ 2.40	250 plants \$12.50
50 plants \$ 3.95	500 plants \$19.50
100 plants \$ 6.25	1000 plants \$31.50

STREAMLINER

Sensational New Strawberry. Everbearing. Increasing in popularity year by year, this new Strawberry is truly sensational. "Sweet as honey"—fine for freezing—tops for shortcakes—wonderful for canning. The glossy-red, jumbo-sized berries are borne in profusion from July until November. Up to a quart of berries per plant.

25 plants \$ 2.55	250 plants \$14.50
50 plants \$ 4.55	500 plants \$22.70
100 plants \$ 7.25	1000 plants \$36.50

Write for prices on Larger Quantities

NOTE—All varieties we offer are perfect flowering and therefore can be planted alone. However to have Strawberries over a long season, it is best to plant more than one variety.

at lowest publishers' prices. Save time, trouble and postage and be assured of safe, fast service. Each magazine may be sent to a different name, if you like. Just write name of magazines and subscribers' names and addresses on separate piece of paper.

PUBLICATION 1 yr. 2 yrs.

For the Whole Family

Pathfinder, (News Magazine).....	<input type="checkbox"/>	\$2.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	\$3.00
Reader's Digest.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00
Cosmopolitan.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.50
Coronet.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00
Redbook.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.00
Photoplay.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	1.80	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00
American Home.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.00
Christian Herald.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00
Holiday.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	8.00
Flower Grower.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.00
Farm Journal and Farmer's Wife.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 yrs. 2.00

For Womenfolks

McCall's.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.00
Ladies' Home Journal.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00
Parents.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.75
True Romance.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	1.80	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00
The Woman (a Digest).....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00

For Menfolks

American Fruit Grower.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 yrs. 1.00
American Poultry Journal.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	5 yrs. 2.00
Outdoors.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00

For Youngfolks

American Girl.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00
Child Life.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.00
Jack and Jill.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.50	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.00
Open Road.....	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.50

Mail Today with remittance (our risk) direct to:

FARM JOURNAL and FARMER'S WIFE, Dept. C
Farm Journal Bldg., Philadelphia 5, Pa.

Enclosed find \$..... for which send the publications marked with an X. If some are to be sent to other names and addresses, I have written them on separate sheet attached.

Name..... Middle Initial..... Last Name.....
Please Print: First Name

R.F.D.Box..... or Street.....
if you live on a R.F.D. put route number above for prompt service.

P. O. State.....
Note: No orders accepted for addresses outside United States.

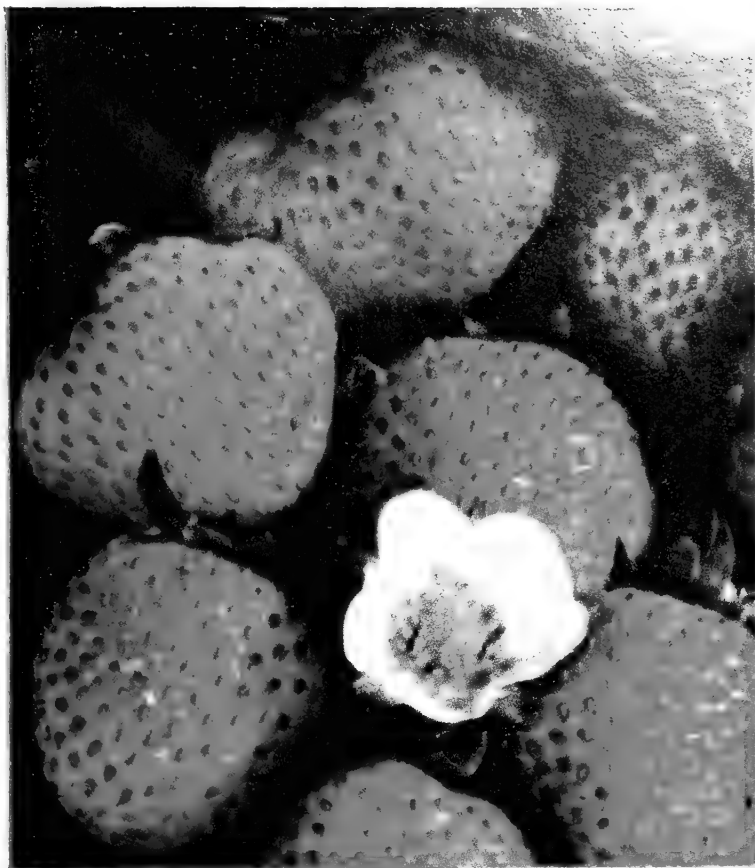
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KELLY BROTHERS NURSERIES, INC.

A New Service for Our Friends

ORDER YOUR FAVORITE MAGAZINES THE
CONVENIENT WAY. SEE OTHER SIDE.



STRAWBERRIES



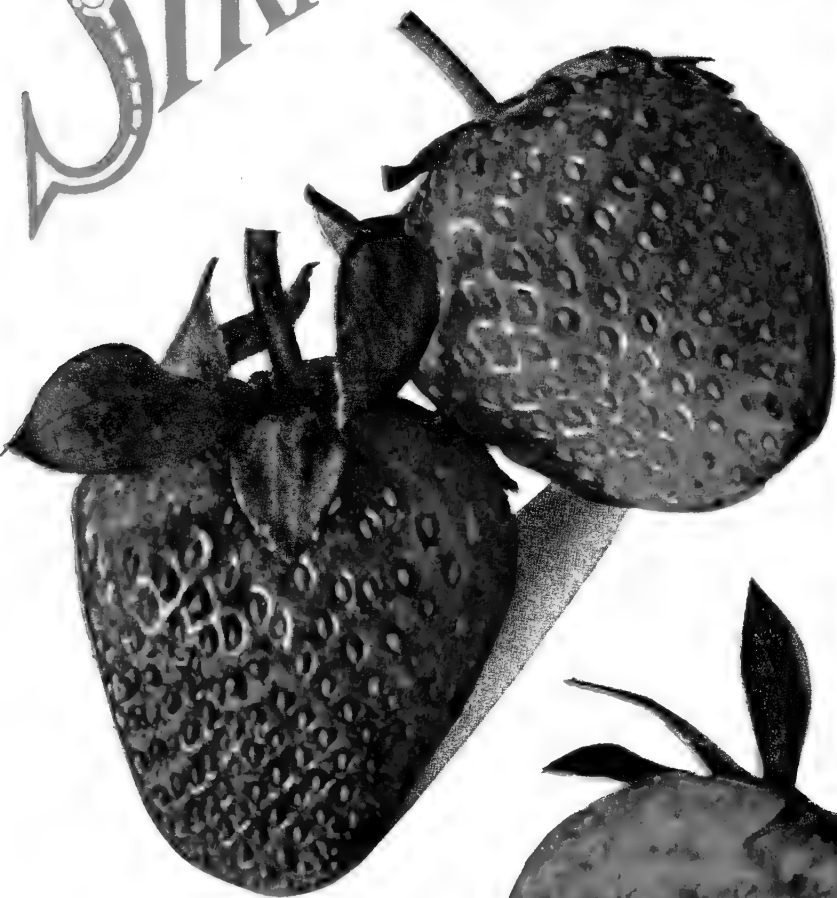
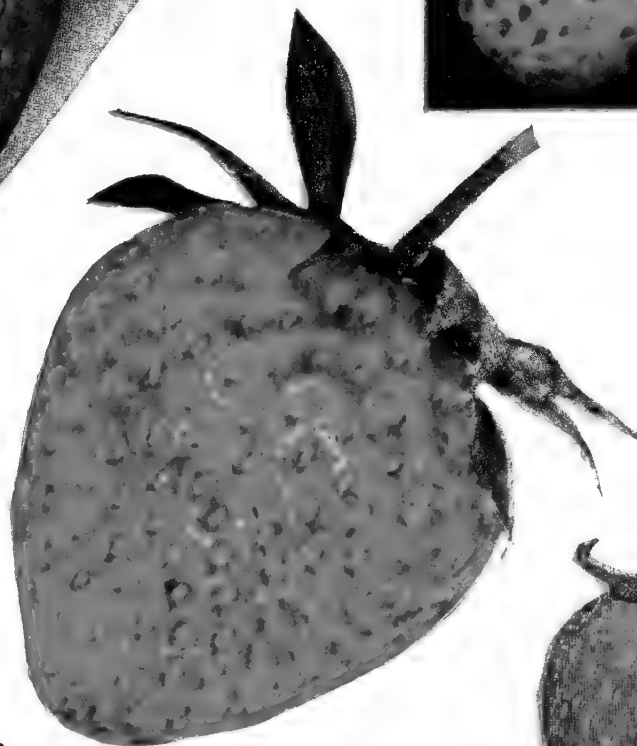
STREAMLINER (Everbearing)
The Queen of Everbearers



PREMIER



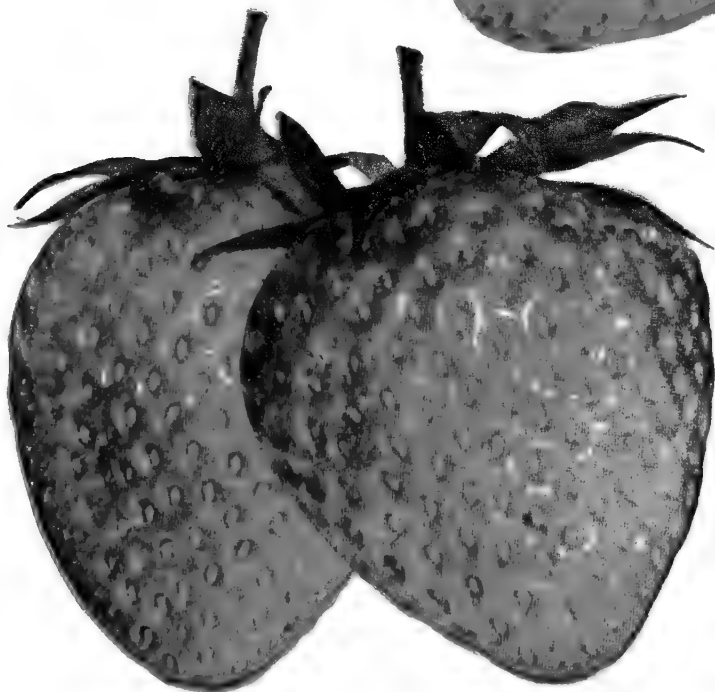
OLD GLORY
A Heavy Yielder



SPARKLE
A New Berry for
Freezing



MAJESTIC
Sweet as Honey



RASPBERRIES

Prices, Unless Otherwise Noted 1 YEAR, SELECTED PLANTS:
 10 for \$2.25, 25 for \$4.10, 50 for \$7.10, 100 for \$12.25, 250 for \$26.00,
 500 for \$43.00, 1000 for \$75.00

*Refer to Our Planting Guide Sent with Each Order, for Cultural Directions
 See Pages 22 and 23 of this Catalog for Planting Information*

TAYLOR

This new red Raspberry promises to be the best of them all for New York and the northern states. Plants are vigorous, hardy, productive, tall growing and increase rapidly. Sturdy canes hold the berries well off the ground. The berries are bright, attractive red, thick-fleshed, firm and of excellent quality.

July 8th-12th

New MILTON

NOW AT REGULAR PRICES

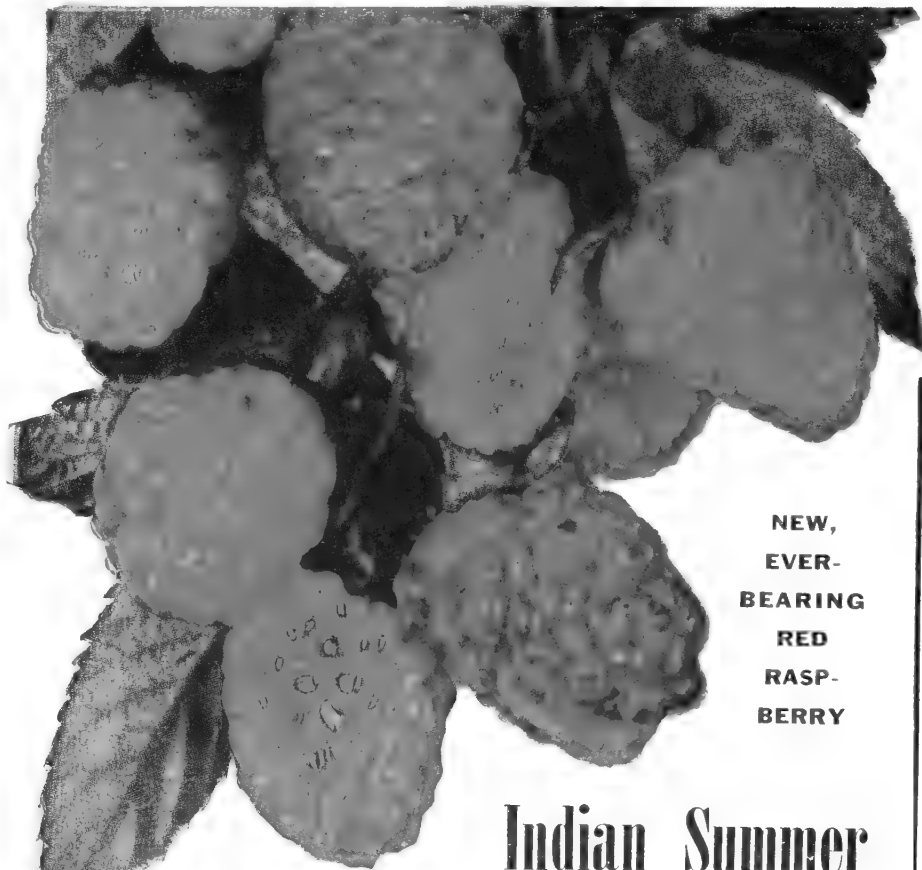
Is a late variety for market and home use. The berries are large, long conic, resembling those of the Taylor in size and shape. They are attractive, bright red, firm, not crumbling, mild subacid and good. It ripens two or three days later than Taylor and Latham. The plants are vigorous, productive and hardy. Milton has remained free from mosaic, in a test planting, in the Hudson Valley, where numerous other varieties soon become infected. This freedom from mosaic is an important reason why the seedling was named and introduced for more extensive testing by growers.

MORRISON

A GIANT NEW BLACK RASPBERRY

This variety, which originated in Northern Ohio is highly praised by growers everywhere. Extremely large, shiny, jet black berries of fine flavor and less seedy than other sorts; excellent for market and home use. The strong, vigorous vines are very productive and free from disease and very long lived. We recommend this variety without reservation to those who want the best Black Raspberry.

Refer to Our PLANTING GUIDE sent with each order for Cultural Directions See also pages 22 and 23 of this catalog



**NEW,
EVER-
BEARING
RED
RASP-
BERRY**

Indian Summer

10 CHOICE EVERBEARING PLANTS—\$2.50

The New Red Raspberry introduced by the New York State Experiment Station. Far superior to the other Everbearing varieties. The Summer crop ripens early in July; the Autumn crop starts early in September and continues until a severe frost. Plant is hardy and a vigorous grower, bears heavy crops. The berries are large, round, and dark red. Rich flavor of excellent quality equaled by few other berries.

10 for.....	\$2.50	50 for.....	\$8.00	250 for.....	\$28.00
25 for.....	5.00	100 for.....	13.00	500 for.....	45.00
		1000 for.....	\$80.00		

CUMBERLAND

The Leading Late Black-cap

Produces large, jet black fruit, firm and of excellent quality. Starts to ripen in midseason, continuing for several weeks. Fruit is large, plump, sweet and juicy with a true "black cap" flavor all its own. Free from seediness and crumbling and an ideal shipper.

The most popular of all black varieties wherever Black Caps are grown.

July 5th-10th

10 for.....	\$1.80	100 for.....	\$9.90
25 for.....	3.30	250 for.....	20.00
50 for.....	5.70	500 for.....	34.50
		1000 for.....	\$60.00

for Home and Market



Purple
Sodus

SODUS

(PURPLE)

Purple The leading purple Raspberry. Recently introduced by New York State Experiment Station. Berries are very large, firm, sprightly and good in quality. **The plants are very vigorous, very productive, and hardy.** More resistant to drought than the old Columbian and yields good crop every year; it ripens shortly after Latham. *July 10th-12th*

LATHAM—THE LEADING RED RASPBERRY

10 CHOICE PLANTS \$2.25

The leading Red Raspberry in all parts of the country. Latham is free from insects and diseases and multiplies rapidly. Berries are large, plump, juicy, free from seediness and full of delicious flavor. Very hardy; cold weather seems to have no effect on its bearing ability. Marvelous keeping quality makes Latham a favored shipping and freezing variety. Fruit usually ripens *July 1st-10th*.

1 YEAR SELECTED PLANTS: 10 for... \$2.25 25 for... \$4.10 50 for... \$7.10
100 for... \$12.25 250 for... \$26.00 500 for... \$43.00 1000 for... \$75.00

NEWBURGH

Is proving to be a very satisfactory berry for market purposes. Fruit is very large, attractive bright red; very firm, does not crumble. In keeping and shipping quality it has no superior. Vigorous, hardy and very productive, the weight of the fruit is so great that the canes are often bent to the ground. The fruit is borne out in the open where it may be readily picked. *July 4th-6th*

Blackberries

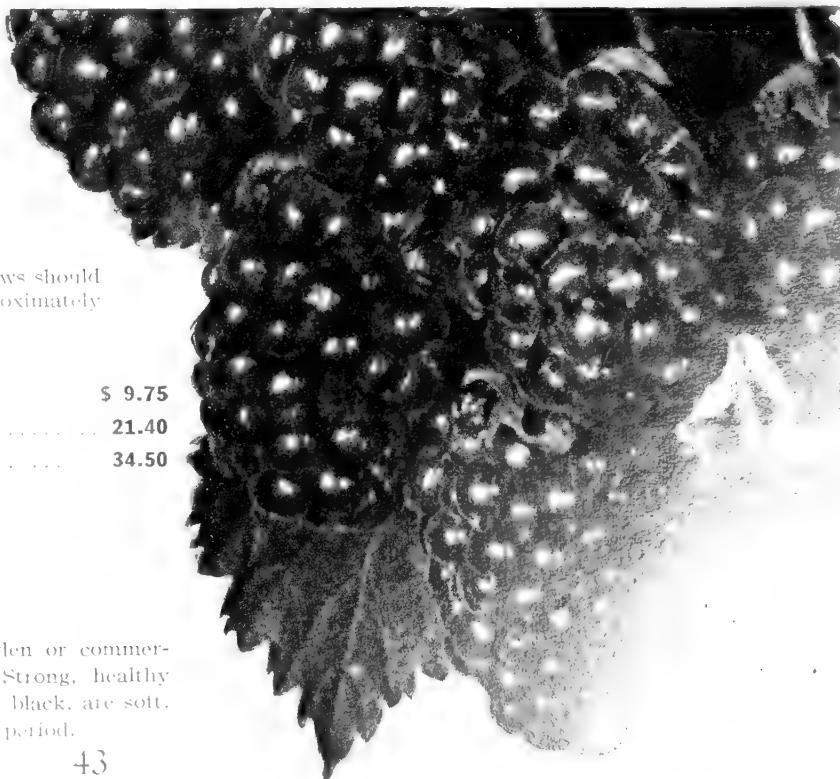
Blackberries thrive best on fertile loam. The rows should be about 6 feet apart, with each plant approximately 2 feet apart in the row.

LARGE, NO. 1 PLANTS:

10 for.....	\$ 1.80	100 for.....	\$ 9.75
25 for.....	3.30	250 for.....	21.40
50 for.....	5.70	500 for.....	34.50
1000 for.....			\$60.00

ELDORADO

Without doubt the most popular variety. Ideal for small garden or commercial planting. Plants are hardy and produce heavy crops. Strong, healthy grower, resistant to disease. The berries are large, elongated, jet black, are soft. Flesh juicy. Moderately firm and sweet. Ripens over a long period.



Plant Kelly For Quick

Grape Vines last a lifetime. Plant our selected plants. Guaranteed to be the finest plants grown. Easy to grow, adapted for a wide range of soil and climate. Prolific bearers. Fruit ideal for dessert, jelly, jam, or juice. Full planting instructions with each order.

**PRICES—All Varieties, Except as Noted —
SELECT, 2-YEAR, NO. 1 VINES**

Each.....55c. 3 for.....\$1.50 10 for....\$4.00
50 for.....\$14.00 100 for....\$22.00

CONCORD (Blue)

The leading commercial Grape. Color blue-black; bunches and berries large. Hardy, productive and an excellent shipper. Succeeds over large area. Excellent for Grape juice. *September 25th to 30th*

Bronx Seedless

Portland
Grape

The
Best
White
Grape

PORTLAND

Holds first place among Grapes as an early white variety. Vine is hardy, productive and healthy. Bunches and berries larger than any other white Grape.

September 1st to 8th

NIAGARA (White)

The most popular white Grape. Bunches and berries extra large. Vigorous, productive and a good keeper.

September 25th to 30th

CACO (Red)

A new red Grape which is proving to be a great favorite. Berries very large and sweet. A dandy variety for the home vineyard or Grape trellis.

September 28th-October 3rd

BRONX SEEDLESS (Red) A GRAND NEW GRAPE

This new red Grape is the best seedless variety available today. Clusters are large, very long, attractive. Some of bearing vines produced clusters this year 12 inches long. Berries large, entirely seedless, firm, crisp. May be eaten with skin as California Grapes. Excellent in quality. Vine vigorous, productive.

Ripens September 20th

1-YEAR SELECTED VINES—\$1.25 each, 3 for \$3.25

Grapes Results

Van Buren

BUFFALO

A New Grape

New, early black Grape, ripening first week in September. Desirable for dessert and wine. Vine is a vigorous grower and very prolific. You'll like these sweet, juicy Grapes.

Medium to large in size. Order a vine today. Supply limited.

1-YEAR SELECTED VINES

Each \$1.25
3 for \$3.25

Golden Muscat

Wonderful new golden yellow Grape. For home use and roadside market it is one of the best. Possesses rich golden color and fine muscat aroma of European Muscat. Vine is vigorous, productive. The clusters are very large and compact. Berries are large, juicy, sweet and tender.

October 5th-10th

SELECTED, 2-YEAR VINES

\$1.10 each 3 for \$2.95

DELAWARE (Red)

Bunches and berries small. Light red, unusually sweet and delicious. One of the best red varieties.

September 20th

SHERIDAN (Black)

An improved Concord with firmer, sweeter berries. Large and more compact.

September 27th-October 5th

WORDEN (Black)

A large, early black Grape of fine quality. Berries and bunches large.

September 20th to 25th



Van Buren (Black)

Best new, early Grape. Desirable for home and commercial planting. Resembles Concord, but much sweeter. *August 28th to September 2d*

SELECTED, 2-YEAR VINES:

\$1.00 each 3 for \$2.85

New Buffalo

FREDONIA

The leading early Black Grape. An introduction of the New York State Experiment Station. Plant is a strong, healthy grower. Clusters medium in size. Berries large and juicy.

September 5th to 10th

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

1 CONCORD (Blue)

1 PORTLAND (White)

1 FREDONIA (Blue)

1 CACO (Red)
1 NEW BRONX SEEDLESS (Red)

All Five For Only \$2.⁵⁵ By Mail Postpaid

GRAPE COLLECTION

KELLY'S BLUEBERRIES

Blueberries require an acid soil which contains an abundance of peat moss or other partly decayed vegetable matter. If your soil is deficient in this material, a heavy application of peat, rotted sawdust, or aluminum sulphate should be made and worked into the top 6 inches of soil. See Page 22. Plant 3 or 4 feet apart, in rows 6 to 8 feet apart. Will produce satisfactorily for 50 years or more. For proper pollination, plant two or more varieties. We recommend the following:

See Page 22 for
Cultural Directions

	Each	3-9	10-29
	Each	Each	Each
6 to 12 in	\$1.25	\$1.05	\$0.90
12 to 18 in	1.65	1.40	1.20
18 to 24 in	2.50	2.10	1.80

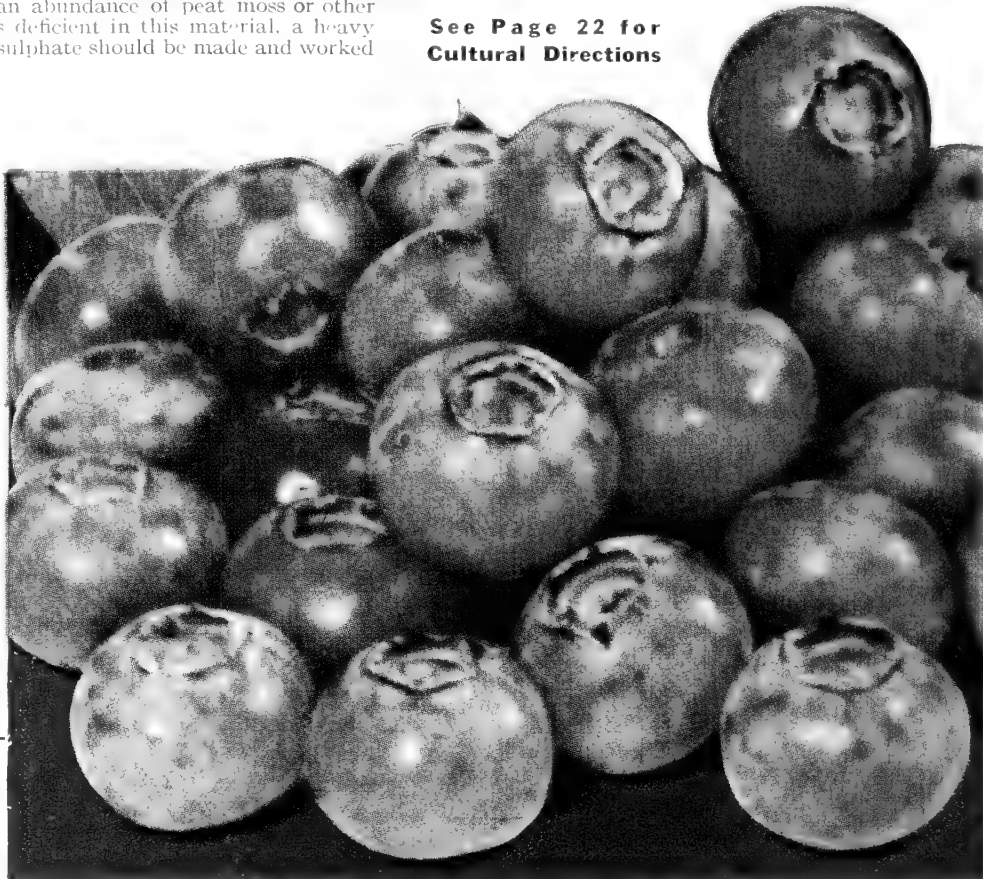
Write for prices on larger quantities

CABOT (Early). Bush is rather low and spreading seldom reaching a height exceeding 4 feet. One of the earliest varieties, a good producer, excellent flavor, and a good shipper. Fruit is large, firm, and attractive.

RANCOCAS (Midseason). Popular. Ripens about two weeks after Cabot. The bush is tall, vigorous and productive. The fruit is large, light blue, firm and attractive.

STANLEY (Late). Plants tall, vigorous, with large, thick, shiny leaves and productive. Fruit large, pertumed and most delicious in flavor; ripens late midseason. One of the most promising new varieties; should be planted by all growers for market and home use.

JERSEY (Late). Tall, well shaped bush. Attractive appearance. An excellent producer. Large, good quality berry.



ASPARAGUS - Healthful

You'll be surprised how easy it is to grow Asparagus sufficient for a family of four or five. It is very healthful, rich in minerals and vitamins. Every garden should have some. Protect your families' health and enjoy this tender, delicious vegetable. Room required is very small. Complete planting and cultural directions sent free with each order.

MARY WASHINGTON

The Outstanding Variety

This is, without doubt, the best variety at this time. It is a very strong grower, stalk giant size, green color, rich and tender. In addition to being very productive it is rust-resistant and a bed will last for years.

PRICES ASPARAGUS ROOTS

	25	50	100	500	1000
2 year, No. 1	\$2.05	\$3.35	\$5.40	\$16.90	\$27.00
1 year, No. 1	1.30	2.15	3.40	10.65	17.00

NEW, DELICIOUS McDONALD

RED RHUBARB

Introduced by McDonald College, Quebec, Canada. Considered the finest of all Rhubarb. A heavy producer. Giant size stalks, 18-24 inches long, two to three times larger than the common Rhubarb. Sweeter and more tender. Use it all Spring and most of the Summer. Its red skin and white flesh makes the finest looking and best tasting Rhubarb sauce and pie you ever ate. Practically seedless, grown only from divisions.

75c. each, 3 for \$2.00, 10 for \$6.00

RUBY RED

Another new red Rhubarb introduced from Canada. The stalks are intensely red, even the flesh is red. Rhubarb sauce made from Ruby is as red as Strawberry sauce. The skin is so tender it can be cooked with the stalk. Prolific yielder. The stalks are smaller than McDonald.

85c. each, 3 for \$2.25, 10 for \$6.50



Rhubarb



Silver Lace Vine

Climbing Vines

ALL KELLY VINES ARE SURE TO FLOWER FIRST SEASON AFTER PLANTING

AMPELOPSIS veitchi (Boston Ivy). Especially recommended for covering smooth concrete, brick or stone walls. Its blue berries are most attractive against the Fall colors of crimson and yellow. Will grow up to 40 feet high, and cover a large area of building surface. **75c. each, 3 for \$2.10**

Plant Vines for their cool shade, lovely flowers, and rich green, screening foliage



Boston Ivy

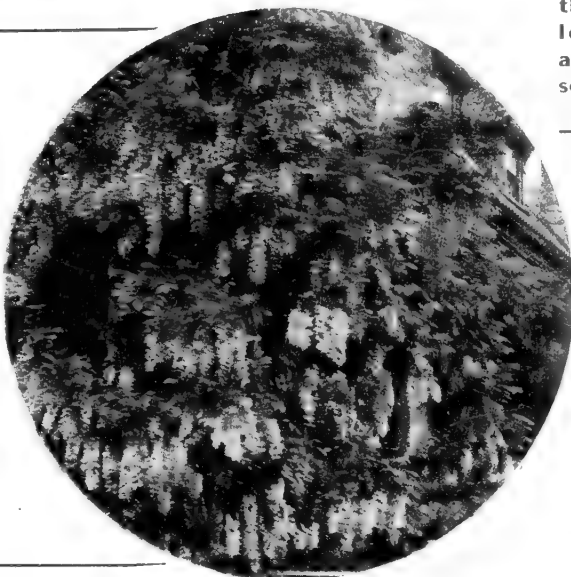


Trumpet Creeper

WISTERIA (Purple)

One of the most popular and best beloved of all the vines. Will climb conductor pipes, wires or limbs with strong grip and its heavy clusters of purple blooms look like giant clusters of purple grapes hanging from it. Wood is so strong and vigorous that this vine can be trained into a small tree, and while as a vine, it blooms in May and June, it will bloom two or three times during Summer when trained into tree form. Grafted plants sure to bloom.

Each.....\$1.25
2 for.....2.35

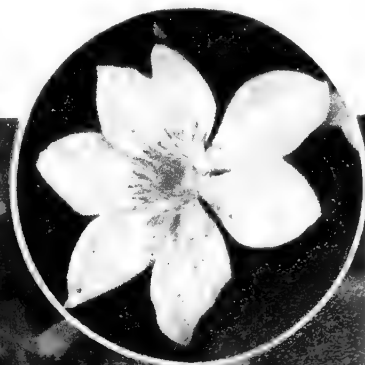


BITTERSWEET (Celastrus scandens). This is the old fashioned Winter bouquet variety that is native to most of the United States and is so common on the public markets around Thanksgiving time. Its large clusters of orange and crimson berries are in great demand. **75c. each, 3 for \$2.10**

CLEMATIS henryi. Gorgeous, pure white. Very large flowers all Summer long. **\$1.25 each, 2 for \$2.25**

CLEMATIS jackmani. This rapid grower is very generous with its very large, single, purple blooms, from July to September. **\$1.25 each, 2 for \$2.25**

Clematis Henryi



CLEMATIS, Mme. Edouard Andre. A new variety which is a velvety brick red. Its crimson blooms put on a most attractive display from July to September. **\$1.25 each, 2 for \$2.25**

CLEMATIS paniculata (Sweet-scented Clematis). Comes at a time in the early Fall when there are not as many flowers available, and is most welcome with its tiny, star-shaped white flowers, which are extremely fragrant. **75c. each, 2 for \$1.35**

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE. A very rapid growing vine, which on account of its large, heart shaped leaves is desirable when dense shade is required. Obtains its name from its peculiar brownish flowers, resembling in shape a miniature pipe. **\$1.25 each, 2 for \$2.25**

EVERGREEN BITTERSWEET (Euonymus radicans vegetus). Will climb either brick or wood, but will not cling to stucco. The dark green, leathery leaves remain during the entire Winter and form a perfect background for its large, red, bittersweet berries. Besides its beauty as a climber, it can be kept trimmed into a most attractive, evergreen shrub. No better ground cover for steep banks can be found. **\$1.00 each, 2 for \$1.90**

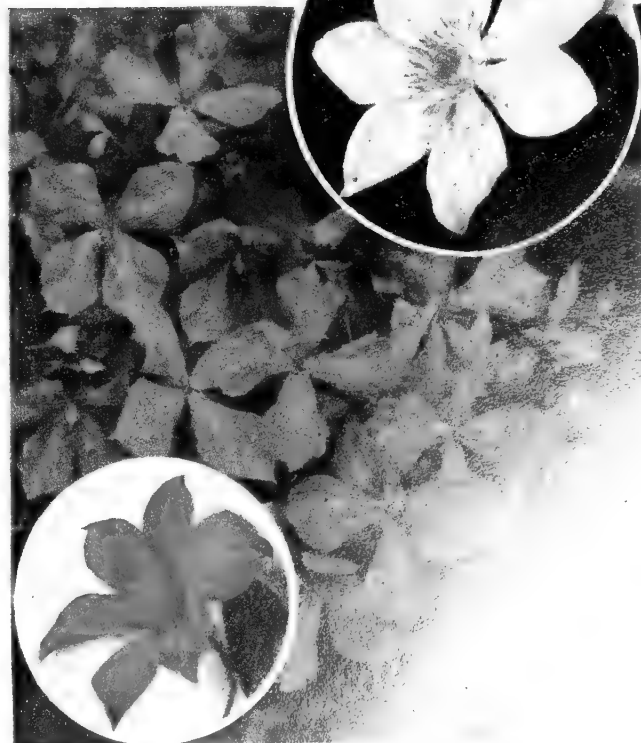
HALL'S HONEYSUCKLE VINE. See page 36 for description and prices.

SILVERLACE VINE (Fleecelower). The delicate, fleecelike flower resembles the finest white lace. The light green foliage makes a perfect companion for such dainty flowers. Blooms heavily from Midsummer until Fall. Grows about 20 feet the first season. **\$1.00 each, 2 for \$1.90**

TRUMPETCREEPER (Bignonia radicans). An old favorite that will stand the most severe climatic conditions; will cling to any rough surface. The 6 in. long flowers at the ends of the branches are in clusters and are long, trumpet shaped and brilliant orange red. **60c. each, 3 for \$1.65**



Evergreen Bittersweet



Mme. Edouard Andre

Jackmani

From the hundreds of popular Rose varieties Mrs. Kelly has selected these as sure to please you. They are easy to grow, will provide abundant blooms and will last for years.



Mrs. Wm. F. Kelly

Mrs. Kelly's Rose Garden

Kelly's Superb Rose Garden
15 Choice Roses \$13.50

Those shown on these pages and on the back cover



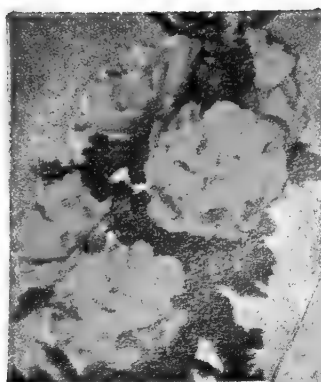
KELLY'S ROSE BUSHES are grown by experts carefully graded and stored to insure your planting success. All are 2-year, field-grown, well-branched bushes of highest quality. Each \$1.00, 3 for \$2.85.

9 Choice Roses for only \$8.50

- 1—**CALEDONIA.** Large white, very double, hardy and long lasting. Slightly fragrant.
- 2—**POINSETTIA.** Striking, brilliant red Rose with long pointed buds.
- 3—**TALISMAN.** Highest-colored of the garden Roses. Shades of yellow, orange, rose and red.
- 4—**MCGREDY'S YELLOW.** Lovely soft yellow. Blooms continuously for a long period.
- 5—**BETTY UPRICHARD.** Carmine buds opening to salmon-rose. Very large flowers.
- 6—**ETOILE DE HOLLANDE.** Bright red, large, loose-petaled flowers. Very fragrant.
- 7—**HINRICH GAEDE.** Orange-yellow flushed with Nasturtium-red. Very large flowers.
- 8—**PICTURE.** A new, very popular variety. Pink with gold at base of petals.
- 9—**ROUGE MALLERIN.** Large, dark red; very double flowers.



Kelly's Shrubs



Red
Purple
Pink



ALTHEAS

Shamrock green leaves form backdrop for double, Rose-like flowers. A most welcome sight in late Fall.

4 Colors:

PINK
PURPLE
RED
WHITE
6-8 feet



Red-Leaved Barberry

Prices, except as noted:
STRONG, 2 YEAR, NO. 1

BLOOMING SIZE

65c. each 3 for \$1.80
10 for \$5.50

Alike or Assorted

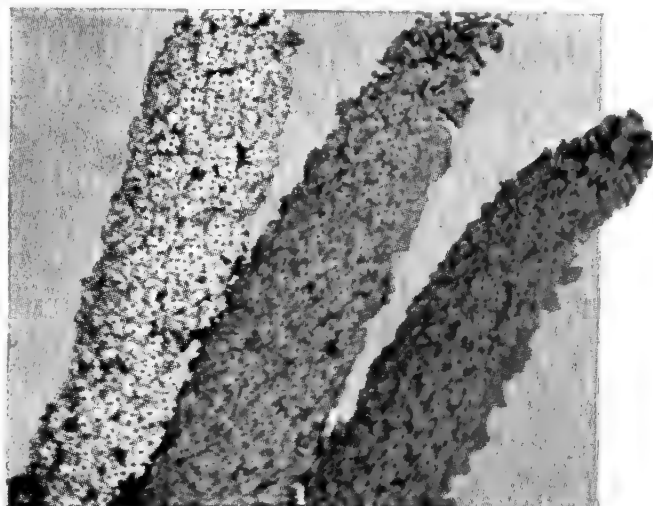
Flowering QUINCE

(*Cydonia Japonica*)

An oldtime garden favorite shrub. Scarlet red and shades of orange and pink flowers appearing early Spring. Popular for the shrub border, or as a specimen plant. The fruit also makes excellent jelly and marmalade. (4-5 feet.)

SNOWBALL (*Viburnum Opulus Sterile*)

The thoughts of home and friends are stimulated by the sight of the large, creamy white blossoms of the Snowball on Decoration Day. Will grow anywhere. (6-8 feet.)



Ile de France, Charming, Dubonnet Buddleia

Numbers in parentheses indicate approximate height at maturity.

Flowering ALMOND

Graceful and dainty mistress of the lawn. Double pink rosettes in May. (4-5 feet)

DEUTZIA

Gracilis. A charming little "must" for every garden. Slender twigs covered with white flowers in May and June. (18 inches.)

Pride of Rochester. Vigorous, upright, tough and productive. Heavy covering of small, white, Carnation-like flowers changing to red in center. (5-6 feet.)

Three New BUDDLEIAS

The late Summer Lilac. Resembles Lilac in shape and appearance. Long, slender spikes throughout late Summer and Fall. (4-5 feet)

Charming. Long sprays of lavender pink.

Dubonnet. Large sprays of wine-red.

Ile de France. Violet purple and very fragrant.

Strong, 2 yr., 2 to 3 ft. blooming size:
65c. each 3 for \$1.80 10 for \$5.50

GOLDEN PRIVET

A striking shrub growing to a height of 6 to 8 feet, but can be trimmed to any desired height or shape. Bright yellow foliage making it a fine specimen or as a color accent in the shrub border. We offer especially bushy plants.

12-15 in. size: 85c. each, 3 for \$2.45

↓ Golden Privet

BEAUTY BUSH

Cascades of pale pink during June. This new introduction resembles Weigela in blooms. Gracefully arching limbs give shrub added virtue. (1-5 feet)

18-24 in 75c. each, 3 for \$2.15

Dazzling Red-Leaf

BARBERRY

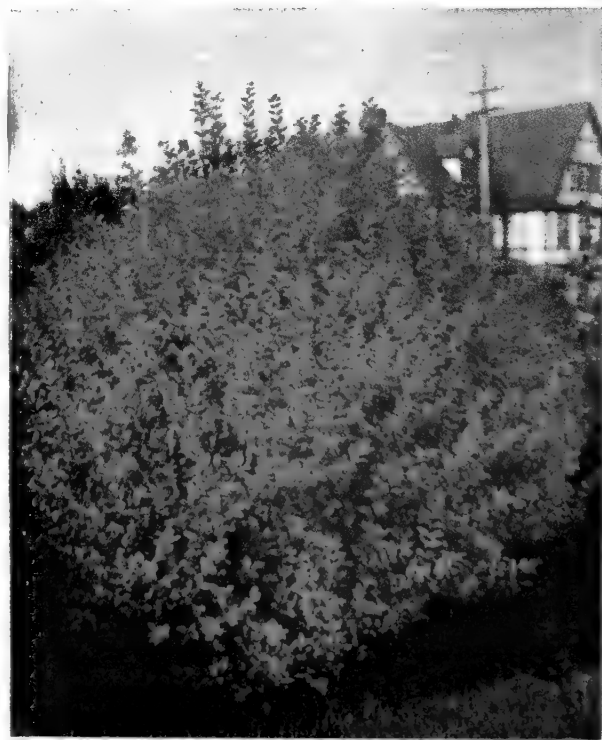
Identical with the green Barberry, except for its startling, bright red leaves. Requires direct sunlight for best color.

(3-4 feet)

2 YEAR, 18-24 IN. SIZE:

65c. each 3 for \$1.80

50



FOR LASTING BEAUTY AROUND YOUR HOME

HYBRID FRENCH LILACS

LARGE, 2-3 FT. SIZE \$1.50 EACH, 3 FOR \$4.25

Our French Lilacs are budded on California Privet which causes them to bloom right away and keeps them dwarfed. Most all varieties are double and very fragrant. (4-5 feet)

We Offer the Following Varieties:

GENERAL PERSHING. This plant produces unusually large double flowers of a rich purplish violet color. A strong grower and producer of flowers over a long blooming season.

GLORIE DE MOULIN. Beautiful lilac pink. Large single flowers. Very striking in the bright sunlight. Plant is very hardy and does well under adverse conditions. A prolific bloomer. A plant you are sure to enjoy.

LUDWIG SPAETH. Flowers single, large, in large, well filled clusters; very deep maroon-red. Very free blooming and of strong, thrifty growth. A very popular variety. Best all-around single dark lilac.

MME. CASIMIR PERIER. Large, double creamy white flowers in large, well-filled clusters. A very satisfactory double white that may be depended upon to bloom freely each year.



Hybrid
French
Lilacs
→

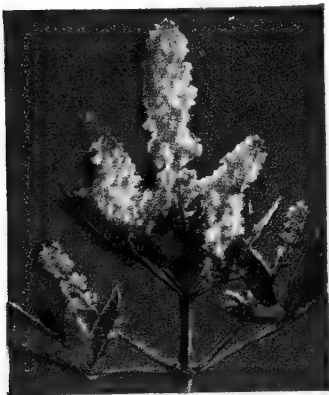
VITEX

(CHASTE TREE)

Macrophylla. 4 feet. A dainty shrub of branching habit, which bears long spikes of lavender-blue flowers which form a beautiful contrast to the silvery green foliage in August and September.

18-24 in. size

85c. each, 3 for \$2.45



Vitex



Forsythia Spectabilis

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bells)

Intermedia spectabilis. 7 ft. One of the first shrubs to bloom in the Spring, the bright yellow flowers appearing before the leaves. The plant grows into a tall, upright shrub which is excellent for the border. Branches may be cut in late Winter, brought indoors, and forced into bloom.

HYDRANGEA

Arborescens Snowball Hydrangea. This easy growing shrub thrives everywhere and never fails to put on a display of showy, pure white, Snowball-like flowers. (3 feet)



Blue Hydrangea

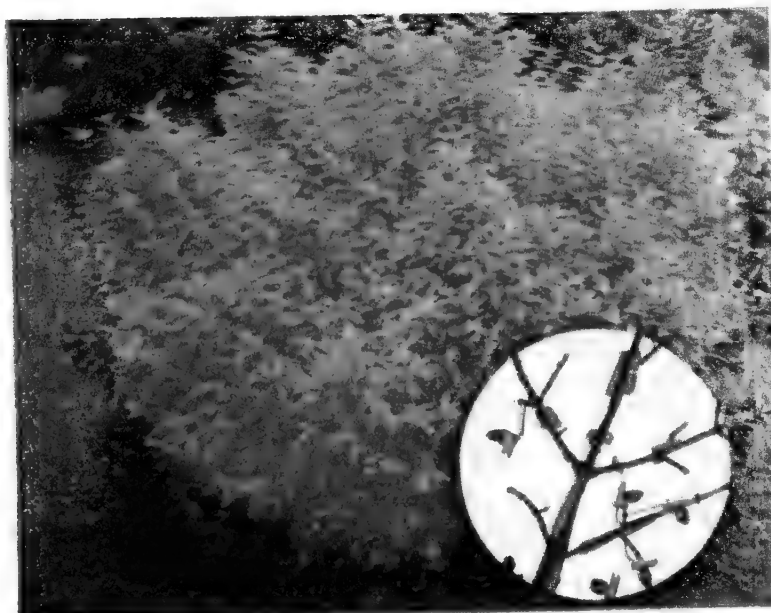
EUONYMUS

ALATUS COMPACTUS

A grand plant for specimen planting, or may be used in foundation planting. Cork winged branches. Small, yellowish flowers. Foliage turns rosy scarlet and crimson in Autumn. Dull, purple fruit with scarlet seed which protrudes.

**18-24 inch,
\$1.25 each.**

←
Euonymus
Alatus
Compactus



BLUE HYDRANGEA

Immense blooms of most charming BLUE throughout the Summer. The most perfect of all Hydrangeas, due to its unusual color and color. Soil should be very acid to bring out the blue color. **A real novelty.**

2 yr. Plants \$1.50 each

Kelly's Flowering

Numbers in parentheses indicate approximate height at maturity.

Prices, except as noted: **STRONG, 2 YEAR, NO. 1 BLOOMING SIZE**
65c. each, 3 for \$1.80, 10 for \$5.50. **Alike or Assorted**



Variegated WEIGELA

An attractive shrub of spreading growth, attaining a height of from 4 to 5 feet. Flowers are pale pink trumpet-shaped, blooming in June. Foliage is a handsome green, edged with creamy white.

18-24 in., 75c.



Weigela

WEIGELA

Eva Rathke. Is famous for its scarlet, trumpet-shaped blooms and for its hardiness.

Blooms heavily in June, and moderately during rest of the season. (3-5 feet)

Rosea. Tall and vigorous, with deep pink blooms all Summer. (5-6 feet)

VIBURNUM

Carlesi (Fragrant Viburnum). A round, compact-growing shrub, with silvery green leaves and beautiful clusters of light pink flowers of delightful fragrance, which appear in May. Truly an aristocrat.

3 year (18-24 inch), \$2.50 each



Hydrangea Peegee

Philadelphus

Coronarius. Tall and exceptionally vigorous. Large, white sprays of blooms in May are most attractive. This is one of our most popular shrubs. (6-8 feet)

HYDRANGEA

Peegee

Tall and stately shrub. Bending over with top heavy, cone-shaped flowers that are first white, then pink, and in late Fall, copper. A giant bouquet in itself. (4 feet)

2 YEAR
2-3 feet size

Each 70c.
3 for \$1.95

TARTARIAN HONEYSUCKLE

Dainty, small, pink, trumpet-shaped blooms in May, followed by a profusion of red berries. Leaves have a bluish gray cast to them. Makes a large shrub, excellent for screening and specimen planting. Grows in the poorest soil. (6-8 feet)

KERRIA

Japonica. Very slender, light green limbs covered with buttercup-like blooms of bright orange in July. (3-4 feet)

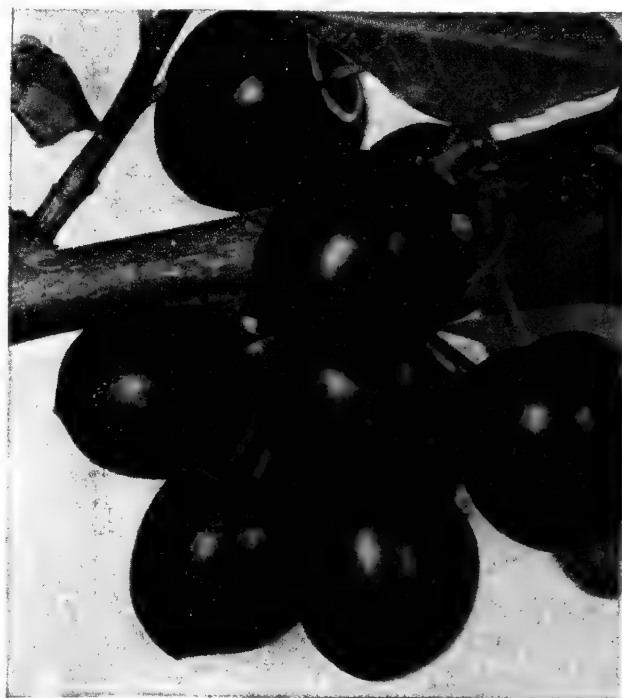
18-24 in., 75c. each; 3 for \$2.15

LILAC

Common American. The living landmarks; hardy and vigorous in any soil or climate. Large clusters on Decoration Day. Offered in both white and purple. (6-8 feet)

INDIAN CURRANT

Delicate, little pink flowers against a reddish green foliage followed by coral-colored berries that remain most of the Winter. Keep birds near with abundance of these berries. (3-4 feet)



Hansen Improved BUSH CHERRY

An ornamental shrub, producing delicious fruit. Very easy to grow, highly productive and hardy. The fruit is large, black and sweet, wonderful to eat right from the bush. Introduced by Dr. Hansen of the South Dakota Experimental Station. Leaves are silvery green, turning red in Autumn. Attractive white blossoms add to landscape effect. Dwarf growing 4-5 feet tall; can be kept trimmed. Best to plant 2 or more bushes for better fruit production.

3 year, Bearing Size, 85c. each, 2 for \$1.50

Shrubs

Prices, except as noted:
STRONG, 2 YEAR NO. 1 BLOOMING
SIZE

65c. each 3 for \$1.80 10 for \$5.50
Alike or Assorted

PHILADELPHUS

Virginalis. The reliable, old, sweet-scented Mockorange known and loved by all. Will tolerate smoke and other hard city conditions. (5-6 feet)

18-24 in 85c. each
3 for \$2.25

SPIRAEA

Anthony Waterer.

With its low, rosy crimson flowers, and narrow leaves is one of the most popular of the Spiraeas. Very low growing and hardy. Blossoms all Summer. (18-24 inches.)

Thunbergi. In late

April its white flowers cover the very soft, tiny leaves and give the effect of a white waterfall. Extremely hardy. (3-4 feet)

Vanhouttei. Probably best known of all the shrubs. Will tolerate shade and adverse city conditions. Grows in any soil. Completely covered with white flowers in June. (4-6 feet.) 2-3 ft. 50c. each, 3 for \$1.35, 10 for \$4.25.



New Gold-flame Honeysuckle

GOLD-FLAME HONEYSUCKLE

From June until freezing, this magnificent vine is covered with showy clusters of large, fragrant flowers, rosy-flame outside and gold inside. The attractive foliage, a rich blue-green, makes a perfect background for the brilliant flowers. Hardy, healthy, easy-to-grow, it thrives North, South, East and West, in full sun or partial shade. It can be used in so many places—trellis, porch, pergola, fence, fine for covering bank or cave or can be trained as a shrub. **Our big, 2-yr. plants will bloom this Summer. 85c. each**

SNOWBERRY

Small pink flowers in June or July. Waxy white berries from August till Spring. Attractive, dense foliage and berries attract birds. Grows under most adverse conditions. (4 feet.)



Philadelphus Virginalis



Dr. Van Fleet

Climbing ROSES

SELECTED, FIELD-GROWN, 2-YEAR
BUSHES WILL BLOOM THIS YEAR

American Beauty. Crimson. Large, fragrant blooms of fine form, borne in clusters. Blooms early in the season.

American Pillar. Clusters of large, sparkling pink flowers with white centers. Waxy foliage.

Dr. Van Fleet. Very large flowers of a beautiful, soft pink.

Gardenia. Pale, creamy-yellow blooms, deeper yellow in center. Fine foliage.

Paul's Scarlet. Intensely red flowers, borne in loose clusters. Often blooms in Autumn. Highly recommended.

Silver Moon. Long, creamy buds of Nankeen yellow. Turn to gigantic, saucer-shaped moon white flowers.

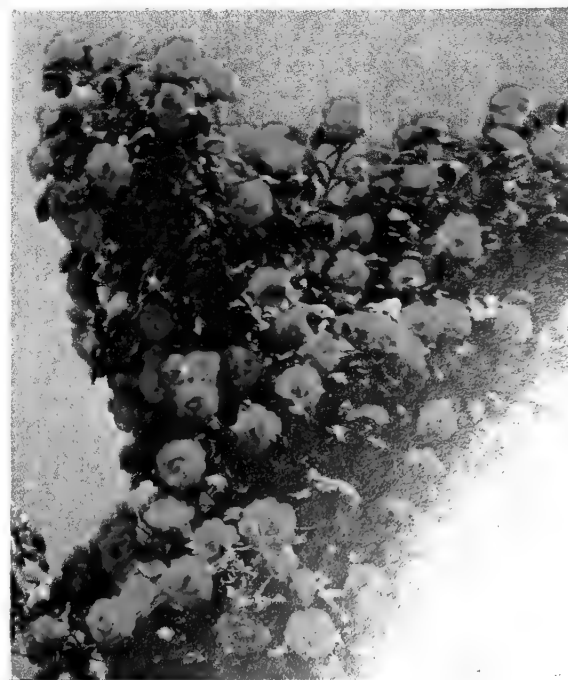
White Dorothy Perkins. Small, very double flowers of pure, creamy white, borne in great clusters.



Gardenia

\$1.00 Each

3 for \$2.85
6 for \$5.40



Paul's Scarlet Climber

Shade and

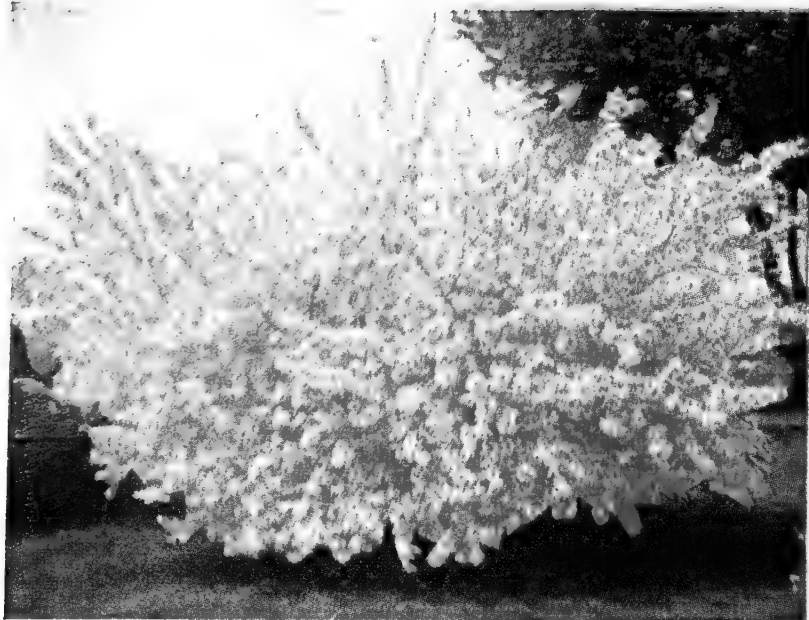
Numbers in parentheses indicate approximate height at maturity.

ROSE TREE of CHINA

(PRUNUS TRILOBA)

This variety is perhaps the most popular of the early flowering shrubs. It is a handsome, old-fashioned, shrub-like tree and should be included in every garden. The bright pink flowers stud every twig and branchlet in the Spring before the leaves come out. It will ultimately reach a height of 10 feet, becoming a rare specimen. Blooms in May.

3 to 4 ft. trees
\$1.50 each



Red Flowering Crab

Red Flowering CRAB

(MALUS FLORIBUNDA)

This small tree is round topped with single carmine buds that change to pink and then white. Very heavy blossomer with small fruit of blood red. Will stand severe Winters and drought. (15-20 feet)

2 year, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.75 each

Special MAGNOLIA TREE OFFER

(SAUCER MAGNOLIA)

One of the most hardy of the Magnolias, mammoth rose-colored blossoms resemble a cup and saucer of flower petals. Blooms in early Spring before the leaves appear. Blooms when very small but will get to be about 10 feet tall. Makes an excellent specimen for lawn.

(10-15 feet)

1 1/2 to 2 ft. size, \$3.95 each



Schwedler Maple

SCHWEDLER MAPLE

Very attractive, with well rounded head. Reddish purple foliage in early Spring, changing to deep bronze in Fall. (60-70 feet)

6 to 8 ft., \$4.00 each

Chinese Elm

FOR QUICK SHADE -
(30-40 FEET)

A very rapid grower with small, dense foliage. Resembles Norway Maple in shape. Excellent for tall hedge and windbreak. Because of its beauty and extremely rapid growth, the Chinese Elm has become the leading shade tree of America. It is planted in every state, standing intense cold and extreme heat extremely well. Under ordinary conditions, it makes excellent shade in 5 short years, as its average growth is 5 feet a year. It is by far the fastest growing hardwood shade tree.

6 to 8 ft. branched trees, \$2.25 each; 8 to 10 ft. \$3.00 each

TREE WISTERIA

No more lovely sight can be imagined than a Tree Wisteria in bloom. The purplish blue flowers completely cover the tree during May, transforming it into a sheer beauty. In formal gardens, Tree Wisterias are indispensable. On the lawn they develop into beautiful specimens and live for generations, increasing in beauty and dignity each successive season.

Grafted, sure to bloom, balled in peat. 3-4 ft., \$3.50 each

See pages 38 and 39 for additional Shade Trees



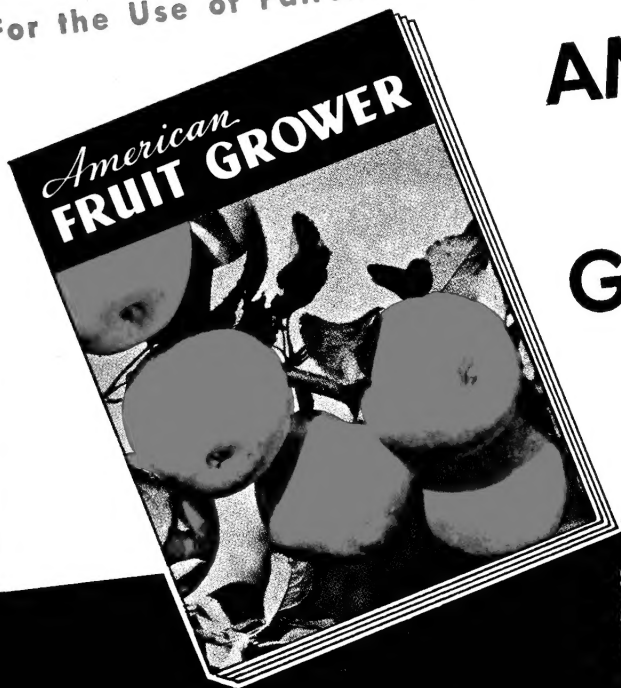
Tree Wisteria

Saucer Magnolia

SPECIAL

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AMERICAN FRUIT GROWER

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3 Years For \$1.00

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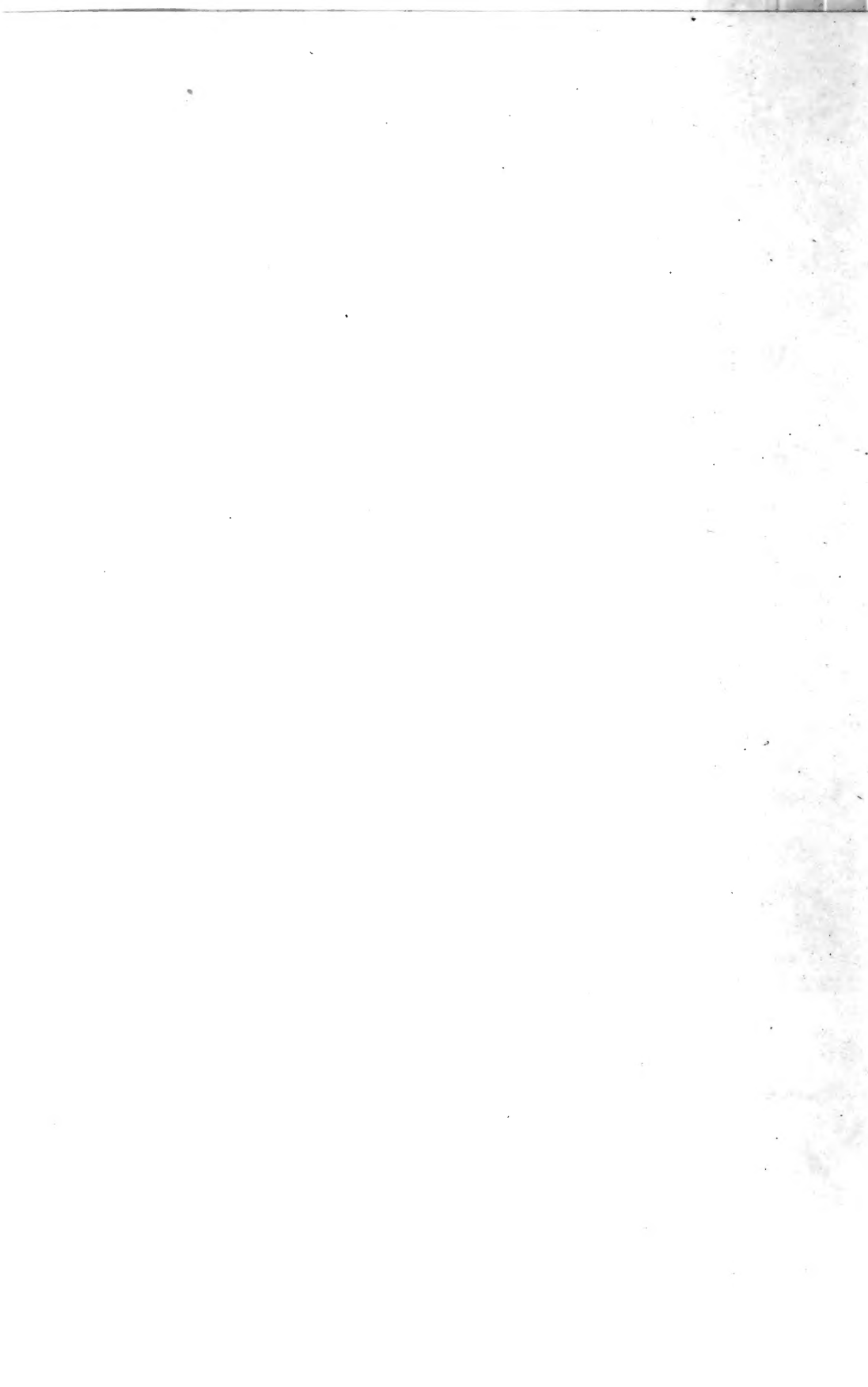
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R. F. D. _____ Box _____ Street _____

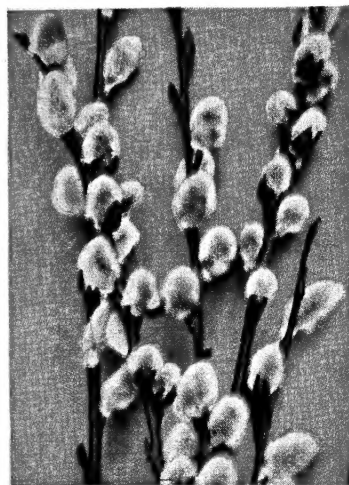
Town _____ State _____

3 Years For \$1.00



Ornamental Trees

Numbers in parentheses indicate approximate height at maturity.



French Pussywillow

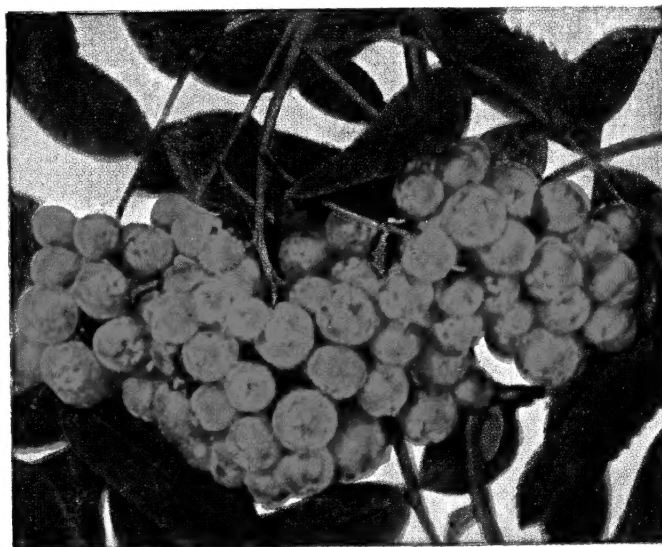
No bouquet would be complete in early Spring without a few sprays of this Pussy Willow. Catkins are at least twice as large as those of the common American Willow. (10-12 feet)

3 to 4 ft. . . . 95c. each

DWARF REDLEAF MAPLE

A real Maple that grows no taller than 8 to 10 feet. Leaves are a startling crimson all Summer. Makes an excellent specimen for side yard or in formal garden. Gives a most satisfying effect when planted in front of or in an evergreen planting. Has best color when in full sun, but will tolerate moderate shade. (8-10 feet)

1½ to 2 feet, moss balled \$3.25 each



Berries of Mountain Ash

MOUNTAIN ASH (*European*)

Who has failed to admire the heavy, drooping clusters of bright, red berries against a background of soft green foliage. A most popular tree in America as it is in Europe. Used as bird bait in France. Most common in cemeteries of Wales. Witch dispeller in most of Europe and is the Rowan-tree of which the British sing. Grows in any soil. (18-25 feet)

6 to 8 ft. size, \$3.00 each

FLOWERING PLUM

(**PRUNUS NEWPORT**)

Small growing tree or large shrub retains its purple foliage during the entire season and has small, red fruits in late Summer. Gives excellent foliage contrast in a shrub border. (8-10 ft.)

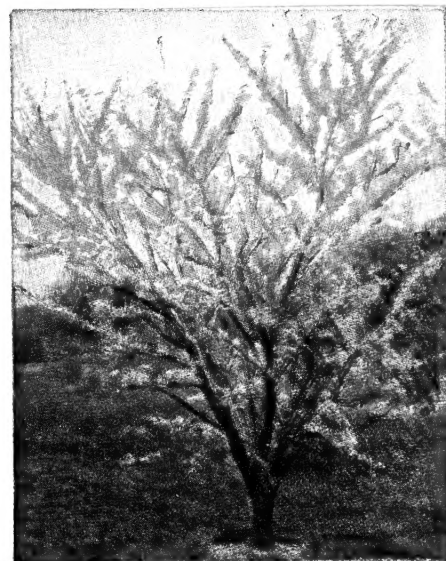
3 to 4 ft. size \$1.50 each

DOGWOODS

CORNUS florida (Whiteflowering Dogwood). The rare beauty of Dogwood in Spring when it is white with bloom, or in Summer with its dark green foliage changing in the Fall to gorgeous reds, is hard to

equal: it is one of the loveliest of trees. The spreading branches grow horizontally and slightly upward from the trunk, conspicuous flowers, appearing early in the Spring, are 3 to 3½ inches in diameter. A Dogwood makes a beautiful lawn or shrub border specimen and is valuable for naturalizing where its native woods habitat can be copied. **2 to 3 ft. trees, \$2.25**

CORNUS florida rubra (Redflowering Dogwood). This variety stands out among other ornamental trees as being one of the most desirable. Showy, rose-colored bracts (petals) and the deep red foliage in the Fall conspicuously distinguish it from the white Dogwoods, having the same ultimate height and good habits of growth. A combination of redflowering with the white makes a beautiful grouping. **1½ to 2 ft. trees \$3.25**



Red Bud

Judas Tree or Redbud

This old variety of distinctly American origin greeted the first settlers from the edge of the forests. Fable tells us that when Judas betrayed Christ this tree immediately dripped all over with drops of blood. And that is the way it looks today when its blooms first come out. Later they turn into beautiful rosy-purple flowers. Blossoms in April, before the leaves appear. (15-20 feet)

3 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each

BECHTEL'S CRAB

This choice variety of Crab has endeared itself to many growers because of its spectacular flood of large, double, rose-like flowers in Spring which completely hide the branches. Blooms every year. In general it resembles an Apple tree but is much smaller and finer branched. It grows in many locations and benefits from the same care given Apple trees.

2 to 3 ft. trees, \$1.25 each, 3 for \$3.00
3 to 4 ft. trees, \$1.50 each, 3 for \$4.00



Bechtel's Crab



KELLY'S *Cover Collection of*
SIX OUTSTANDING ROSES

PINK DAWN (Pink)
AMI QUINARD (Red)

ALL SIX
FOR \$5.50

SOEUR THERESE (Yellow)
CHRISTOPHER STONE (Scarlet)

CONDESA DE SASTAGO (Red and gold)
FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (White)

Kelly's Superb Rose Garden 15 for \$13.50

SEE PAGE 49

KELLY BROS. NURSERIES INC. **DANVILLE**
NEW YORK